## Tiny Package, High Performance, Regulated Charge Pump

#### **General Description**

The RT9361A/B is a high performance charge pump DC/DC converter that produces a regulated 4.5V and 5V output. No external inductor is required for operation. The operating voltage range is 2.8V to V<sub>OUT</sub>. Internal soft-start circuitry effectively reduces the in-rush current both while start-up and mode change.

The RT9361A/B features very low quiescent current, over current protection and short circuit protection.

The RT9361A/B is available in WDFN-6L 2x2, SOT-23-6 and TSOT-23-6 package.

## **Ordering Information**

#### Features

- Input Voltage Range : 2.8V to VOUT
- Internal Soft Start Function
- 5V/4.5V Fixed Output Voltage
- Over Current Protection Function
- Short Circuit Protection Function
- RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead (Pb)-Free

#### **Applications**

- Mobile phone, Smart Phone LED Backlight
- Camera Flash White LED
- LCD Display Supply

### **Pin Configuration**



Note :

Richtek products are :

- RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.



SOT-23-6/TSOT-23-6

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CP	1]	$\sim$	6	VOUT
VIN	2		5	GND
CN	3		4	EN

WDFN-6L 2x2





## **Typical Application Circuit**



Part No.	Application Configuration	C <sub>IN</sub> (μF)	C <sub>PUMP</sub> (μF)	C <sub>OUT</sub> (μF)
DTO261A	I <sub>OUT</sub> < 60mA @ V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V,	1 or 2.2	0.22	1 or 2.2
RT9361A	I <sub>OUT</sub> < 110mA @ V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V,	10	1	10
DT0264D	I <sub>OUT</sub> < 80mA @ V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V,	1 or 2.2	0.22	1 or 2.2
RT9361B	I <sub>OUT</sub> < 150mA @ V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V,	10	1	10

## **Functional Pin Description**

Pin Number T/SOT-23-6 WDFN-6L 2x2		Pin Name	Pin Function	
		Pin Name		
1	6	VOUT	Output voltage	
2	5, Exposed Pad (7)	GND	Ground. The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for maximum power dissipation.	
3	4	EN	Chip enable (active high)	
4	3	CN	Flying capacitor negative terminal	
5	2	VIN	Power input voltage	
6	1	CP	Flying capacitor positive terminal	

## **Functional Block Diagram**



## RT9361A/B



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

<ul> <li>Supply Input Voltage</li> <li>Other I/O Pin Voltages</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Power Dissipation, P<sub>D</sub> @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C</li> </ul>	
T/SOT-23-6	- 0.4W
WDFN-6L 2x2	- 0.606W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
T/SOT-23-6, θ <sub>JA</sub>	- 250°C/W
WDFN-6L 2x2, $\theta_{JA}$	- 165°C/W
Junction Temperature	- 150°C
• Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	- 260°C
Storage Temperature Range	- –65°C to 150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
HBM (Human Body Mode)	- 2kV
MM (Machine Mode)	- 200V

## Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

Ambient Temperature Range	- −40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature Range	- –40°C to 125°C

### **Electrical Characteristics**

(V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.7V,  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operation Voltage Range	VIN	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V	2.8		Vout	V
	Vouт	RT9361A, $V_{IN}$ = 3.17V to 3.43V, I <sub>OUT</sub> $\leq$ 55mA	4.83 5		5.2	V
Output Voltage		RT9361A, V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> < 110mA 4.8 5		5	5.2	V
		RT9361B, V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> < 150mA	4.32	4.5	4.68	V
Quiescent Current	lq	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0		2	4	mA
Maximum Output Current	Ιουτ	RT9361A, V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V, C <sub>PUMP</sub> = 1µF (Note 5)	110			
		RT9361B, V <sub>IN</sub> > 3.2V, C <sub>PUMP</sub> = 1µF (Note 5)	150			mA
OCP	IOCP		250	350	500	mA
Short Circuit Current		During start-up period		75	110	mA
Output Ripple		Ιουτ = 60mA, Cουτ = 2.2μF		30		mV
Shut Down Current	ISHDN	V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.5V, V <sub>EN</sub> < 0.4V		0.1	1	μA
Operation Frequency	Fosc		0.8	1	1.3	MHz
Digital Input High Level	Vih		1.5			V
Digital Input Low Level	VIL				0.4	V

- **Note 1.** Stresses beyond those listed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.
- Note 2.  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  on a low effective thermal conductivity single-layer test board per JEDEC 51-3.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.
- Note 5. Maximum Output Current ability is defined in  $V_{OUT}$  (4.5/5V) ready.



## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

(For RT9361A,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu$ F,  $C_{PUMP} = 0.22\mu$ F,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified)



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## **RT9361A/B**

 $V_{IN}$ 

Vout

PWM





Time (400ns/Div)



Time (400ns/Div)







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## RT9361A/B

### **Application Information**

#### **Capacitor Selection**

Careful selection of the three external capacitors  $C_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT}$ and  $C_{PUMP}$  is very important because they will affect rampup time, output ripple and transient performance. Optimum performance will be obtained when low ESR (<100m $\Omega$ ) ceramic capacitors are used for  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{OUT}$  and  $C_{PUMP}$ . In general, low ESR may be defined as less than 100m $\Omega$ . In all cases, X7R or X5R dielectric are recommended. For particular application, low ESR Tantalum capacitors may be substituted; however optimum output ripple performance may not be realized. Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are not recommended for using with the RT9361A/B due the their inherent high ESR characteristic.

