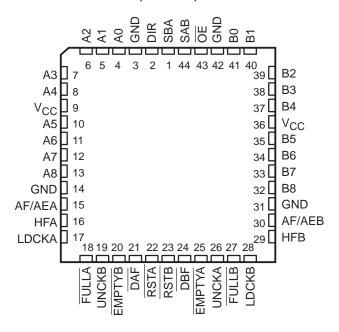
ASYNCHRONOUS BIDIRECTIONAL FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT MEMORY

SCAS149A - APRIL 1990 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

- Independent Asynchronous Inputs and Outputs
- Low-Power Advanced CMOS Technology
- Bidirectional
- 1024 Words by 9 Bits Each
- Programmable Almost-Full/Almost-Empty Flag
- Empty, Full, and Half-Full Flags

- Access Times of 25 ns With a 50-pF Load
- Data Rates From 0 to 50 MHz
- Fall-Through Times of 23 ns Max
- High Output Drive for Direct Bus Interface
- 3-State Outputs
- Available in 44-Pin PLCC (FN) Package

FN PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



description

A FIFO memory is a storage device that allows data to be written into and read from its array at independent data rates. The SN74ACT2236 is arranged as two 1024 by 9-bit FIFOs for high speed and fast access times. It processes data at rates from 0 to 50 MHz with access times of 25 ns in a bit-parallel format.

The SN74ACT2236 consists of bus-transceiver circuits, two 1024×9 FIFOs, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the data bus or from the internal FIFO memories. Enable \overline{OE} and DIR inputs are provided to control the transceiver functions. The select-control (SAB and SBA) inputs are provided to select whether real-time or stored data is transferred. The circuitry used for select control eliminates the typical decoding glitch that occurs in a multiplexer during the transition between stored and real-time data. Figure 1 shows the five fundamental bus-management functions that can be performed with the SN74ACT2236.

The SN74ACT2236 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

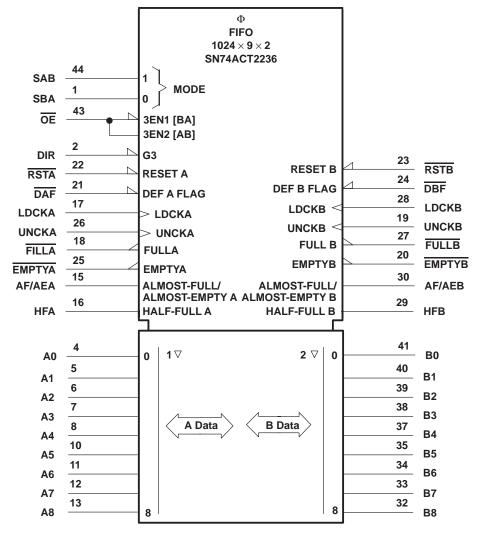
For more information on this device family, see the application report $1K \times 9 \times 2$ Asynchronous FIFOs SN74ACT2235 and SN74ACT2236 in the 1996 High-Performance FIFO Memories Designer's Handbook, literature number SCAA012A.



