

# BQ25960 I<sup>2</sup>C Controlled, Single Cell 8-A Switched Cap Parallel Battery Charger with Integrated Bypass Mode and Dual-Input Selector

## 1 Features

- 98.1% peak efficiency switched cap parallel charger supporting 8-A fast charge
- Patent pending dual phase switched cap architecture optimized for highest efficiency
  - Input voltage is 2x battery voltage
  - Output current is 2x of input current
  - Reduces power loss across input cable
- Integrated 5-A Bypass Mode fast charge
  - 21-mΩ R<sub>dson</sub> charging path resistance to support 5-A input and 5-A output charging current
- Dual-input power mux controller for source selection during fast charging and USB On-The-Go (OTG)/ reverse TX Mode
- Support wide range of input voltage
  - Up to 12.75-V operational input voltage
  - Maximum 40-V input voltage with optional external ACFET and 20-V without external ACFET
- Parallel charging with synchronized dual BQ25960 operations for up to 13-A charging current
- Integrated programmable protection features for safe operation
  - Input overvoltage protection (BUSOVP) and battery overvoltage protection (BATOVP)
  - Input overcurrent protection (BUSOCP) and battery overcurrent protection (BATOCP)
  - Output overvoltage protection (VOUTOVP)
  - Input undercurrent protection (BUSUCP) and input reverse-current protection (BUSRCP) to detect adapter unplug and prevent boost-back
  - Battery and connector temperature monitoring (TSBAT\_FLT and TSBUS\_FLT)
  - Junction overtemperature protection (TDIE\_FLT)
- Programmable settings for system optimization
  - Interrupts and interrupt masks
  - ADC readings and configuration
  - Alarm functions for host control
- Integrated 16-bit ADC for voltage, current, and temperature monitoring

## 2 Applications

- [Smartphone](#)
- [Tablet](#)

## 3 Description

The BQ25960 is a 98.1% peak efficiency, 8-A battery charging solution using switch capacitor architecture for 1-cell Li-ion battery. The switched cap architecture allows the cable current to be half the charging current, reducing the cable power loss, and limiting temperature rise. The dual-phase architecture increases charging efficiency and reduces the input and output cap requirements. When used with a main charger such as BQ2561x or BQ2589x, the system enables full charging cycle from trickle charge to termination with low power loss at Constant Current (CC) and Constant Voltage (CV) Mode.

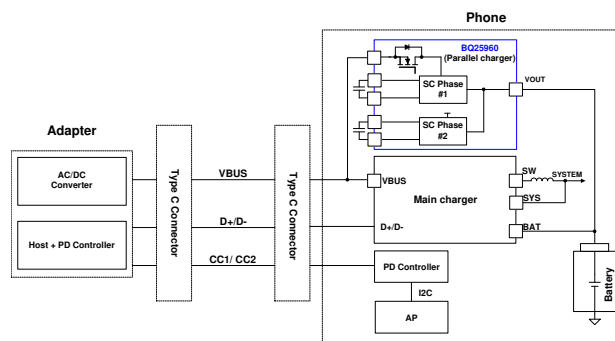
The BQ25960 supports 5-A Bypass Mode charge (previously called battery switch charge) through internal MOSFETs. The R<sub>dson</sub> in Bypass Mode charging path is 21 mΩ for high-current operation. The integrated Bypass Mode allows backward compatibility of 5-V fast charging adapter to charge 1-cell battery.

The device supports dual input configuration through integrated mux control and driver for external N-FETs. It also allows single input with no external N-FET or single N-FET.

### Device Information

| PART NUMBER <sup>(1)</sup> | PACKAGE    | BODY SIZE (NOM)   |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|
| BQ25960                    | DSBGA (36) | 2.55 mm x 2.55 mm |

- (1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



**Simplified Schematic**



## Table of Contents

|                                                |           |                                                                  |           |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1 Features</b> .....                        | <b>1</b>  | 9.4 Programming.....                                             | <b>29</b> |
| <b>2 Applications</b> .....                    | <b>1</b>  | 9.5 Register Maps.....                                           | <b>32</b> |
| <b>3 Description</b> .....                     | <b>1</b>  | <b>10 Application and Implementation</b> .....                   | <b>61</b> |
| <b>4 Revision History</b> .....                | <b>2</b>  | 10.1 Application Information.....                                | <b>61</b> |
| <b>5 Description (continued)</b> .....         | <b>3</b>  | 10.2 Typical Application.....                                    | <b>61</b> |
| <b>6 Device Comparison Table</b> .....         | <b>4</b>  | <b>11 Power Supply Recommendations</b> .....                     | <b>67</b> |
| <b>7 Pin Configuration and Functions</b> ..... | <b>5</b>  | <b>12 Layout</b> .....                                           | <b>68</b> |
| <b>8 Specifications</b> .....                  | <b>7</b>  | 12.1 Layout Guidelines.....                                      | <b>68</b> |
| 8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings .....             | <b>7</b>  | 12.2 Layout Example.....                                         | <b>68</b> |
| 8.2 ESD Ratings .....                          | <b>7</b>  | <b>13 Device and Documentation Support</b> .....                 | <b>69</b> |
| 8.3 Recommended Operating Conditions .....     | <b>7</b>  | 13.1 Device Support.....                                         | <b>69</b> |
| 8.4 Thermal Information .....                  | <b>8</b>  | 13.2 Documentation Support.....                                  | <b>69</b> |
| 8.5 Electrical Characteristics .....           | <b>8</b>  | 13.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates..           | <b>69</b> |
| 8.6 Timing Requirements .....                  | <b>12</b> | 13.4 Support Resources.....                                      | <b>69</b> |
| 8.7 Typical Characteristics.....               | <b>13</b> | 13.5 Trademarks.....                                             | <b>69</b> |
| <b>9 Detailed Description</b> .....            | <b>15</b> | 13.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution.....                        | <b>69</b> |
| 9.1 Overview.....                              | <b>15</b> | 13.7 Glossary.....                                               | <b>69</b> |
| 9.2 Functional Block Diagram.....              | <b>16</b> | <b>14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</b> ..... | <b>70</b> |
| 9.3 Feature Description.....                   | <b>17</b> |                                                                  |           |

## 4 Revision History

| DATE          | REVISION | NOTES            |
|---------------|----------|------------------|
| February 2021 | *        | Initial release. |

## 5 Description (continued)

The device integrates all the necessary protection features to support safe charging, including input overvoltage and overcurrent protection, output overvoltage and overcurrent protection, input undercurrent and reverse-current protection, temperature sensing for the battery and cable, and junction overtemperature protection in both Switched Cap and Bypass Mode.

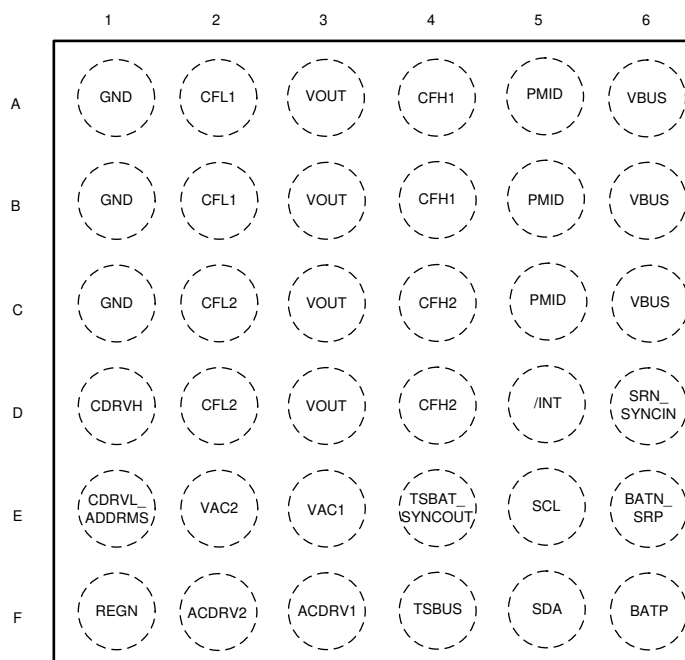
The device includes a 16-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC) to provide VAC voltage, bus voltage, bus current, output voltage, battery voltage, battery current, input connector temperature, battery temperature, junction temperature, and other calculated measurements needed to manage the charging of the battery from the adapter, or wireless input, or power bank.

## 6 Device Comparison Table

**Table 6-1. Device Comparison**

| FUNCTION                         | BQ25960                      | BQ25970             | BQ25968             | BQ25980                      |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Package                          | YBG-36                       | YFF-56              | YFF-56              | YFF-80                       |
| Die size                         | 6.5 mm <sup>2</sup>          | 9.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 9.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 13.2 mm <sup>2</sup>         |
| Battery                          | 1 cell                       | 1 cell              | 1 cell              | 2 cell                       |
| Input MUX control                | Dual input power MUX control | Single OVPFET       | Single OVPFET       | Dual input power MUX control |
| Bypass Mode                      | Yes                          | No                  | No                  | Yes                          |
| Recommended 8-A charging current | 8 A                          | 8 A                 | 6 A                 | 8 A                          |

## 7 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Figure 7-1. YBG Package - BQ25960 36-Pin DSBGA Top View**

**Table 7-1. Pin Functions**

| PIN    |              | TYPE <sup>(1)</sup> | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NO.    | NAME         |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| F3     | ACDRV1       | P                   | <b>Input FETs Driver Pin 1</b> - The charge pump output to drive the port #1 input N-channel MOSFET (ACFET1) and the reverse blocking N-channel MOSFET (RBFET1). ACDRV1 voltage becomes 5 V above the common drain connection of the ACFET1 and RBFET1, when the turn-on condition is met. If ACFET1 and RBFET1 are not used, connect ACDRV1 to ground.                                       |
| F2     | ACDRV2       | P                   | <b>Input FETs Driver Pin 2</b> -The charge pump output to drive the port #2 input N-channel MOSFET (ACFET2) and the reverse blocking N-channel MOSFET (RBFET2). ACDRV2 voltage becomes 5 V above the common drain connection of the ACFET2 and RBFET2, when the turn-on condition is met. If ACFET2 and RBFET2 are not used, connect ACDRV2 to ground.                                        |
| E6     | BATN_SRP     | AI                  | <b>Negative input for battery voltage sensing and positive input for battery current sensing</b> - Connect to negative terminal of battery pack. It is also used for battery current sensing. Place RSNS (2 mΩ or 5 mΩ) between BATN_SRP and SRN_SYNCIN. Short BATN_SRP to SRN_SYNCIN together and place 100-Ω series resistance between pin and negative terminal if RSNS is not being used. |
| F6     | BATP         | AI                  | <b>Positive input for battery voltage sensing</b> - Connect to positive terminal of battery pack. Place 100-Ω series resistance between pin and positive terminal.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| D1     | CDRVH        | AIO                 | <b>Charge pump for gate drive</b> - Connect a 0.22-μF cap between CDRVH and CDRVL_ADDRMS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| E1     | CDRVL_ADDRMS | AIO                 | <b>Charge pump for gate drive</b> - Connect a 0.22-μF cap between CDRVH and CDRVL_ADDRMS. During Power ON Reset (POR), this pin is used to assign the address of the device and the mode of the device as Standalone, Primary, or Secondary.                                                                                                                                                  |
| A4, B4 | CFH1         | P                   | <b>Switched cap flying cap connection</b> -Connect 1 to 3 22-μF caps in parallel between this pin and CFL1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| C4, D4 | CFH2         | P                   | <b>Switched cap flying cap connection</b> -Connect 1 to 3 22-μF caps in parallel between this pin and CFL2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| A2, B2 | CFL1         | P                   | <b>Switched cap flying cap connection</b> -Connect 1 to 3 22-μF caps in parallel between this pin and CFH1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

