MC74LCX125

Low-Voltage CMOS Quad Buffer

With 5 V–Tolerant Inputs and Outputs (3–State, Non–Inverting)

The MC74LCX125 is a high performance, non–inverting quad buffer operating from a 2.3 to 3.6 V supply. High impedance TTL compatible inputs significantly reduce current loading to input drivers while TTL compatible outputs offer improved switching noise performance. A V_I specification of 5.5 V allows MC74LCX125 inputs to be safely driven from 5 V devices. The MC74LCX125 is suitable for memory address driving and all TTL level bus oriented transceiver applications.

Current drive capability is 24 mA at the outputs. The Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$n) inputs, when HIGH, disable the outputs by placing them in a HIGH Z condition.

- Designed for 2.3 to 3.6 V V_{CC} Operation
- 5 V Tolerant – Interface Capability With 5 V TTL Logic
- Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- I_{OFF} Specification Guarantees High Impedance When V_{CC} = 0 V
- LVTTL Compatible
- LVCMOS Compatible
- 24 mA Balanced Output Sink and Source Capability
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in all Three Logic States (10 μA) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds 500 mA
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000 V; Machine Model >200 V

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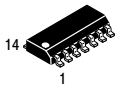
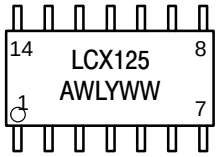
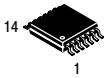
MARKING DIAGRAMS

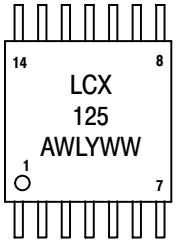


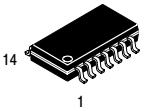
SO–14
D SUFFIX
CASE 751A



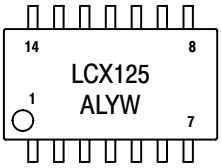


TSSOP–14
DT SUFFIX
CASE 948G





EIAJ SO–14
M SUFFIX
CASE 965



A =Assembly Location
WL or L = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
WW or W = Work Week

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
MC74LCX125D	SO–14	55 Units/Rail
MC74LCX125DR2	SO–14	2500 Units/Reel
MC74LCX125DT	TSSOP–14	96 Untis/Rail
MC74LCX125DTR2	TSSOP–14	2500 Units/Reel
MC74LCX125M	EIAJ SO–14	50 Units/Rail
MC74LCX125MEL	EIAJ SO–14	2000 Units/Reel

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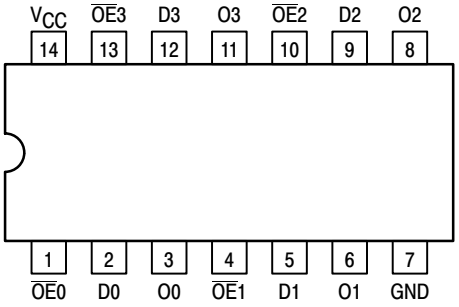


Figure 1. Pinout: 14–Lead
(Top View)

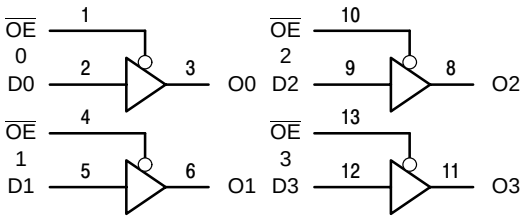


Figure 2. Logic Diagram

PIN NAMES

Pins	Function
$\overline{OE}$n	Output Enable Inputs
Dn	Data Inputs
On	3–State Outputs

TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUTS
$\overline{OE}$n	Dn	On
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

H = High Voltage Level
L = Low Voltage Level
Z = High Impedance State
X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions Are Acceptable; for I_{CC} reasons, DO NOT FLOAT Inputs

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Condition	Unit
V_{CC}	DC Supply Voltage	–0.5 to +7.0		V
V_I	DC Input Voltage	$–0.5 \le V_I \le +7.0$		V
V_O	DC Output Voltage	$–0.5 \le V_O \le +7.0$	Output in 3–State	V
		$–0.5 \le V_O \le V_{CC} + 0.5$	Output in HIGH or LOW State. (Note 1.)	V
I_{IK}	DC Input Diode Current	–50	$V_I < GND$	mA
I_{OK}	DC Output Diode Current	–50	$V_O < GND$	mA
		+50	$V_O > V_{CC}$	mA
I_O	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA
I_{CC}	DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin	±100		mA
I_{GND}	DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin	±100		mA
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	–65 to +150		°C

Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute maximum–rated conditions is not implied. Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

1. I_O absolute maximum rating must be observed.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	Operating Data Retention Only	2.0 1.5	2.5, 3.3 2.5, 3.3	3.6 3.6	V
V_I	Input Voltage		0		5.5	V
V_O	Output Voltage	(HIGH or LOW State) (3–State)	0 0		V_{CC} 5.5	V
I_{OH}	HIGH Level Output Current	V_{CC} = 3.0 V – 3.6 V V_{CC} = 2.7 V – 3.0 V V_{CC} = 2.3 V – 2.7 V			– 24 – 12 – 8	mA
I_{OL}	LOW Level Output Current	V_{CC} = 3.0 V – 3.6 V V_{CC} = 2.7 V – 3.0 V V_{CC} = 2.3 V – 2.7 V			+ 24 + 12 + 8	mA
T_A	Operating Free–Air Temperature		–40		+85	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, V_{IN} from 0.8 V to 2.0 V, V_{CC} = 3.0 V		0		10	ns/V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	T_A = –40°C to +85°C		Unit
			Min	Max	
V_{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	2.3 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 2.7 V	1.7		V
		2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V	2.0		
V_{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	2.3 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 2.7 V		0.7	V
		2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V		0.8	
V_{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	2.3 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V; I_{OL} = 100 μA	V_{CC} – 0.2		V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V; I_{OH} = –8 mA	1.8		
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V; I_{OH} = –12 mA	2.2		
		V_{CC} = 3.0 V; I_{OH} = –18 mA	2.4		
		V_{CC} = 3.0 V; I_{OH} = –24 mA	2.2		
V_{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	2.3 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V; I_{OL} = 100 μA		0.2	V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V; I_{OL}= 8 mA		0.6	
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V; I_{OL}= 12 mA		0.4	
		V_{CC} = 3.0 V; I_{OL} = 16 mA		0.4	
		V_{CC} = 3.0 V; I_{OL} = 24 mA		0.55	
I_I	Input Leakage Current	2.3 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V; 0 V ≤ V_I ≤ 5.5 V		±5	μA
I_{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	2.3 ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V; V_I = GND or V_{CC}		10	μA
		2.3 ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V; 3.6 ≤ V_I or V_O ≤ 5.5 V		±10	
ΔI_{CC}	Increase in I_{CC} per Input	2.3 ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6 V; V_{IH} = V_{CC} – 0.6 V		500	μA

2. These values of V_I are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.

AC CHARACTERISTICS $t_R = t_F = 2.5$ ns; $R_L = 500\ \Omega$

Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Limits						Unit
			$T_A = -40°C$ to $+85°C$						
			$V_{CC} = 3.3\ V \pm 0.3\ V$		$V_{CC} = 2.7\ V$		$V_{CC} = 2.5\ V \pm 0.2\ V$		
			$C_L = 50$ pF		$C_L = 50$ pF		$C_L = 30$ pF		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time Input to Output	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.0	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.5	1.5 1.5	7.2 7.2	ns
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	1.5 1.5	8.0 8.0	1.5 1.5	9.1 9.1	ns
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.0	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	1.5 1.5	7.2 7.2	ns
t_{OSHL} t_{OSLH}	Output–to–Output Skew (Note 3.)			1.0 1.0					ns

3. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH–to–LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW–to–HIGH (t_{OSLH}); parameter guaranteed by design.