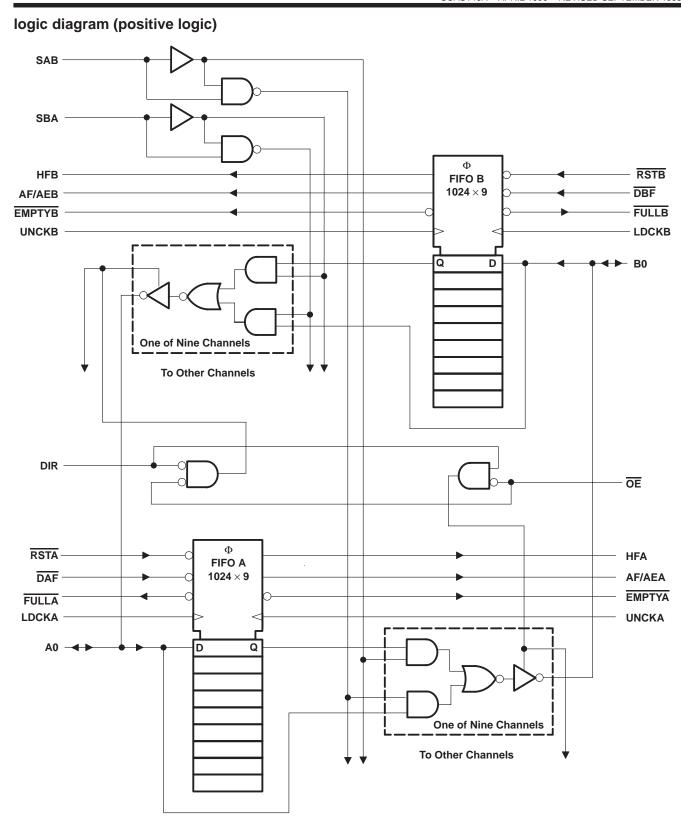
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logic symbol†



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.





Terminal Functions

TERMINAL							
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION				
AF/AEA, AF/AEB	15, 30	0	Almost full/almost empty flags. The almost-full/almost-empty A flag (AF/AEA) is defined by the almost-full/almost-empty offset value for FIFO A (X). AF/AEA is high when FIFO A contains X or less words or 1024 – X words. AF/AEA is low when FIFO A contains between X + 1 or 1023 – X words. The operation of the almost-full/almost-empty B flag (AF/AEB) is the same as AF/AEA for FIFO B.				
A0-A8	4-8, 10-13	I/O	A data inputs and outputs				
B0-B8	32-35, 37-41	I/O	B data inputs and outputs				
DAF, DBF	21, 24	I	Define-flag inputs. The high-to-low transition of \overline{DAF} stores the binary value on $A0-A8$ as the almost-full/almost-empty offset value for FIFO A (X). The high-to-low transition of \overline{DBF} stores the binary value of B0-B8 as the almost-full/almost-empty offset value for FIFO B (Y).				
EMPTYA, EMPTYB	20, 25	0	Empty flags. EMPTYA and EMPTYB are low when their corresponding memories are empty and high when they are not empty.				
FULLA, FULLB	18, 27	0	Full flags. FULLA and FULLB are low when their corresponding memories are full and high when they are not full.				
HFA, HFB	16, 29	0	Half-full flags. HFA and HFB are high when their corresponding memories contain 512 or more words, and low when they contain 511 or less words.				
LDCKA, LDCKB	17, 28	I	Load clocks. Data on A0–A8 is written into FIFO A on a low-to-high transition of LDCKA. Data on B0–B8 is written into FIFO B on a low-to-high transition of LDCKB. When the FIFOs are full, LDCKA and LDCKB have no effect on the data residing in memory.				
DIR, ŌE	2, 43	ı	Enable inputs. DIR and $\overline{\text{OE}}$ control the transceiver functions. When OE is high, both A0 – A8 and B0 – B8 are in the high-impedance state and can be used as inputs. With $\overline{\text{OE}}$ low and DIR high, the A bus is in the high-impedance state and B bus is active. When both $\overline{\text{OE}}$ and DIR are low, the A bus is active and the B bus is in the high-impedance state.				
RSTA, RSTB	22, 23	ı	Reset. A reset is accomplished in each direction by taking RSTA and RSTB low. This sets EMPTYA, EMPTYB, FULLA, FULLB, and AF/AEB high. Both FIFOs must be reset upon power up.				
SAB, SBA	1, 44	I	Select-control inputs. SAB and SBA select whether real-time or stored data is transferred. A low level selects real-time data, and a high level selects stored data. Eight fundamental bus-management functions can be performed as shown in Figure 1.				
UNCKA, UNCKB	19, 26	ı	Unload clocks. Data in FIFO A is read to B0 – B8 on a low-to-high transition of UNCKB. Data in FIFO B is read to A0 – A8 on a low-to-high transition of UNCKB. When the FIFOs are empty, UNCKA and UNCKB have no effect on data residing in memory.				