**Table 7-1. Pin Functions (continued)**

| PIN            |               | TYPE <sup>(1)</sup> | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NO.            | NAME          |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| C2, D2         | CFL2          | P                   | <b>Switched cap flying cap connection</b> -Connect 1 to 3 22-μF caps in parallel between this pin and CFH2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| D5             | INT           | DO                  | <b>Open drain, active low interrupt output</b> - Pull up to voltage with 10-kΩ resistor. Normally high, the device asserts low to report status and faults. INT is pulsed low for t <sub>INT</sub> .                                                                                                                                        |
| A1, B1, C1     | GND           | P                   | <b>Ground return</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A5, B5, C5     | PMID          | P                   | <b>Input to the switched cap power stage</b> -Connect 10-μF cap to PMID.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| F1             | REGN          | AO                  | <b>Charger internal LDO output</b> - Connect a 4.7-μF cap between this pin and GND. When in Primary/Secondary Mode, connect through 1-kΩ resistor to the TSBAT_SYNCOUT and SRN_SYNCIN pins. Do not use REGN for any other function.                                                                                                         |
| E5             | SCL           | DI                  | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C interface clock</b> - Pull up to 3.3 V with 10-kΩ resistor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| F5             | SDA           | DIO                 | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C interface data</b> - Pull up to 3.3 V with 10-kΩ resistor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D6             | SRN_SYNCIN    | AI                  | <b>Negative input for battery current sensing</b> - Place RSNS (2 mΩ or 5 mΩ) between SRN_SYNCIN and SRP. Short to SRP and SRN_SYNCIN together if not used. If configured as a secondary for dual charger configuration, this pin functions as SYNCIN, and connect to TSBAT_SYNCOUT of Primary, and connect a 1-kΩ pullup resistor to REGN. |
| E4             | TSBAT_SYNCOUT | AI                  | <b>Battery temperature voltage input and Primary Mode SYNCOUT</b> - Requires external resistor divider, NTC, and voltage reference. See the TSBAT section for choosing the resistor divider values. If the device is in Primary Mode, connect this pin to SRN_SYNCIN of the Secondary device.                                               |
| F4             | TSBUS         | AI                  | <b>BUS temperature voltage input</b> - Requires external resistor divider, NTC, and voltage reference. See the TSBUS section for choosing the resistor divider values.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| A6, B6, C6     | VBUS          | P                   | <b>Device power input</b> - Connect 1-μF capacitor from VBUS to GND.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A3, B3, C3, D3 | VOUT          | P                   | <b>Device power output</b> - Connect 22-μF capacitor from VOUT to GND.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| E3             | VAC1          | AI                  | <b>VAC1 input detection</b> - Connected to VBUS if ACFET1 and RBFET1 are not used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| E2             | VAC2          | AI                  | <b>VAC2 input detection</b> - Connected to VBUS if ACFET2 and RBFET2 are not used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

(1) Type: P = Power , AIO = Analog Input/Output , AI = Analog Input, DO = Digital Output, AO = Analog Output, DIO = Digital Input/Output

## 8 Specifications

### 8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|                     |                                                               | MIN  | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|------|
| Voltage             | VAC1, VAC2 (converter not switching)                          | –2   | 40  | V    |
|                     | VBUS (converter not switching)                                | –2   | 20  | V    |
|                     | PMID (converter not switching)                                | –0.3 | 20  | V    |
|                     | ACDRV1, ACDRV2                                                | –0.3 | 30  | V    |
|                     | CFL1, CFL2                                                    | –0.3 | 7   | V    |
|                     | CFH1 to VOUT, CFH2 to VOUT                                    | –0.3 | 7   | V    |
|                     | VOUT                                                          | –0.3 | 7   | V    |
|                     | BATP, BATN_SRP                                                | –0.3 | 6   | V    |
|                     | INT, SDA, SCL, CDRVL_ADDRMS, SRN_SYNCIN, TSBAT_SYNCOUT, TSBUS | –0.3 | 6   | V    |
|                     | CDRVH                                                         | –0.3 | 20  | V    |
| Output Sink Current | INT                                                           |      | 6   | mA   |
| T <sub>J</sub>      | Junction temperature                                          | –40  | 150 | °C   |
| T <sub>stg</sub>    | Storage temperature                                           | –55  | 150 | °C   |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Rating* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Condition*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 8.2 ESD Ratings

|                    |                         |                                                                                          | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub> | Electrostatic discharge | Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>              | ±2000 | V    |
|                    |                         | Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup> | ±250  |      |

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.  
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 8.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                      |                                | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| VAC1, VAC2           | Input voltage at VAC1 and VAC2 |     |     | 12  | V    |
| VBUS                 | Input voltage at VBUS          |     |     | 12  | V    |
| PMID                 | Input voltage at PMID          |     |     | 12  | V    |
| PMID-CFH1, PMID-CFH2 | Voltage across QCH1, QCH2      |     |     | 6   | V    |
| CFH1-VOUT, CFH2-VOUT | Voltage across QDH1, QDH2      |     |     | 6   | V    |
| VOUT-CFL1, VOUT-CFL2 | Voltage across QCL1, QCL2      |     |     | 6   | V    |
| CFL1, CFL2           | Voltage across QDL1, QDL2      |     |     | 6   | V    |
| ICHG                 | Charging current               |     |     | 8   | A    |
| T <sub>A</sub>       | Ambient temperature            | –40 |     | 85  | °C   |
| T <sub>J</sub>       | Junction temperature           | –40 |     | 120 | °C   |
| C <sub>CFLY</sub>    | Effective CFLY capacitance     | 6.6 | 20  |     | μF   |
| C <sub>VBUS</sub>    | Effective VBUS capacitance     | 0.2 | 1   |     | μF   |
| C <sub>PMID</sub>    | Effective PMID capacitance     | 2   | 10  |     | μF   |

### 8.3 Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                   |                            | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| C <sub>OUT</sub>  | Effective VOUT capacitance | 2   | 10  |     | μF   |
| C <sub>REGN</sub> | Effective REGN capacitance | 1   | 4.7 |     | μF   |
| C <sub>DRV</sub>  | Effective DRV capacitance  | 44  | 220 |     | nF   |

### 8.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |                                                                | BQ25960     | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|
|                               |                                                                | YBG (DSBGA) |      |
|                               |                                                                | 36 PINS     |      |
| R <sub>θJA</sub>              | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (JEDEC <sup>(1)</sup> ) | 54.8        | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>         | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance                      | 0.2         | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJB</sub>              | Junction-to-board thermal resistance                           | 12          | °C/W |
| Ψ <sub>JT</sub>               | Junction-to-top characterization parameter                     | 0.1         | °C/W |
| Ψ <sub>JB</sub>               | Junction-to-board characterization parameter                   | 11.9        | °C/W |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

### 8.5 Electrical Characteristics

VBUS=8V, VOUT=4V, T<sub>J</sub>= -40°C to +85°C, and T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                |                                                                    | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                        | MIN  | TYP | MAX  | UNIT |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|------|------|
| QUIESCENT CURRENTS       |                                                                    |                                                                                        |      |     |      |      |
| I <sub>Q_BAT</sub>       | Quiescent battery current                                          | ADC disabled, charge disabled, VBUS, VAC1, and VAC2 not present, VBAT=4V               | 12   | 20  |      | μA   |
|                          |                                                                    | ADC enabled (slowest mode), charge disabled, VBUS, VAC1, and VAC2 not present, VBAT=4V | 480  | 750 |      | μA   |
| I <sub>Q_VAC</sub>       | Quiescent VAC current                                              | ADC disabled, charge disabled, ACDRV disabled, EN_HIZ=1, VAC1 or VAC2 =8V              | 90   |     |      | μA   |
|                          |                                                                    | ADC enabled, charge disabled, ACDRV enabled, VAC1 or VAC2= 8V                          | 660  |     |      | μA   |
| INTERNAL THRESHOLD       |                                                                    |                                                                                        |      |     |      |      |
| V <sub>VACUVLOZ</sub>    | VAC rising threshold for active I <sup>2</sup> C, no VOUT, no VBUS | VAC1 or VAC2 rising                                                                    | 3.24 | 3.4 | 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>VACUVLO</sub>     | VAC falling threshold for I <sup>2</sup> C stop working            | VAC1 or VAC2 falling                                                                   | 3.05 | 3.2 | 3.4  | V    |
| V <sub>VACPRESENT</sub>  | VAC rising threshold to turn on ACFET-RBFET                        | VAC1 or VAC2 rising                                                                    | 3.3  | 3.4 | 3.5  | V    |
|                          | VAC falling threshold to turn off ACFET-RBFET                      | VAC1 or VAC2 falling                                                                   | 3.1  | 3.2 | 3.3  | V    |
| V <sub>VBUSUVLOZ</sub>   | VBUS rising threshold for active I <sup>2</sup> C, no VOUT, no VAC | VBUS rising                                                                            | 3.24 | 3.4 | 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>VBUSUVLO</sub>    | VBUS falling threshold for I <sup>2</sup> C stop working           | VBUS falling                                                                           | 2.65 | 2.8 | 2.95 | V    |
| V <sub>VBUSPRESENT</sub> | VBUS rising threshold to allow user set CHG_EN =1                  | VBUS rising                                                                            | 3.3  | 3.4 | 3.5  | V    |
|                          | VBUS falling                                                       | VBUS falling                                                                           | 3.1  | 3.2 | 3.3  | V    |