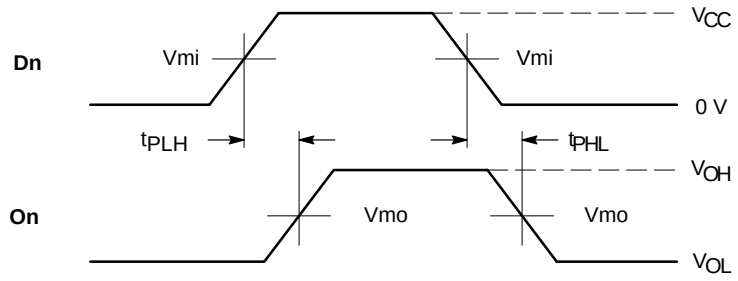
DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	$T_A = +25°C$			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
V_{OLP}	Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage (Note 4.)	$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $C_L = 50$ pF, $V_{IH} = 3.3$ V, $V_{IL} = 0$ V $V_{CC} = 2.5$ V, $C_L = 30$ pF, $V_{IH} = 2.5$ V, $V_{IL} = 0$ V		0.8 0.6		V V
V_{OLV}	Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage (Note 4.)	$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $C_L = 50$ pF, $V_{IH} = 3.3$ V, $V_{IL} = 0$ V $V_{CC} = 2.5$ V, $C_L = 30$ pF, $V_{IH} = 2.5$ V, $V_{IL} = 0$ V		–0.8 –0.6		V V

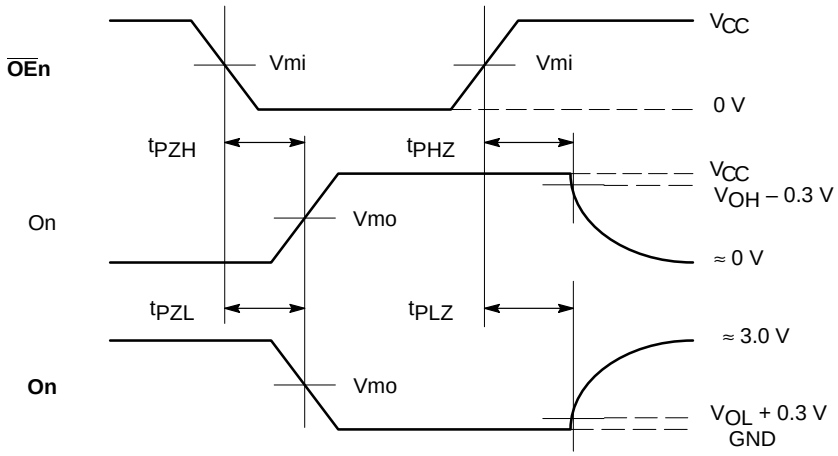
4. Number of outputs defined as “n”. Measured with “n–1” outputs switching from HIGH–to–LOW or LOW–to–HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typical	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $V_I = 0$ V or V_{CC}	7	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $V_I = 0$ V or V_{CC}	8	pF
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	10 MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $V_I = 0$ V or V_{CC}	25	pF



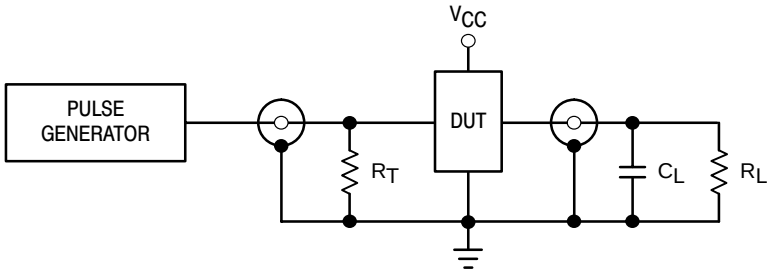
WAVEFORM 1 – PROPAGATION DELAYS
$t_R = t_F$ = 2.5 ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1 MHz; t_W = 500 ns



WAVEFORM 2 – OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES
$t_R = t_F$ = 2.5 ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1 MHz; t_W = 500 ns

	V_{CC}		
Symbol	3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.7 V	2.5 V ± 0.2 V
Vmi	1.5 V	1.5 V	$V_{CC}/2$
Vmo	1.5 V	1.5 V	$V_{CC}/2$

Figure 3. AC Waveforms



C_L = 50 pF at V_{CC} = 3.3 ±0.3 V or equivalent (includes jig and probe capacitance)
C_L = 30 pF at V_{CC} = 2.5 ±0.2 V or equivalent (includes jig and probe capacitance)
R_L = R_1 = 500 Ω or equivalent
R_T = Z_{OUT} of pulse generator (typically 50 Ω)

Figure 4. Test Circuit