In general, lower values for C<sub>IN</sub>, C<sub>OUT</sub> and C<sub>PUMP</sub> may be utilized for light load current applications (<60mA). Drawing a load current of 60mA or less may use a C<sub>IN</sub> and C<sub>OUT</sub> capacitor value as low as 2.2µF and a C<sub>PUMP</sub> value of 0.22µF. C<sub>IN</sub> and C<sub>OUT</sub> may range from 1µF for light loads to 10µF for heavy output load conditions (<110mA). C<sub>PUMP</sub> may range from 0.22µF for light loads to 1µF for heavy output load conditions. If C<sub>PUMP</sub> is increased, C<sub>OUT</sub> should also be increased by the same ratio to minimize output ripple. As a basic rule, the ratio between C<sub>IN</sub>, C<sub>OUT</sub> and C<sub>PUMP</sub> should be approximately 10 to 1. Lowering the C<sub>IN</sub>, C<sub>OUT</sub> and C<sub>PUMP</sub> value can decrease the ramp-up time of V<sub>OUT</sub>, but it will increase the output ripple oppositely.



Figure 1. Application Circuits for Backlight Dimming



Figure 2. Application Circuits for Flash LEDs



Figure 3. Application Circuits for Constant Load



Figure 4. Application Circuits for Doubling the Output Current

#### Efficiency

The efficiency of the charge pump regulator varies with the output voltage version, the applied input voltage, the load current, and the internal operation mode of the device.

The approximate efficiency is given by :

Efficiency (%) = 
$$\frac{P_{OUT}}{P_{IN}} \times 100 = \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}}{V_{IN} \times 2I_{OUT}} \times 100$$
  
=  $\frac{V_{OUT}}{2V_{IN}} \times 100 - - - (\times 2 \text{ Charge Pump Operating Mode})$ 

For a charge pump with an output of 5 volts and a nominal input of 3 volts, the theoretical efficiency is 83.33%. Due to internal switching losses and IC quiescent current consumption, the actual efficiency can be measured as 82.72%.

#### **Thermal Considerations**

The junction temperature should never exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>, listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings, to avoid permanent damage to the device. The maximum allowable power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, the PCB layout, the rate of surrounding airflow, and the difference between the junction and ambient temperatures. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated using the following formula :

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{MAX})} = (\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}(\mathsf{MAX})} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}) / \theta_{\mathsf{J}\mathsf{A}}$ 

where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature, and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

For continuous operation, the maximum operating junction temperature indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is 125°C. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , is highly package dependent. For a T/ SOT-23-6 package, the thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , is 250°C/ W on a standard JEDEC 51-3 low effective-thermalconductivity single-layer test board. For a WDFN-6L 2x2 package, the thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , is 165°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-3 low effective-thermal-conductivity single-layer test board. The maximum power dissipation at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  can be calculated as below :

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (250^{\circ}C/W) = 0.4W$  for a T/SOT-23-6 package.

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (165^{\circ}C/W) = 0.606W$  for a WDFN-6L 2x2 package.

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for the fixed  $T_{J(MAX)}$  and the thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ . The derating curves in Figure 5 allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.



Figure 5. Derating Curve of Maximum Power Dissipation

#### **PCB Board Layout**

The RT9361A/B is a high-frequency switched-capacitor converter, and therefore large transient currents will flow in V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub>. For best performance and to minimize ripple, place all of the components as close to IC as possible. Besides a solid ground plane is recommended on the bottom layer of the PCB. The ground of C<sub>IN</sub> and C<sub>OUT</sub> should be connected together and as close to the IC as possible. Figure 6 and Figure 7 shows the typical PCB layout of RT9361A/B EVB board.





Figure 7



## **Outline Dimension**



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		<b>Dimensions In Inches</b>	
	Min	Мах	Min	Max
А	0.889	1.295	0.031	0.051
A1	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.006
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071
b	0.250	0.560	0.010	0.022
С	2.591	2.997	0.102	0.118
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122
е	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041
Н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024

SOT-23-6 Surface Mount Package



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		<b>Dimensions In Inches</b>	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
А	0.700	1.000	0.028	0.039
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071
b	0.300	0.559	0.012	0.022
С	2.591	3.000	0.102	0.118
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122
е	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041
Н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024

**TSOT-23-6 Surface Mount Package** 





DETAIL A Pin #1 ID and Tie Bar Mark Options

Note : The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Symbol	<b>Dimensions In Millimeters</b>		<b>Dimensions In Inches</b>		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
A3	0.175	0.250	0.007	0.010	
b	0.200	0.350	0.008	0.014	
D	1.950	2.050	0.077	0.081	
D2	1.000	1.450	0.039	0.057	
E	1.950	2.050	0.077	0.081	
E2	0.500	0.850	0.020	0.033	
е	0.650		0.0	26	
L	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016	

W-Type 6L DFN 2x2 Package

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