## 8.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

VBUS=8V, VOUT=4V, T<sub>J</sub>= -40°C to +85°C, and T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                                          |                                                                    | TEST CONDITIONS                                          | MIN   | TYP   | MAX    | UNIT |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|------|
| V <sub>VOUTUVLOZ</sub>                             | VOUT rising threshold for active I <sup>2</sup> C, no VAC, no VBUS | VOUT rising                                              | 2.48  | 2.6   | 2.72   | V    |
| V <sub>VOUTUVLO</sub>                              | VOUT falling threshold for I <sup>2</sup> C stop working           | VOUT falling                                             | 2.25  | 2.4   | 2.55   | V    |
| V <sub>VOUTPRESENT</sub>                           | VOUT rising to threshold allow user set CHG_EN =1                  | VOUT rising                                              | 3.0   | 3.1   | 3.2    | V    |
|                                                    | VOUT falling                                                       | VOUT falling                                             | 2.9   | 3.0   | 3.1    | V    |
| <b>RESISTANCE</b>                                  |                                                                    |                                                          |       |       |        |      |
| R <sub>ON_BLK</sub>                                | VBUS to PMID resistance                                            | VBUS=8V                                                  |       | 6.1   | 10.5   | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_CH1</sub>                                | PMID to CFH1 resistance                                            | PMID=8V                                                  |       | 19.3  | 26.8   | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_DH1</sub>                                | CFH1 to VOUT resistance                                            | CFLY=4V                                                  |       | 11.4  | 16.8   | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_CL1</sub>                                | VOUT to CFL1 resistance                                            | VOUT=4V                                                  |       | 11.8  | 18     | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_DL1</sub>                                | CFL1 to GND resistance                                             | CFLY=4V                                                  |       | 12    | 18.3   | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_CH2</sub>                                | PMID to CFH2 resistance                                            | PMID=8V                                                  |       | 19.3  | 26.8   | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_DH2</sub>                                | CFH2 to VOUT resistance                                            | CFLY=4V                                                  |       | 11.4  | 16.8   | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_CL2</sub>                                | VOUT to CFL2 resistance                                            | VOUT=4V                                                  |       | 11.8  | 18     | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ON_DL2</sub>                                | CFL2 to GND resistance                                             | CFLY=4V                                                  |       | 12    | 18.3   | mΩ   |
| R <sub>VBUS_PD</sub>                               | VBUS pull down resistance                                          |                                                          |       | 5     |        | kΩ   |
| R <sub>VAC_PD</sub>                                | VAC pull down resistance for both VAC1 and VAC2                    | VAC=10V                                                  |       | 125   |        | Ω    |
| <b>PROTECTION AND ALARM THRESHOLD AND ACCURACY</b> |                                                                    |                                                          |       |       |        |      |
| V <sub>BATOVP_RANGE</sub>                          | Battery over-voltage range                                         |                                                          | 3.491 |       | 4.759  | V    |
| V <sub>BATOVP_STEP</sub>                           | Typical battery over-voltage step                                  |                                                          |       | 9.985 |        | mV   |
| I <sub>BATP</sub>                                  | BATP leakage current                                               |                                                          |       |       | 1.2    | μA   |
| I <sub>BATN</sub>                                  | BATN leakage current                                               |                                                          |       |       | 1      | nA   |
| V <sub>BATOVP_ACC</sub>                            | Battery over-voltage accuracy                                      | VBATOVP = 4.390V                                         | 4.346 | 4.390 | 4.434  | V    |
| V <sub>OUTOVP_ACC</sub>                            | VOUT over-voltage accuracy                                         | VOUTOVP = 5V                                             | 4.9   | 5     | 5.1    | V    |
| I <sub>BATOCP_RANGE</sub>                          | Battery over-current range                                         |                                                          | 2.05  |       | 8.7125 | A    |
| I <sub>BATOCP_STEP</sub>                           | Typical battery over-current step                                  |                                                          |       | 102.5 |        | mA   |
| I <sub>BATOCP_ACC</sub>                            | Battery over-current accuracy                                      | IBATOCP=6.15A, RSNS=2mΩ<br>T <sub>J</sub> = -20°C - 85°C | 5.842 | 6.15  | 6.458  | A    |
|                                                    |                                                                    | Switched Cap Mode                                        | 7     |       | 12.75  | V    |
| V <sub>BUSOVP_RANGE</sub>                          | VBUS over-voltage range                                            | Bypass Mode                                              | 3.5   |       | 6.5    |      |
|                                                    |                                                                    |                                                          |       |       |        |      |
| V <sub>BUSOVP_STEP</sub>                           | Typical VBUS over-voltage step                                     | Switched Cap Mode                                        |       | 50    |        | mV   |
|                                                    |                                                                    | Bypass Mode                                              |       | 25    |        | mV   |
| V <sub>BUSOVP_ACC</sub>                            | VBUS over-voltage accuracy                                         | VBUSOVP = 4.45V                                          | 4.39  | 4.45  | 4.488  | V    |
|                                                    |                                                                    | VBUSOVP = 9V                                             | 8.91  | 9     | 9.09   | V    |
| V <sub>BUS_ERRHI_RISING_SC</sub>                   | VBUS ERRHI rising threshold for switched cap mode stop switching   | VOUT=4V                                                  |       | 9.6   |        | V    |
| V <sub>BUS_ERRHI_FALLING_SC</sub>                  | VBUS ERRHI falling threshold for switched cap mode start switching | VOUT=4V                                                  |       | 9.4   |        | V    |
| V <sub>BUS_ERRHI_RISING_BYPASS</sub>               | VBUS ERRHI rising threshold for bypass mode stop switching         | VOUT=4V                                                  |       | 4.8   |        | V    |
| V <sub>BUS_ERRHI_FALLING_BYPASS</sub>              | VBUS ERRHI falling threshold for bypass mode start switching       | VOUT=4V                                                  |       | 4.68  |        | V    |
| V <sub>VACOV_P_RANGE</sub>                         | VAC over-voltage range                                             |                                                          | 6.5   |       | 18     | V    |

## 8.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

V<sub>BUS</sub>=8V, V<sub>OUT</sub>=4V, T<sub>J</sub>= -40°C to +85°C, and T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                           |                                              | TEST CONDITIONS                                                   | MIN    | TYP   | MAX   | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|------|
| V <sub>VACOV_P_ACC</sub>            | VAC over-voltage accuracy                    | VACOV_P=6.5V                                                      | 6.3    | 6.5   | 6.6   | V    |
|                                     |                                              | VACOV_P=10.5V                                                     | 10.2   | 10.5  | 10.7  | V    |
|                                     |                                              | VACOV_P=12V                                                       | 11.7   | 12    | 12.2  | V    |
| V <sub>VACOV_P_HYS</sub>            | VACOV_P hysteresis                           |                                                                   | 3      |       |       | %    |
| I <sub>BUSOCP_RANGE</sub>           | Input over-current range                     | Switched Cap Mode                                                 | 1.0175 | 4.579 |       | A    |
|                                     |                                              | Bypass Mode                                                       | 1.0475 | 6.809 |       | A    |
| I <sub>BUSOCP_STEP</sub>            | Typical input over current step              | Switched Cap Mode                                                 | 254    |       |       | mA   |
|                                     |                                              | Bypass Mode                                                       | 262    |       |       | mA   |
| I <sub>BUSOCP_ACC</sub>             | Input over current accuracy                  | IBUSOCP=3.05A, switched cap mode<br>T <sub>J</sub> = −20°C - 85°C | 2.897  | 3.05  | 3.206 | A    |
|                                     |                                              | IBUSOCP=3.14A, bypass mode<br>T <sub>J</sub> = −20°C - 85°C       | 2.983  | 3.14  | 3.297 | A    |
| I <sub>BUSUCP_ACC</sub>             | Input under-current accuracy                 | BUSUCP=250mA, T <sub>J</sub> = −20°C - 85°C                       | 100    | 250   | 450   | mA   |
| I <sub>BUSRCP_ACC</sub>             | Input reverse-current accuracy               | BUSRCP=300mA, T <sub>J</sub> = -20°C - 85°C                       | 150    | 300   | 450   | mA   |
| TS <sub>BUS_FLT_RANGE</sub>         | TSBUS fault % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range     |                                                                   | 0      | 50    |       | %    |
| TS <sub>BUS_FLT_STEP</sub>          | TSBUS fault % of V <sub>REGN</sub> step size |                                                                   | 0.1953 |       |       | %    |
| TS <sub>BUSFLT_ACC</sub>            | TSBUS fault accuracy                         | TSBUS_FLT=20.12%                                                  | 18.5   | 20.12 | 21.5  | %    |
| TS <sub>BAT_FLT_RANGE</sub>         | TSBAT fault % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range     |                                                                   | 0      | 50    |       | %    |
| TS <sub>BAT_FLT_STEP</sub>          | TSBAT fault % of V <sub>REGN</sub> step size |                                                                   | 0.1953 |       |       | %    |
| TS <sub>BAT_FLT_ACC</sub>           | TSBAT voltage accuracy                       | TSBAT_FLT=20.12%                                                  | 18.5   | 20.12 | 21.5  | %    |
| T <sub>DIE_FLT_RANGE</sub>          | TDIE over-temperature range                  |                                                                   | 80     | 140   |       | °C   |
| T <sub>DIE_FLT_STEP</sub>           | TDIE over-temperature step                   |                                                                   | 20     |       |       | °C   |
| T <sub>DIE_ALM_RANGE</sub>          | TDIE over-temperature alarm range            |                                                                   | 25     | 150   |       | °C   |
| T <sub>DIE_ALM_STEP</sub>           | TDIE over-temperature alarm step             |                                                                   | 0.5    |       |       | °C   |
| ADC MEASUREMENT PERFORMANCE         |                                              |                                                                   |        |       |       |      |
| t <sub>ADC_CONV</sub>               | Conversion-time, Each Measurement            | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 00                                              | 24     |       |       | ms   |
|                                     |                                              | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 01                                              | 12     |       |       | ms   |
|                                     |                                              | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 10                                              | 6      |       |       | ms   |
|                                     |                                              | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 11                                              | 3      |       |       | ms   |
| ADC <sub>RES</sub>                  | Effective Resolution                         | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 00                                              | 14     | 15    | bit   |      |
|                                     |                                              | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 01                                              | 13     | 14    | bit   |      |
|                                     |                                              | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 10                                              | 12     | 13    | bit   |      |
|                                     |                                              | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 11                                              | 10     | 11    | bit   |      |
| ADC MEASUREMENT RANGES AND ACCURACY |                                              |                                                                   |        |       |       |      |
| I <sub>BUSADC_RANGE</sub>           | ADC BUS current range                        |                                                                   | 0      | 7     |       | A    |
| I <sub>BUSADC_LSB</sub>             | ADC BUS current LSB                          | Switched Cap Mode                                                 | 0.9972 |       |       | mA   |
|                                     | ADC BUS current LSB                          | Bypass Mode                                                       | 1.0279 |       |       | mA   |
| I <sub>BUSADC_OFFSET</sub>          | ADC BUS current offset                       | Switched Cap Mode                                                 | 66     |       |       | mA   |
|                                     | ADC BUS current offset                       | Bypass Mode                                                       | 64     |       |       | mA   |