programming procedure for AF/AEA

The almost-full/almost-empty flags (AF/AEA, AF/AEB) are programmed during each reset cycle. The almost-full/almost-empty offset value FIFO A (X) and for FIFO B (Y) are either a user-defined value or the default values of X = 256 and Y = 256. Below are instructions to program AF/AEA using both methods. AF/AEB is programmed in the same manner for FIFO B.

user-defined X

Take DAF from high to low. This stores A0 thru A8 as X.

If RSTA is not already low, take RSTA high.

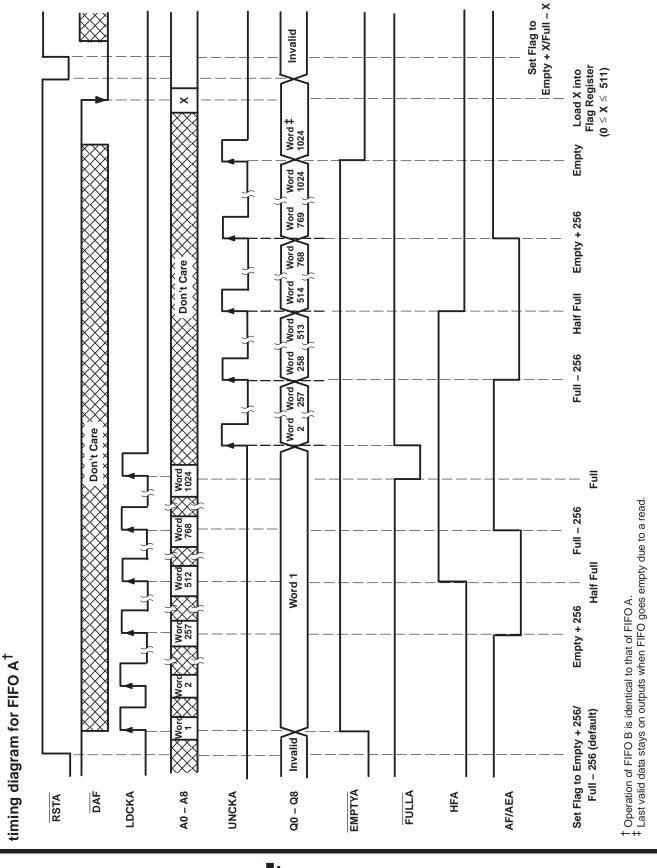
With DAF held low, take RSTA high. This defines the AF/AEA flag using X.

To retain the current offset for the next reset, keep DAF low.

default X

To redefine the AF/AE flag using the default value of X = 256, hold \overline{DAF} high during the reset cycle.