## 8.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

VBUS=8V, VOUT=4V, T<sub>J</sub>= -40°C to +85°C, and T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                     |                                                           | TEST CONDITIONS                                            | MIN   | TYP    | MAX   | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|------|
| I <sub>BUSADC_ACC</sub>       | ADC BUS current accuracy                                  | IBUS=2A, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00, T <sub>J</sub> = -20°C - 85°C | 1.9   | 2      | 2.1   | A    |
|                               |                                                           | IBUS=3A, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00, T <sub>J</sub> = -20°C - 85°C | 2.85  | 3      | 3.15  | A    |
| V <sub>BUSADC_RANGE</sub>     | ADC BUS voltage range                                     |                                                            | 0     |        | 16.39 | V    |
| V <sub>BUSADC_LSB</sub>       | ADC BUS voltage LSB                                       |                                                            |       | 1.002  |       | mV   |
| V <sub>BUSADC_ACC</sub>       | ADC BUS voltage accuracy                                  | VBUS=4V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 3.96  | 4      | 4.04  | V    |
|                               |                                                           | VBUS=8V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 7.92  | 8      | 8.08  | V    |
| V <sub>AC1ADC_RANGE</sub>     | ADC VAC1 voltage range                                    |                                                            | 0     |        | 14    | V    |
| V <sub>AC1ADC_STEP</sub>      | ADC VAC1 voltage LSB                                      |                                                            |       | 1.0008 |       | mV   |
| V <sub>AC1ADC_OFFSET</sub>    | ADC VAC1 voltage offset                                   |                                                            |       | 3      |       | mV   |
| V <sub>AC1ADC_ACC</sub>       | ADC VAC1 voltage accuracy                                 | VAC1=4V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 3.96  | 4      | 4.04  | V    |
|                               |                                                           | VAC1=8V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 7.92  | 8      | 8.08  | V    |
| V <sub>AC2ADC_RANGE</sub>     | ADC VAC2 voltage range                                    |                                                            | 0     |        | 14    | V    |
| V <sub>AC2ADC_LSB</sub>       | ADC VAC2 voltage LSB                                      |                                                            |       | 1.0006 |       | mV   |
| V <sub>AC2ADC_OFFSET</sub>    | ADC VAC2 voltage offset                                   |                                                            |       | 5      |       | mV   |
| V <sub>AC2ADC_ACC</sub>       | ADC VAC2 voltage accuracy                                 | VAC2=4V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 3.96  | 4      | 4.04  | V    |
| V <sub>AC2ADC_ACC</sub>       | ADC VAC2 voltage accuracy                                 | VAC2=8V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 7.92  | 8      | 8.08  | V    |
| V <sub>BATADC_RANGE</sub>     | ADC BAT voltage range                                     |                                                            | 0     |        | 6     | V    |
| V <sub>BATADC_LSB</sub>       | ADC BAT voltage LSB                                       |                                                            |       | 1.017  |       | mV   |
| V <sub>BATADC_OFFSET</sub>    | ADC BAT voltage offset                                    |                                                            |       | 1      |       | mV   |
| V <sub>BATADC_ACC</sub>       | ADC BAT voltage accuracy                                  | VBAT=4V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 3.96  | 4      | 4.04  | V    |
|                               |                                                           | VBAT=4.4V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                              | 4.356 | 4.4    | 4.444 | V    |
| V <sub>OUTADC_RANGE</sub>     | ADC VOUT voltage range                                    |                                                            | 0     |        | 6     | V    |
| V <sub>OUTADC_LSB</sub>       | ADC VOUT voltage LSB                                      |                                                            |       | 1.0037 |       | mV   |
| V <sub>OUTADC_OFFSET</sub>    | ADC VOUT voltage offset                                   |                                                            |       | 2      |       | mV   |
| V <sub>OUTADC_ACC</sub>       | ADC VOUT voltage accuracy                                 | VOUT=4V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                                | 3.98  | 4      | 4.02  | V    |
|                               |                                                           | VOUT=4.4V, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00                              | 4.378 | 4.4    | 4.422 | V    |
| I <sub>BATADC_RANGE</sub>     | ADC battery current range                                 |                                                            | -12   |        | 12    | A    |
| I <sub>BATADC_LSB</sub>       | ADC battery current LSB                                   |                                                            |       | 0.999  |       | mA   |
| I <sub>BATADC_OFFSET</sub>    | ADC battery current offset                                |                                                            |       | -150   |       | mA   |
| I <sub>BATADC_ACC_2mOhm</sub> | ADC battery current accuracy through 2mOhm sense resistor | IBAT=4A, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00, T <sub>J</sub> = -20°C - 85°C | 3.92  | 4.00   | 4.08  | A    |
|                               |                                                           | IBAT=6A, ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00, T <sub>J</sub> = -20°C - 85°C | 5.88  | 6.00   | 6.12  | A    |
| TS <sub>BUSADC_RANGE</sub>    | ADC TSBUS % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range                    |                                                            | 0     |        | 50    | %    |
| TS <sub>BUSADC_STEP</sub>     | ADC TSBUS % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range LSB                |                                                            |       | 0.0986 |       | %    |
| TS <sub>BUSADC_OFFSET</sub>   | ADC TSBUS % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range offset             |                                                            |       | 0.1    |       | %    |
| TS <sub>BUSADC_ACC</sub>      | ADC TSBUS accuracy                                        | TSBUS=20% of V <sub>REGN</sub> , ADC_SAMPLE[1:0]=00        | 19    | 20     | 21    | %    |
| TS <sub>BATADC_RANGE</sub>    | ADC TSBAT % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range                    |                                                            | 0     |        | 50    | %    |
| TS <sub>BATADC_STEP</sub>     | ADC TSBAT % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range LSB                |                                                            |       | 0.0976 |       | %    |
| TS <sub>BATADC_OFFSET</sub>   | ADC TSBAT % of V <sub>REGN</sub> range offset             |                                                            |       | 0.065  |       | %    |

## 8.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

V<sub>BUS</sub>=8V, V<sub>OUT</sub>=4V, T<sub>J</sub>= -40°C to +85°C, and T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

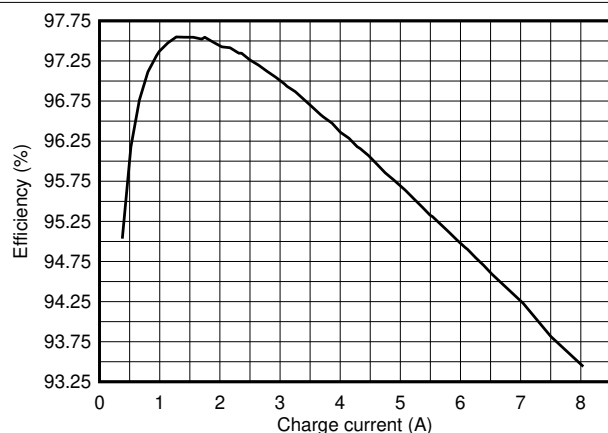
| PARAMETER                                    |                                         | TEST CONDITIONS                                       | MIN | TYP    | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------|-----|------|
| TSBAT <sub>ADC_ACC</sub>                     | ADC TSBAT accuracy                      | TSBAT=20% of V <sub>REGN</sub> ,<br>ADC_SAMPLE[10]=00 | 19  | 20     | 21  | %    |
| TDIE <sub>ADC_RANGE</sub>                    | ADC TDIE range                          |                                                       | -40 |        | 150 | °C   |
| TDIE <sub>ADC_STEP</sub>                     | ADC TDIE step                           |                                                       |     | 0.5079 |     | °C   |
| TDIE <sub>ADC_OFFSET</sub>                   | ADC TDIE offset                         |                                                       |     | -3.5   |     | °C   |
| <b>REGN LDO</b>                              |                                         |                                                       |     |        |     |      |
| V <sub>REGN</sub>                            | REGN LDO output voltage                 | V <sub>BUS</sub> =8V, I <sub>REGN</sub> =20mA         |     | 5.0    |     | V    |
| I <sub>REGN</sub>                            | REGN LDO current limit                  | V <sub>BUS</sub> =8V, V <sub>REGN</sub> =4.5V         | 40  |        |     | mA   |
| <b>I2C INTERFACE (SCL, SDA)</b>              |                                         |                                                       |     |        |     |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                              | Input high threshold level, SDA and SCL | Pull up rail 1.8V                                     | 1.3 |        |     | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                              | Input low threshold level               | Pull up rail 1.8V                                     |     |        | 0.4 | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                              | Output low threshold level              | Sink current = 5mA                                    |     |        | 0.4 | V    |
| I <sub>BIAS</sub>                            | High-level leakage current              | Pull up rail 1.8V                                     |     |        | 1   | μA   |
| <b>LOGIC OUTPUT PIN (INT, TSBAT_SYNCOUT)</b> |                                         |                                                       |     |        |     |      |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                              | Output low threshold level, INT pin     | Sink current = 5mA                                    |     |        | 0.4 | V    |
| I <sub>OUT</sub>                             | High-level leakage current, INT pin     | Pull up rail 1.8V                                     |     |        | 1   | μA   |
| <b>LOGIC INPUT PIN (SRN_SYNCIN)</b>          |                                         |                                                       |     |        |     |      |
| V <sub>IH_SRN_SYNCIN</sub>                   | Input high threshold level, SRN_SYNCIN  |                                                       | 1.3 |        |     | V    |
| V <sub>IL_SRN_SYNCIN</sub>                   | Input low threshold level, SRN_SYNCIN   |                                                       |     |        | 0.4 | V    |
| I <sub>IN_SRN_SYNCIN</sub>                   | High level leakage current              | Pull-up rail 1.8V                                     |     |        | 1   | μA   |

## 8.6 Timing Requirements

|                           |                                                      | MIN | NOM | MAX  | UNIT |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| <b>TIMINGS</b>            |                                                      |     |     |      |      |
| t <sub>VACOV</sub>        | VAC OVP response time                                |     | 100 |      | ns   |
| t <sub>BATOC</sub>        | IBAT OCP response time                               |     | 640 |      | μs   |
| t <sub>INT</sub>          | Duration that INT is pulled low when an event occurs |     | 256 |      | μs   |
| t <sub>ALM_DEBOUNCE</sub> | Time between consecutive faults for ALM indication   |     | 120 |      | ms   |
| <b>I2C INTERFACE</b>      |                                                      |     |     |      |      |
| f <sub>SCL</sub>          | SCL clock frequency                                  |     |     | 1000 | kHz  |

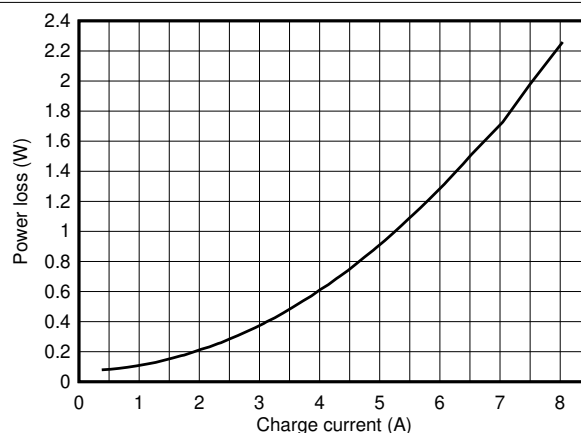
## 8.7 Typical Characteristics

Typical characteristics are taken with the BMS041 for switching test and GRM188R61C226M is used as CFLY.



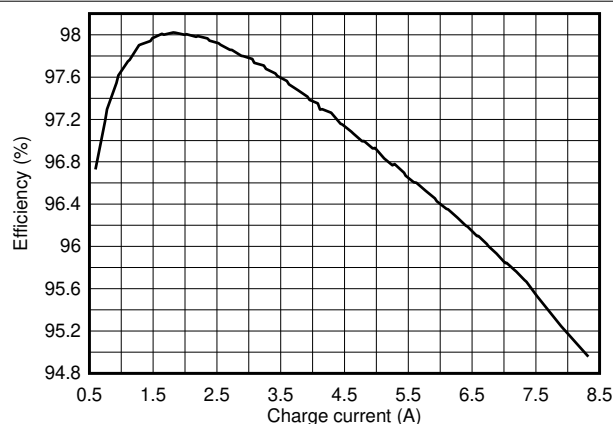
V<sub>BAT</sub> = 4.0 V, F<sub>SW</sub> = 500 kHz

**Figure 8-1. Battery Charge Efficiency vs. Charge Current, 1 x 22-μF CFLY per Phase Switching Frequency**



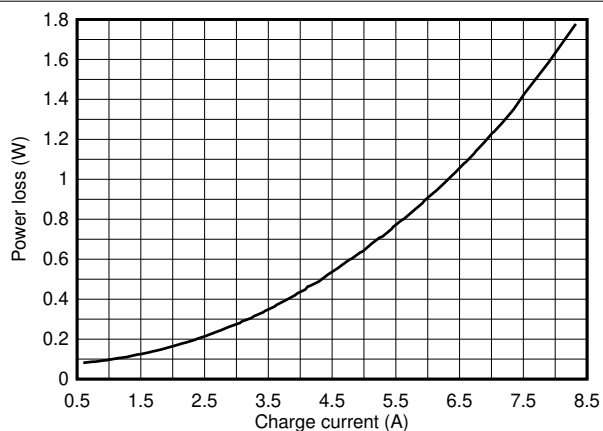
V<sub>BAT</sub> = 4.0 V, F<sub>SW</sub> = 500 kHz

**Figure 8-2. Battery Charge Power Loss vs. Charge Current, 1 x 22-μF CFLY per Phase Switching Frequency**



V<sub>BAT</sub> = 4.0 V, F<sub>SW</sub> = 500 kHz

**Figure 8-3. Battery Charge Efficiency vs. Charge Current, 2 x 22-μF CFLY per Phase**

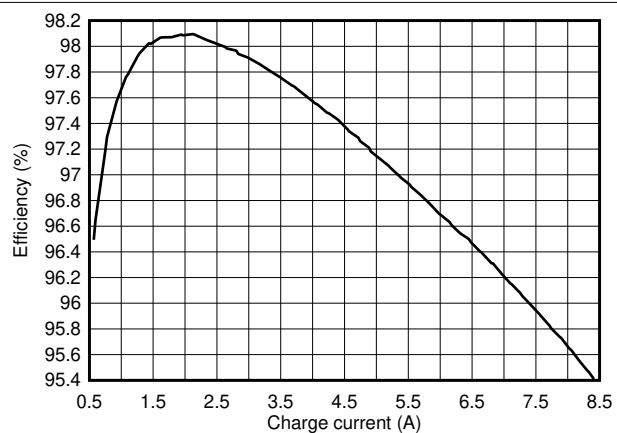


V<sub>BAT</sub> = 4.0 V, F<sub>SW</sub> = 500 kHz

**Figure 8-4. Battery Charge Power Loss vs. Charge Current, 2 x 22-μF CFLY per Phase**

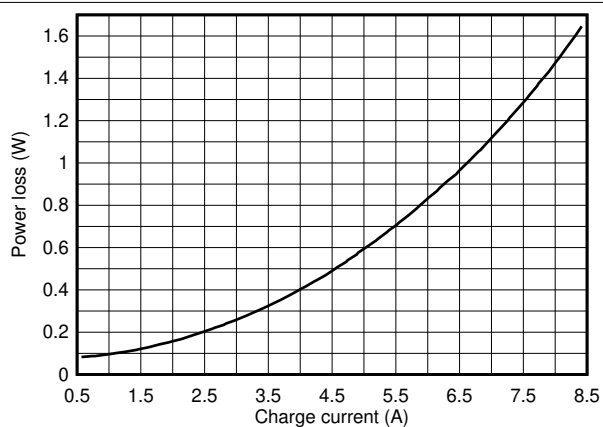
## 8.7 Typical Characteristics (continued)

Typical characteristics are taken with the BMS041 for switching test and GRM188R61C226M is used as CFLY.



V<sub>BAT</sub> = 4.0 V, FSW = 500 kHz

**Figure 8-5. Battery Charge Efficiency vs. Charge Current, 3 x 22-μF CFLY per Phase**



V<sub>BAT</sub> = 4.0 V, FSW = 500 kHz

**Figure 8-6. Battery Charge Power Loss vs. Charge Current, 3 x 22-μF CFLY per Phase**

## 9 Detailed Description

### 9.1 Overview

The BQ25960 is a 98.1% peak efficiency, 8-A battery charging solution using a switched cap architecture for 1-cell Li-ion battery. This architecture allows the cable current to be half the charging current, reducing the cable power loss, and limiting temperature rise. The dual-phase architecture increases charging efficiency and reduces the input and output cap requirements. When used with a main charger such as BQ2561x or BQ2589x, the system the system enables full charging cycle from trickle charge to termination with low power loss at Constant Current (CC) and Constant Voltage (CV) mode.

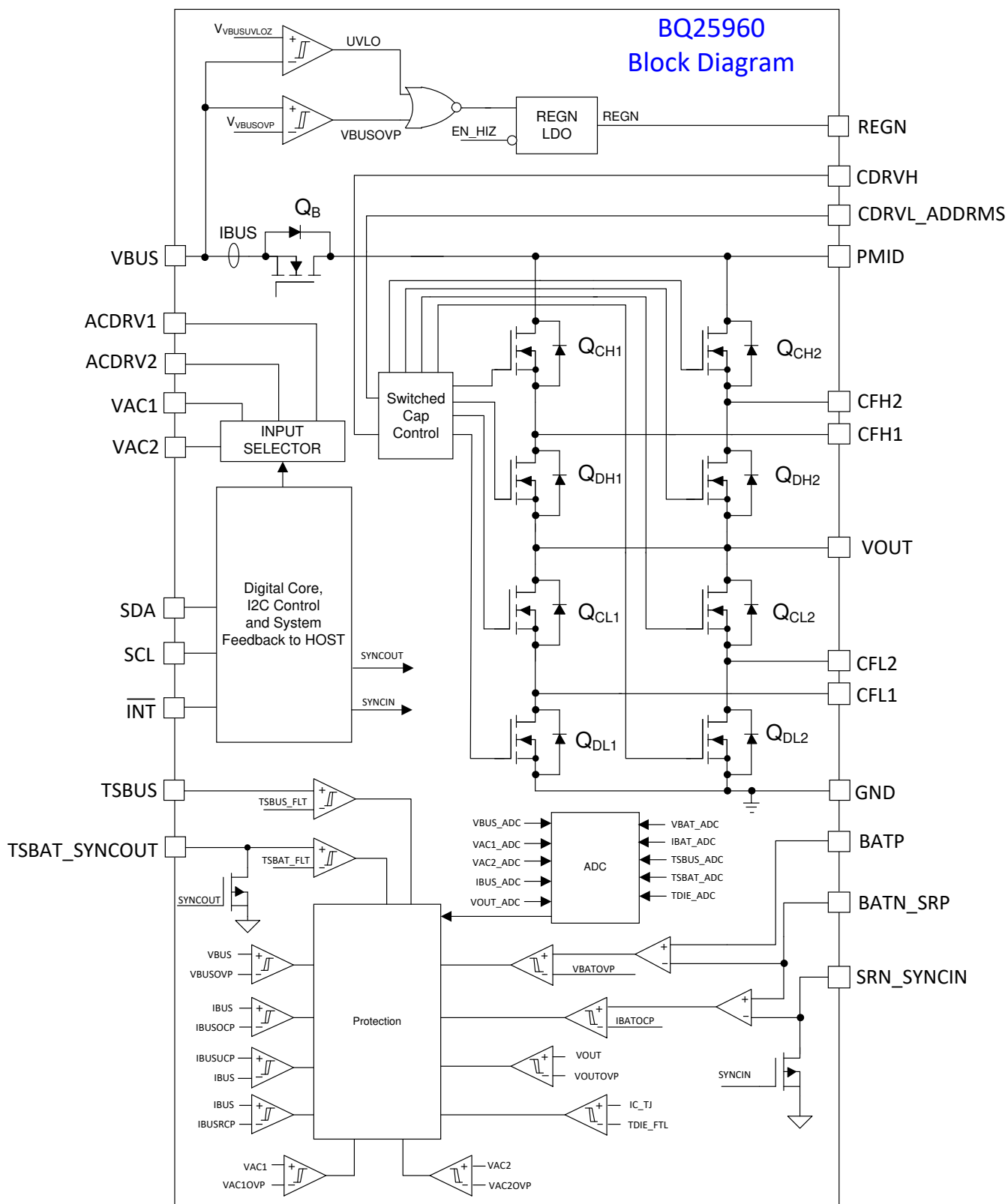
The device also operates in bypass mode charging the battery directly from VBUS through QB, QCH1 and QDH1 in parallel with QCH2 and QDH2. The impedance in bypass mode is limited to 21 mΩ for 5-A charging current.

The device supports dual input power path management which manages the power flowing from two different input sources. The inputs selection is controlled by host through I<sup>2</sup>C with default source #1 as the primary input and the source #2 as the secondary source.

The device integrates all the necessary protection features to ensure safe charging, including input overvoltage and overcurrent protection, output overvoltage and overcurrent protection, temperature sensing for the battery and cable, and monitoring the die temperature.

The device includes a 16-bit ADC to provide bus voltage, bus current, output voltage, battery voltage, battery current, input connector temperature, battery temperature, junction temperature, and other calculated measurements needed to manage the charging of the battery from the smart wall adapter or wireless input or power bank.