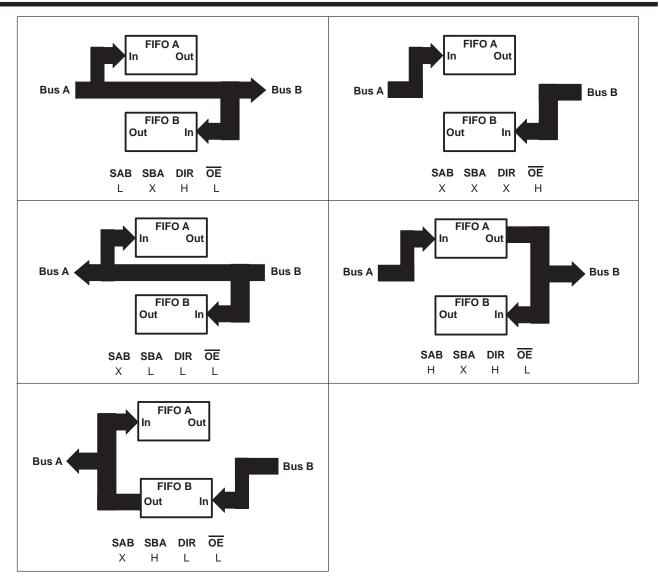


Figure 1. Bus-Management Functions



SELECT-MODE CONTROL TABLE

CON	ΓROL	OPERATION					
SAB	SBA	A BUS	B BUS				
L	L	Real-time B to A bus	Real-time A to B bus				
L	Н	FIFO B to A bus	Real-time A to B bus				
Н	L	Real-time B to A bus	FIFO A to B bus				
Н	Н	FIFO B to A bus	FIFO A to B bus				

OUTPUT-ENABLE CONTROL TABLE

CONT	ΓROL	OPERATION				
DIR	OE	A BUS	B BUS			
Х	Н	Input	Input			
L	L	Output	Input			
Н	L	Input	Output			

Figure 1. Bus-Management Functions (Continued)

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC}	
Input voltage: Control inputs	7 V
I/O ports	5.5 V
Voltage applied to a disabled 3-state output	5.5 V
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	65°C to 150°C
Maximum junction temperature, T _J	150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

recommended operating conditions

			'ACT22	236-20	'ACT22	236-30	'ACT22	236-40	'ACT22	236-60	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage		4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		2		2		2		2		V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage			0.8		0.8		0.8		0.8	V
	High-level output cur-	A or B ports		-8		-8		-8		-8	A
ЮН	rent	Status flags		-8		-8		-8		-8	mA
	Lave lavel and and anomala	A or B ports		16		16		16		16	A
lOL	Low-level output current	Status flags		8		8		8		8	mA
,	Olarik formuna	LDCKA or LDCKB		50		33		25		16.7	N/II I-
fclock	Clock frequency	UNCKA or UNCKB		50		33		25		16.7	MHz
		RSTA or RSTB low	20		20		25		25		
		LDCKA or LDCKB low	8		10		14		20		
١.	Dulas dimettes	LDCKA or LDCKB high	8		10		14		20		
t _w	Pulse duration	UNCKA or UNCKB low	8		10		14		20		ns
		UNCKA or UNCKB high	8		10		14		20		
		DAF or DBF high	10		10		10		10		
		Data before LDCKA or LDCKB↑	4		4		5		5		
		Define <u>AF/AE</u> : <u>D0</u> – D8 before DAF or DBF↓	5		5		5		5		
t _{su}	Setup time	Define AF/AE: DAF or DBF↓ before RSTA or RSTB↑	7		7		7		7		ns
		Define AF/AE (default): DAF or DBF high before RSTA or RSTB↑	5		5		5		5		
		RSTA or RSTB inactive (high) before LDCKA or LDCKB↑	5		5		5		5		
		Data after LDCKA or LDCKB↑	1		1		2		2		
		Define AF/AE: D0 – D8 after DAF or DBF↓	0		0		0		0		ns
t _h	Hold time	Define AF/AE: DAF or DBF low after RSTA or RSTB↑	0		0		0		0		
		Define AF/AE (default): DAF or DBF high after RSTA or RSTB↑	0		0		0		0		
TA	Operating free-air temper	ature	0	70	0	70	0	70	0	70	°C



electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PA	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS				TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT
Vон		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$		2.4			V
	Flags	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$				0.5	.,
VOL	I/O ports	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$				0.5	V
II		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0				±5	μΑ
IOZ		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or 0				±5	μΑ
lcc [‡]		$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V o}$	r O			10	400	μΑ
Δlcc§	DIR, OE	V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	One input at 3.4 V,	Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND			2	mA
ΣICC3	Other inputs	VCC = 5.5 V,	One input at 3.4 v,	Other inputs at VCC or GND			1	ША
Ci		$V_{ } = 0,$	f = 1 MHz			4		pF
Co		V _O = 0,	f = 1 MHz			8		pF