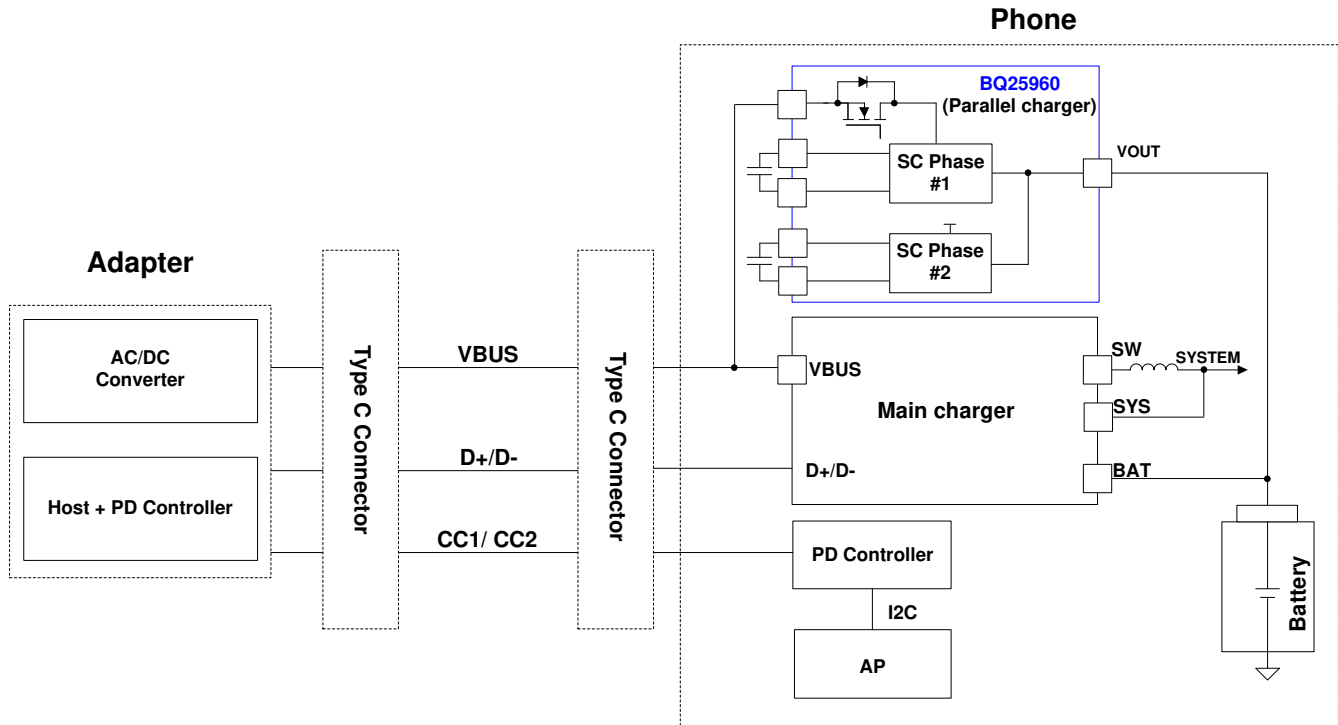
## 9.2 Functional Block Diagram



## 9.3 Feature Description

### 9.3.1 Charging System

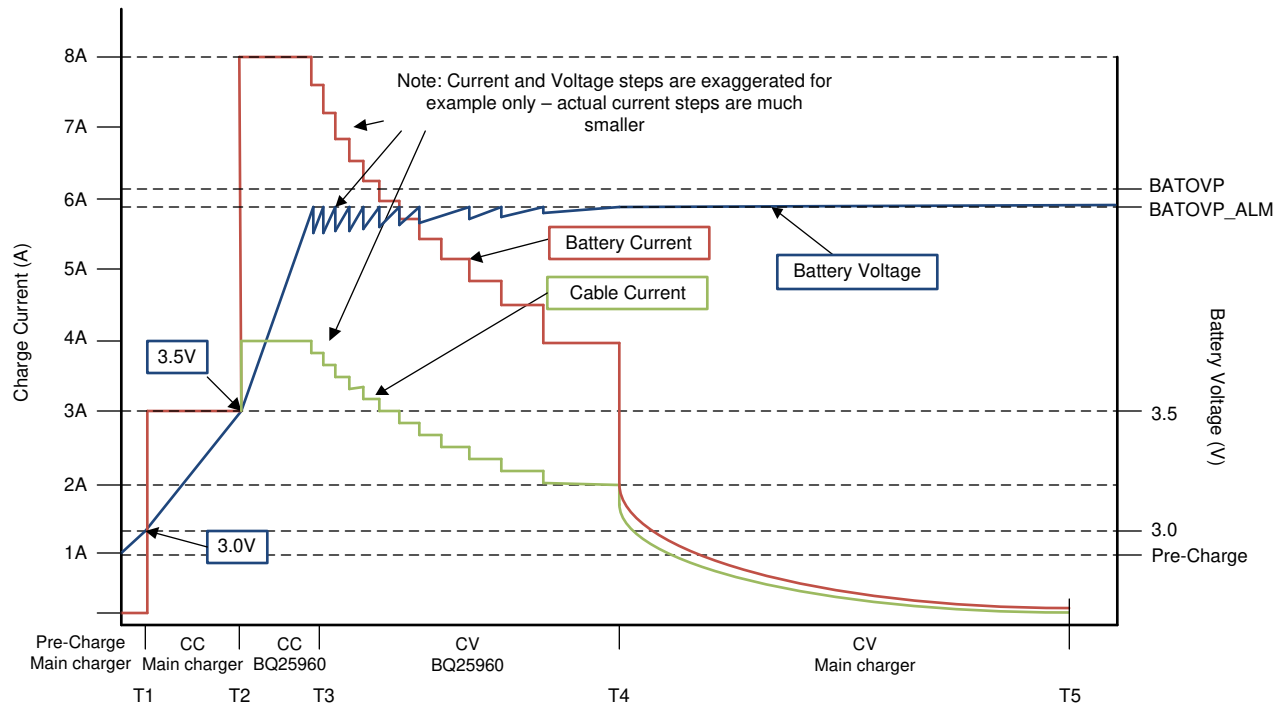
BQ25960 is a single-cell high efficiency switched cap charger, used in parallel with a switching mode charger. A host must set up the protections and alarms on BQ25960 prior to enabling the BQ25960. The host must monitor the alarms generated by BQ25960 and communicate with the smart adapter to control the current delivered to the charger.



**Figure 9-1. BQ25960 System Diagram**

### 9.3.2 Battery Charging Profile

The system will have a specific battery charging profile that is unique due to the switched cap architecture. The charging will be controlled by the main charger such as the BQ2561x or BQ2589x until system voltage reaches minimum system regulation voltage  $V_{\text{SYSTEMIN}}$ . Once the battery voltage reaches  $V_{\text{SYSTEMIN}}$  (3.5 V), the adapter can negotiate for a higher bus voltage, enable BQ25960 charging, and regulate the current on VBUS to charge the battery. In the CC phase, the protection in BQ25960 will not regulate the battery voltage, but will provide feedback to the system to increase and decrease current as needed, as well as disable the blocking and switching FETs if the voltage is exceeded. Once the CV point is reached, the BQ25960 will provide feedback to the adapter to reduce the current, effectively tapering the current until a point where the main charger takes over again. The BQ25960 can operate as long as input current is above the BUSUCP threshold.



**Figure 9-2. BQ25960 System Charging Profile**

### 9.3.3 Device Power Up

The device is powered from the higher of VAC1 or VAC2 (with VAC1 being primary input), VBUS or VOUT (battery). The voltage must be greater than the  $V_{VACUVLOZ}$ ,  $V_{VBUSUVLOZ}$  or  $V_{VOUTUVLOZ}$  threshold to be a valid supply. When VAC1 or VAC2 rises above  $V_{VACUVLOZ}$  or VBUS rises above  $V_{VBUSUVLOZ}$  or VOUT rises above  $V_{VOUTUVLOZ}$ , I<sup>2</sup>C interface is ready for communication and all the registers are reset to default value. The host needs to wait VBUSPRESENT\_STAT and VOUTPRESENT\_STAT go high before setting CHG\_EN =1 and start charging.

### 9.3.4 Device HIZ State

The device enters HIZ mode when EN\_HIZ bit is set to '1'. When device is in HIZ mode, the converter stops switching, ADC stops converting, ACDRV is turned off and REGN LDO is forced off even when the adapter is present and no fault condition is present. The device exits HIZ Mode when EN\_HIZ is set to '0' by host or device POR.

The faults conditions force the converter stop switching and clear CHG\_EN bit, but keep REGN on and EN\_HIZ bit = 0. More details can be found in the Device Protection section.

### 9.3.5 Dual Input Bi-Directional Power Path Management

The device has two ACDRV pins to drive two sets of N-channel ACFET-RBFET, which select and manage the input power from two different input sources. In the POR sequence, the device detects if the ACFET-RBFET is populated based on if ACDRV pin is shorted to ground or not, and then updates the status register ACRB1\_CONFIG\_STAT or ACRB2\_CONFIG\_STAT to indicate the presence of ACFET-RBFET. If the external ACFET-RBFET is not populated in the schematic, then tie VAC to VBUS and connect ACDRV to GND. The device supports:

1. single input without external FET
2. single input with one single ACFET
3. dual input with one set of ACFET-RBFET
4. dual input with two sets of ACFET-RBFET

The power-up sequences for different applications are described in detail below.

### 9.3.5.1 ACDRV Turn-On Condition

The ACDRV controls input power MUX for both BQ25960 and main charger. In order to turn the ACDRV, all of the following conditions must be valid:

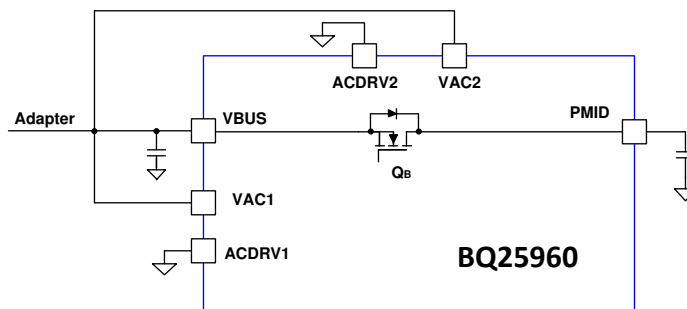
1. The corresponding AC-RB FET is populated: VAC is not short to VBUS and ACDRV is not short to ground
2. VAC is above  $V_{VACpresent}$  threshold
3. VAC is below  $V_{VACOVp}$  threshold
4. DIS\_ACDRV\_BOTH is not set to '1'
5. EN\_HIZ is not set to '1'
6. VBUS is below  $V_{VBUSpresent}$  threshold

### 9.3.5.2 Single Input from VAC to VBUS without ACFET-RBFET

In this scenario, VAC1 and VAC2 are both shorted to VBUS, ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 are pulled down to ground. The table below summarizes the VAC1/VAC2, ACDRV1/ACDRV2 connection, register control, and status functions.

**Table 9-1. Single Input without External FET Summary**

| INPUT CONFIGURATION     | SINGLE INPUT                      |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| External FET connection | No external FET                   |
| Input pin connection    | VAC1 and VAC2 short to VBUS       |
| ACDRV pin connection    | ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 short to ground |
| ACDRV1_STAT             | 0                                 |
| ACDRV2_STAT             | 0                                 |
| DIS_ACDRV_BOTH          | 1                                 |
| ACRB1_CONFIG_STAT       | 0                                 |
| ACRB2_CONFIG_STAT       | 0                                 |
| EN_HIZ                  | No impact on ACDRV                |



**Figure 9-3. Single input without ACFET-RBFET**

### 9.3.5.3 Single Input with ACFET1

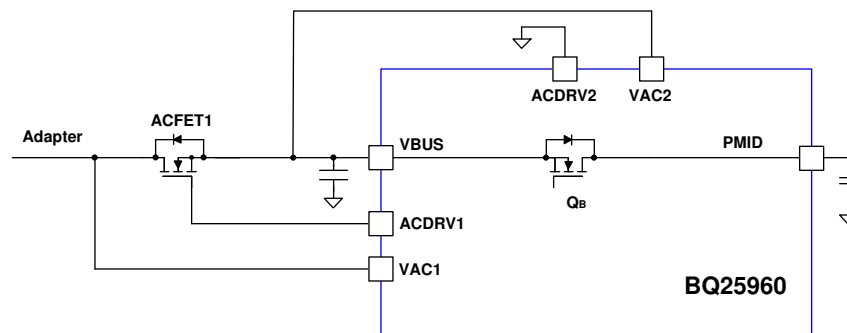
In this scenario, ACFET1 without RBFET1 is populated, but ACFET2-RBFET2 is not. VAC2 is short to VBUS and ACDRV2 is pulled down to ground. The table below summarizes the VAC1/ VAC2, ACDRV1/ACDRV2 connection, register control, and status functions. Use VAC1 for single input configuration.

**Table 9-2. Single Input with Single ACFET1**

| INPUT CONFIGURATION     | SINGLE INPUT                                         |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| External FET connection | ACFET1, no ACFET2-RBFET2                             |
| Input pin connection    | VAC1 connected to input source<br>VAC2 short to VBUS |
| ACDRV pin connection    | ACDRV1 active<br>ACDRV2 tie to ground                |

**Table 9-2. Single Input with Single ACFET1 (continued)**

| INPUT CONFIGURATION | SINGLE INPUT                                                                                  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ACDRV1_STAT         | 1: ACDRV1 is ON<br>0: ACDRV1 is OFF                                                           |
| ACDRV2_STAT         | 0                                                                                             |
| DIS_ACDRV_BOTH      | 0: Allow ACDRV1 to turn on if the conditions of ACDRV turn on are met.<br>1: Force ACDRV1 OFF |
| ACRB1_CONFIG_STAT   | 1                                                                                             |
| ACRB2_CONFIG_STAT   | 0                                                                                             |
| EN_HIZ              | 0: Allow ACDRV1 to turn on if the conditions of ACDRV turn on are met.<br>1: Force ACDRV1 OFF |

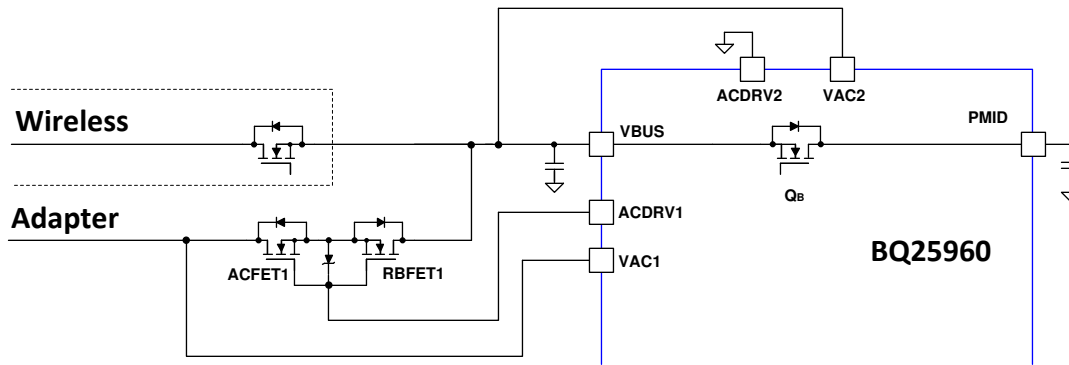
**Figure 9-4. Single Input with ACFET1**

#### 9.3.5.4 Dual Input with ACFET1-RBFET1

In this scenario, ACFET1-RBFET1 is populated, but ACFET2-RBFET2 is not. VAC2 is short to VBUS and ACDRV2 is pulled down to ground. The table below summarizes the connection, register control and status functions. Use VAC1 for adapter input and VBUS for wireless input.

**Table 9-3. Dual Input with ACFET1-RBFET1**

| INPUT CONFIGURATION     | DUAL INPUT                                                                                     |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| External FET connection | ACFET1-RBFET1, no ACFET2-RBFET2                                                                |
| Input pin connection    | VAC1 connected to input source 1<br>VAC2 short to VBUS                                         |
| ACDRV pin connection    | ACDRV1 active<br>ACDRV2 short to ground                                                        |
| ACDRV1_STAT             | 0: ACDRV1 OFF<br>1: ACDRV1 ON                                                                  |
| ACDRV2_STAT             | 0                                                                                              |
| DIS_ACDRV_BOTH          | 0: Allow ACDRV1 to turn on if other conditions of ACDRV turn on are met<br>1: Force ACDRV1 OFF |
| ACRB1_CONFIG_STAT       | 1                                                                                              |
| ACRB2_CONFIG_STAT       | 0                                                                                              |
| EN_HIZ                  | 0: Allow ACDRV1 to turn on if other conditions of ACDRV turn on are met<br>1: Force ACDRV1 OFF |



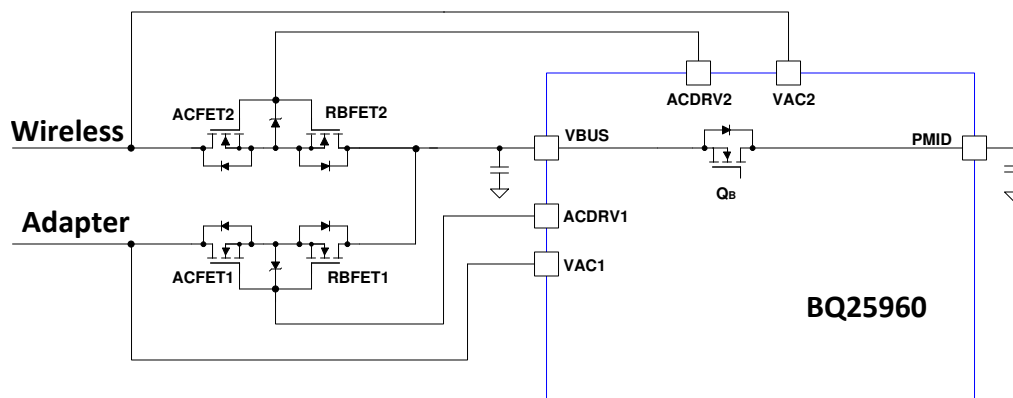
**Figure 9-5. Dual Input with ACFET-RBFET1**

#### 9.3.5.5 Dual Input with ACFET1-RBFET1 and ACFET2-RBFET2

In this scenario, both ACFET1-RBFET1 and ACFET2-RBFET2 are populated and the device supports dual input. The table below summarizes the connection, register control and status functions. Connect input with high OVP threshold to VAC1.

**Table 9-4. Dual Input with Both ACFET1-RBFET1 and ACFET2-RBFET2 Summary**

| INPUT CONFIGURATION     | DUAL INPUT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| External FET connection | ACFET1-RBFET1, ACFET1-RBFET2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Input pin connection    | VAC1 connected to input source 1<br>VAC2 connected to input source 2<br><b>No input source allowed to connect to VBUS</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ACDRV pin connection    | ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 active                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ACDRV1_STAT             | 0: ACDRV1 OFF<br>1: ACDRV1 ON<br>Once device is in dual input configuration with ACFET1-RBFET1 and ACFET2-RBFET2, the host can use this bit to swap the input between VAC1 and VAC2 if both VAC1 and VAC2 are valid.                                                                                                                      |
| ACDRV2_STAT             | 0: ACDRV2 OFF<br>1: ACDRV2 ON<br>Once device is in dual input configuration with ACFET1-RBFET1 and ACFET2-RBFET2, the host can use this bit to swap the input between VAC1 and VAC2 if both VAC1 and VAC2 are valid.                                                                                                                      |
| DIS_ACDRV_BOTH          | 0: Allow ACDRV to turn on. By default, ACDRV1 is turned on if the conditions of ACDRV turn on are met, ACDRV1_STAT=1 and ACDRV2_STAT =0. In On-The-GO (OTG) or Reverse TX Mode, refer to OTG and Reverse TX Mode Operation session for turn on precedence.<br>1: Force both ACDRV to turn off, both ACDRV1_STAT and ACDRV2_STAT become 0. |
| ACRB1_CONFIG_STAT       | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ACRB2_CONFIG_STAT       | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| EN_HIZ                  | 0: Allow ACDRV to turn on for the port w/ VAC present if the conditions of ACDRV turn on are met.<br>ACDRV1 is turned on since VAC1 is the primary input source when both VAC1 and VAC2 present and the turn on conditions are met.<br>1: Turns off both ACDRV                                                                            |



**Figure 9-6. Two Inputs with ACFET-RBFET1 and ACFET-RBFET2**

#### 9.3.5.6 OTG and Reverse TX Mode Operation

When the main charger is in OTG or reverse TX Mode, the input power MUX (ACFET-RBFET) also controls which port is desired for OTG output.

To enter OTG or reverse TX Mode, the host should follow the steps below:

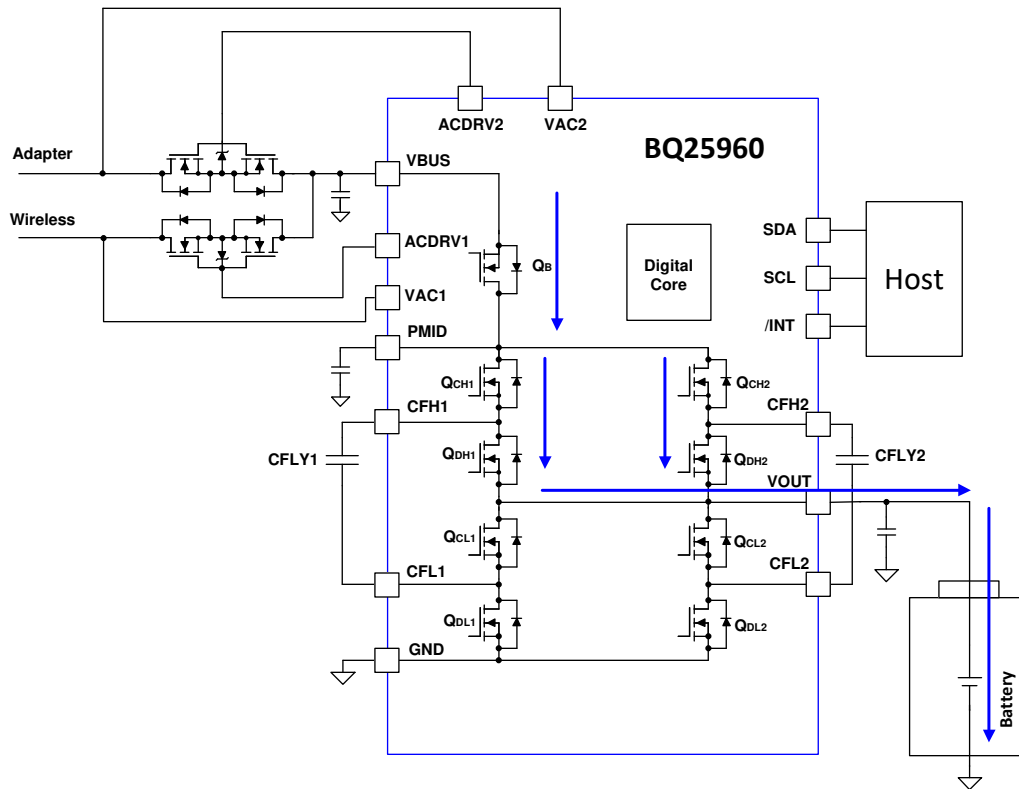
1. Host writes EN\_OTG =1
2. BQ25960 sets DIS\_ACDRV\_BOTH =1
3. Host writes DIS\_ACDRV\_BOTH=0, and then writes ACDRV1\_STAT=1 or ACDRV2\_STAT=1 depending on which port is desired for OTG or reverse TX output
4. Host enables OTG Mode on main charger
5. If VBUSOVP or VACOVP fault occurs, ACDRV will be disabled but EN\_OTG is still '1'. Host needs to write ACDRV1\_STAT high or ACDRV2\_STAT high when the fault is cleared. Set VAC1OVP and VAC2OVP to the same threshold in the OTG Mode
6. EN\_OTG is cleared when watchdog timer expires

To exit OTG or Reverse TX Mode, the host should follow the steps below:

1. Turn off main OTG or reverse TX source
2. Turn on VBUS pulldown resistor ( $R_{VBUS\_PD}$ ) by setting BUS\_PD\_EN=1 or VAC pulldown resistor  $R_{VAC\_PD}$  by setting VAC1\_PD\_EN=1 or VAC2\_PD\_EN=1, depending on which port is to be discharged
3. Wait for VBUS and VAC to be discharged
4. Turn off ACDRV by setting ACDRV1\_STAT=0 or ACDRV2\_STAT=0
5. Exit OTG Mode by setting EN\_OTG=0

#### 9.3.6 Bypass Mode Operation

When host determines the adapter support bypass mode charging, the device can enable Bypass mode by setting EN\_BYPASS=1. Blocking FET ( $Q_B$ ) and four high side switching FET (QCH1 and QDH1/ QCH2 and QDH2) are turned on to charge from adapter to battery. During Bypass Mode, when fault occurs, CHG\_EN is cleared but EN\_BYPASS stays '1'.



**Figure 9-7. BQ25960 Bypass Mode**

To change from Bypass Mode to Switched Cap Mode or from Switched Cap to Bypass Mode, the host would first set `CHG_EN=0` to stop the converter and then set `EN_BYPASS` to desired value. The host sets desired protection threshold based on the selected operation modes and then host enables charge by setting `CHG_EN=1`.

### 9.3.7 Charging Start-Up

The host can start Switched Cap or Bypass Mode charging follow the steps below:

1. Both `VBUS` and `VOUT` need to be present. Host can check the status through `VBUSPRESENT_STAT` (`REG15[2]`) and `VOUTPRESENT_STAT` (`REG15[5]`). Both of them need to be '1'.
2. Host sets all the protections to the desired thresholds. Refer to the [Device Modes and Protection Status](#) section for proper setting.
3. Host sets either Switched Cap Mode or Bypass Mode through `EN_BYPASS` bit (`REG0F[3]`) based on adapter type.
4. Host sets the desired switching frequency in Switched Cap Mode through `FSW_SET` [2:0] bits (`REG10[7:5]`).
5. Host sets `BUS` under current protection (`BUSUCP`) to 250 mA though `BUSUCP` bit (`REG05[6]`)=1
6. Host sets charger configuration bits: `CHG_CONFIG_1` (`REG05[3]`)=1.
7. Host can enable charge by setting `CHG_EN=1`.
8. Once charge has been enabled, the `CONV_ACTIVE_STAT` bit is set to '1' to indicate either switched cap or bypass is active, and current starts to flow to the battery.
9. When watchdog timer expires, `CHG_EN` is reset to '0' and charging stops. Host needs to read or write any register bit before watchdog expires, or disable watchdog timer (set `REG10[2]=1`) to prevent watchdog timer from expiring.

### 9.3.8 Adapter Removal

If adapter is removed during soft start timer, `CHG_EN` will be cleared after soft-start timer expires. The user can program the soft-start timer in `SS_TIMEOUT` register. If adapter is removed after soft-start timer expires, converter stops switching and `CHG_EN` is cleared after the deglitch time programmed in

IBUSUCP\_FALL\_DG\_SEL register. The device prevents boost back when the adapter is removed during and after the soft-start timer. To accelerate VBUS or VAC discharge after adapter removal, the user to turn on the VBUS pulldown resistor ( $R_{VBUS\_PD}$ ) and VAC pulldown current resistor ( $R_{VAC\_PD}$ ) by setting BUS\_PD\_EN or VAC1\_PD\_EN or VAC2\_PD\_EN to '1'.