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 4 and 5)

	FROM	то	′Α(CT2236-2	20	'ACT2236-30		'ACT2236-40		'ACT2236-60		
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
,	LDCK		50			33		25		16.7		
f _{max}	UNCK		50			33		25		16.7		MHz
^t pd	LDCK↑, LDCKB↑	B or A	8		23	8	23	8	25	8	27	ns
^t pd	UNCKA↑, UNCKB↑	B or A	10	17	25	10	25	10	35	10	45	ns
^t PLH	LDCK↑, LDCKB↑	EMPTYA, EMPTYB	4		15	4	15	4	17	4	19	ns
^t PHL	UNCKA↑, UNCKB↑	EMPTYA, EMPTYB	2		17	2	17	2	19	2	21	ns
^t PHL	RSTA↓, RSTB↓	EMPTYA, EMPTYB	2		18	2	18	2	20	2	22	ns
^t PHL	LDCK↑, LDCKB↑	FULLA, FULLB	4		15	4	15	4	17	4	19	ns
^t PLH	UNCKA↑, UNCKB↑	FULLA, FULLB	4		15	4	15	4	17	4	19	ns
^t PLH	RSTA↓, RSTB↓	FULLA, FULLB	2		15	2	15	2	17	2	19	ns
^t PLH	RSTA↓, RSTB↓	AF/AEA, AF/AEB	2		15	2	15	2	17	2	19	ns
^t PLH	LDCK↑, LDCKB↑	HFA, HFB	2		15	2	15	2	17	2	19	ns
^t PHL	UNCKA↑, UNCKB↑	HFA, HFB	4		19	4	19	4	21	4	23	ns
^t PHL	RSTA↓, RSTB↓	HFA, HFB	1		15	1	15	1	17	1	19	ns
t _{pd}	SAB or SBA¶	B or A	1		11	1	11	1	13	1	15	ns
t _{pd}	A or B	B or A	1		11	1	11	1	13	1	15	ns
t _{pd}	LDCK↑, LDCKB↑	AF/AEA, AF/AEB	2		19	2	19	2	21	2	23	ns
t _{pd}	UNCKA↑, UNCKB↑	AF/AEA, AF/AEB	2		19	2	19	2	23	2	23	ns
t _{en}	DIR, OE	A or B	2		12	2	12	2	14	2	16	ns
t _{dis}	DIR, OE	A or B	1		10	1	10	1	12	1	14	ns

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

These parameters are measured with the internal output state of the storage register opposite to that of the bus input.



[‡]ICC tested with outputs open.

[§] This is the supply current when each input is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0 V or V_{CC}.

operating characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT	
<u> </u>	Dower dissination constitutes not 11/ hits	Outputs enabled	C. FORT & FMILE	71	pF
Cpd	Power dissipation capacitance per 1K bits	Outputs disabled	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF, } f = 5 \text{ MHz}$	57	pr

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME LOAD CAPACITANCE typ + 8 V_{CC} = 5 V T_A = 25°C $R_L = 500 \Omega$ typ + 6tpd- Propagation Delay Time - ns typ + 4 typ + 2 typ typ - 2 0 50 100 150 200 250 300 C_L - Load Capacitance - pF

SUPPLY VOLTAGE typ + 2 V_CC = 5 V f_i = 5 MHz 님 T_A = 25°C C_{pd} - Power Dissipation Capacitance typ + 1 typ typ - 1 typ - 2 typ 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 V_{CC} - Supply Voltage - V

POWER DISSIPATION CAPACITANCE

Figure 3 Figure 2

calculating power dissipation

The maximum power dissipation (P_T) can be calculated by:

$$P_T = V_{CC} \times [I_{CC} + (N \times \Delta I_{CC} \times dc)] + \Sigma (C_{pd} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i) + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$

where:

= power-down I_{CC} maximum Icc

= number of inputs driven by a TTL device

 ΔI_{CC} = increase in supply current

= duty cycle of inputs at a TTL high level of 3.4 V

 C_{pd} = power dissipation capacitance

C_L = output capacitive load = data input frequency = data output frequency f_0

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

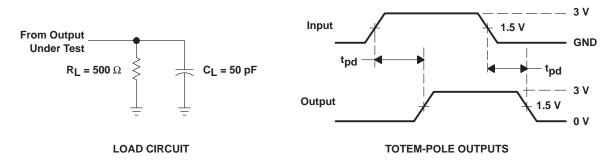
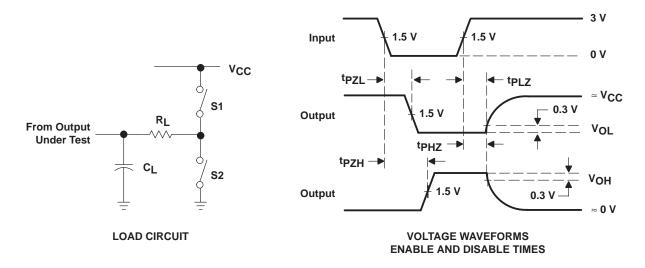


Figure 4. Standard CMOS Outputs (All Flags)



PARAN	IETER	RL	C _L †	S1	S2
	tPZH 500 (50 × 5	Open	Closed
^t en	tPZL	500 Ω	50 pF	Closed	Open
	tPHZ	500.0	50 · 5	Open	Closed
^t dis	t _{PLZ}	500 Ω	50 pF	Closed	Open
t _{pd} or t _t		_	50 pF	Open	Open

† Includes probe and test-fixture capacitance

Figure 5. 3-State Outputs (A0-A8, B0-B8)





30-Mar-2005

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
SN74ACT2236-20FN	OBSOLETE	PLCC	FN	44	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ACT2236-30FN	OBSOLETE	PLCC	FN	44	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ACT2236-40FN	OBSOLETE	PLCC	FN	44	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ACT2236-60FN	OBSOLETE	PLCC	FN	44	TBD	Call TI	Call TI

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in

a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

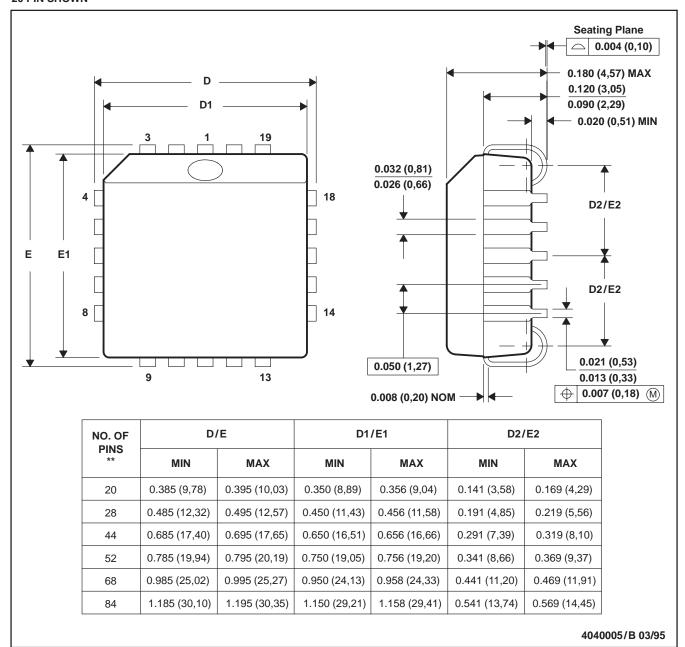
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FN (S-PQCC-J**)

20 PIN SHOWN

PLASTIC J-LEADED CHIP CARRIER



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Falls within JEDEC MS-018

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