### 9.3.9 Integrated 16-Bit ADC for Monitoring and Smart Adapter Feedback

The integrated 16-bit ADC of the device allows the user to get critical system information for optimizing the behavior of the charger control. The control of the ADC is done through the ADC control register. The ADC\_EN bit provides the ability to enable and disable the ADC to conserve power. The ADC\_RATE bit allows continuous conversion or one-shot behavior. The ADC\_AVG bit enables or disables (default) averaging. ADC\_AVG\_INIT starts average using the existing (default) or using a new ADC value.

To enable the ADC, the ADC\_EN bit must be set to '1'. The ADC is allowed to operate if the  $V_{VAC} > V_{VACPRESENT}$ ,  $V_{VBUS} > V_{VBUSPRESENT}$  or  $V_{VOUT} > V_{VOUTPRESENT}$  is valid. If ADC\_EN is set to '1' before VAC, VBUS or VOUT reach their respective PRESENT threshold, then the ADC conversion will be postponed until one of the power supplies reaches the threshold.

The ADC\_SAMPLE bits control the sample speed of the ADC, with conversion times of  $t_{ADC\_CONV}$ . The integrated ADC has two rate conversion options: a 1-shot mode and a continuous conversion mode set by the ADC\_RATE bit. By default, all ADC parameters will be converted in 1-shot or continuous conversion mode unless disabled in the ADC CONTROL 1 and ADC\_CONTROL 2 register. If an ADC parameter is disabled by setting the corresponding bit in the ADC CONTROL 1 and ADC\_CONTROL 2 register, then the value in that register will be from the last valid ADC conversion or the default POR value (all zeros if no conversions have taken place). If an ADC parameter is disabled in the middle of an ADC measurement cycle, the device will finish the conversion of that parameter, but will not convert the parameter starting the next conversion cycle. Even though no conversion takes place when all ADC measurement parameters are disabled, the ADC circuitry is active and ready to begin conversion as soon as one of the bits in the ADC CONTROL 1 and ADC\_CONTROL 2 register is set to '0'.

The ADC\_DONE\_\* bits signal when a conversion is complete in 1-shot mode only. During continuous conversion mode, the ADC\_DONE\_\* bits have no meaning and will be '0'.

ADC conversion operates independently of the faults present in the device. ADC conversion will continue even after a fault has occurred (such as one that causes the power stage to be disabled), and the host must set ADC\_EN = '0' to disable the ADC. ADC readings are only valid for DC states and not for transients. When host writes ADC\_EN=0, the ADC stops immediately. If the host wants to exit ADC more gracefully, it is possible to do either of the following:

1. Write ADC\_RATE to one-shot, and the ADC will stop at the end of a complete cycle of conversions, or
2. Write all the DIS bits low, and the ADC will stop at the end of the current measurement.

When external sense resistor (RSNS) is placed and IBATADC is used, it is recommended to use 375-kHz switching frequency.

### 9.3.10 Device Modes and Protection Status

Table 9-5 shows the features and modes of the device depending on the conditions of the device.

**Table 9-5. Device Modes and Protection Status**

| FUNCTIONS AVAILABLE      | STATE                                           |                 |                           |                          |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
|                          | BATTERY ONLY VAC1/<br>VAC2/ VBUS NOT<br>PRESENT | INPUT PRESENT   | INPUT PRESENT             | INPUT PRESENT            |
|                          |                                                 | CHARGE DISABLED | DURING SOFTSTART<br>TIMER | AFTER SOFTSTART<br>TIMER |
| I <sup>2</sup> C allowed | X                                               | X               | X                         | X                        |
| ADC                      | X                                               | X               | X                         | X                        |
| ACDRV gate drive         |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |

**Table 9-5. Device Modes and Protection Status (continued)**

| FUNCTIONS AVAILABLE | STATE                                           |                 |                           |                          |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
|                     | BATTERY ONLY VAC1/<br>VAC2/ VBUS NOT<br>PRESENT | INPUT PRESENT   | INPUT PRESENT             | INPUT PRESENT            |
|                     |                                                 | CHARGE DISABLED | DURING SOFTSTART<br>TIMER | AFTER SOFTSTART<br>TIMER |
| VACOV               |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| TDIE_ALM            |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| TDIE_TFL            |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| BUSOV               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |
| BUSOC               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |
| BATOV               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |
| BATOC               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |
| BATUC               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |
| VOUTOV              |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| TSBUS_FLT           |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| TSBAT_FLT           |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| BUSOV               |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| BATOV               |                                                 | X               | X                         | X                        |
| BATOC               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |
| BUSOC               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |
| BUSUC               |                                                 |                 |                           | X                        |
| BUSRC               |                                                 |                 | X                         | X                        |

Tripping any of these protections causes  $Q_B$  to be off and converter stops switching. Masking the fault or alarm does NOT disable the protection, but only keeps an  $\overline{INT}$  from being triggered by the event. Disabling the fault or alarm protection other than BUSUC holds that STAT and FLAG bits in reset, and also prevents an interrupt from occurring. Disable BUSUC protection still sets STAT and FLAG bits and sends interrupt to alert host but keeps converter running when triggered.

When any OVP, OCP, RCP or overtemperature fault event is triggered, the CHG\_EN bit is set to '0' to disable charging, and the charging start-up sequence must be followed to begin charging again.

#### 9.3.10.1 Input Overvoltage, Overcurrent, Undercurrent, Reverse-Current and Short-Circuit Protection

**Input overvoltage protection with external single or back-to-back N-channel FET(s):** The device integrates the functionality of an input overvoltage protector. With external single or back-to-back N-channel FET(s), the device blocks high input voltage exceeding VACOV threshold (VAC1OV or VAC2OV). This eliminates the need for a separate OVP device to protect the overall system. The integrated VACOV feature has a response time of  $t_{VACOV}$  (the actual time to turn off external FET(s) will be longer and depends upon the FET(s) gate capacitance). The VAC1OV and VAC2OV setting is adjustable in the VAC control register. The part allows the user to have different VAC1OV and VAC2OV settings. Always put the high VACOV threshold input to VAC1.

When VAC1OV or VAC2OV is tripped, corresponding ACDRV is turned off and VAC1OV\_STAT or VAC2OV\_STAT and VAC1OV\_FLAG or VAC2OV\_FLAG is set to '1', and  $\overline{INT}$  is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by VAC1OV\_MASK or VAC2OV\_MASK). When VAC2OV is triggered, the device sends multiple interrupts when the fault persists. Use VAC1 as input unless both VAC1 and VAC2 are needed.

**Input overvoltage protection (BUSOV):** The BUSOV threshold is adjustable in the BUSOV register. When BUSOV is tripped, switched cap or bypass mode is disabled and CHG\_EN is set to '0'. BUSOV\_STAT and BUSOV\_FLAG is set to '1', and  $\overline{INT}$  is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by BUSOV\_MASK). The start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging.

**Input overcurrent protection (BUSOCP):** Input overcurrent protection monitors the current flow into VBUS. The overcurrent protection threshold is adjustable in the BUSOCP register. When BUSOCP is tripped, Switched Cap or Bypass Mode is disabled and CHG\_EN is set to '0'. BUSOCP\_STAT and BUSOCP\_FLAG is set to '1', and INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by BUSOCP\_MASK). The start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging.

**Input undercurrent protection (BUSUCP):** BUS undercurrent protection (UCP) is implemented to detect adapter unplug. Set BUSUCP = 1 (REG05[6]) before enable charge. When BUSUCP is enabled (BUSUCP\_DIS=0), if the current is below BUSUCP after soft start timer (programmable in SS\_TIMEOUT[2:0]) expires, Switched Cap or Bypass Mode is disabled and CHG\_EN is set to '0'. BUSUCP\_STAT and BUSUCP\_FLAG is set to '1', and INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by BUSUCP\_MASK). The start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging. The deglitch time for BUSUCP is programmable in IBUSUCP\_FALL\_DG\_SET[1:0] register. Please note that BUSUCP deglitch time needs to be set shorter than soft start timer in order for BUSUCP to be effective.

When BUSUCP is disabled (BUSUCP\_DIS=1), if the current is below BUSUCP after soft-start timer expires, CHG\_EN is not set to '0', BUSUCP\_STAT and BUSUCP\_FLAG is set to '1', and INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by BUSUCP\_MASK). The host can determine if charge needs to be stopped in this case.

**Input reverse-current protection (BUSRCP):** The device monitors the current flow from VBUS to VBAT to ensure there is no reverse current (current flow from VBAT to VBUS). In an event that a reverse current flow is detected when BUSRCP\_DIS is set to '0', the Switched Cap or Bypass is disabled and CHG\_EN is set to '0'. The start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging. To disable BUSRCP, set REG05[1:0] to '00' and then set BUSRCP\_DIS=1.

RCP is always active when converter is switching and BUSRCP\_DIS is set to '0'. When RCP is tripped, BUSRCP\_STAT and BUSRCP\_FLAG is set to '1', and INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by BUSRCP\_MASK).

**Input overvoltage and overcurrent protection alarm (BUSOVP\_ALM and BUSOCP\_ALM):** In addition to input overvoltage and overcurrent, the device also integrates alarm function BUSOVP\_ALM and BUSOCP\_ALM. When alarm is triggered, the corresponding STAT and FLAG bit is set to '1' and INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless it is masked by the MASK bit). However, CHG\_EN is not cleared and host can reduce input voltage or input current to prevent VBUS reaching VBUSOVP threshold or IBUS reaching IBUSOCP threshold.

**VBUS\_ERRHI:** the device monitors VBUS to VOUT voltage ratio. If VBUS/VOUT is greater than VBUS\_ERRHI\_RISING threshold, the converter does not switch but CHG\_EN is kept at '1'. The converter automatically starts switching when the VBUS/VOUT drops below VBUS\_ERRHI\_FALLING threshold.

### 9.3.10.2 Battery Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protection

**BATOVP and BATOVP\_ALM:** The device integrates both overcurrent and overvoltage protection for the battery. The device monitors the battery voltage on BATP and BATN\_SRP. In order to reduce the possibility of battery terminal shorts during manufacturing, 100-Ω series resistors on BATP is required. If external sense resistor is not used, place 100-Ω series resistors on BATN as well. The device is intended to be operated within the window formed by the BATOVP and BATOVP\_ALM. When the BATOVP\_ALM is reached, an interrupt is sent to the host to reduce the charge current and thereby not reaching the BATOVP threshold. If BATOVP is reached, the switched cap or bypass is disabled and CHG\_EN is set to '0', and the start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging. At the same time, BATOVP\_STAT and BATOVP\_FLAG are set to '1', and INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by BATOVP\_MASK). BATOVP and BATOVP\_ALM is disabled when BATOVP\_DIS and BATOVP\_ALM\_DIS is set to '1'.

**BATOCP and BATOCP\_ALM:** The device monitors current through the battery by monitoring the voltage across the external series battery sense resistor. The differential voltage of this sense resistor is measured on BATN\_SRP and SRN\_SYNCIN. The device is intended to be operated within the window formed by the BATOCP and BATOCP\_ALM. When the BATOCP\_ALM is reached, an interrupt is sent to the host to reduce the charge current from reaching the BATOCP threshold. If BATOCP is reached, the Switched Cap or Bypass is disabled after a deglitch time of t<sub>BATOCP</sub> and CHG\_EN is set to '0', and the start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging. At the same time, BATOCP\_STAT and BATOCP\_FLAG are set to '1', and INT is asserted

low to alert the host (unless masked by BATOCP\_MASK). BATOCP and BATOCP\_ALM is disabled when BATOCP\_DIS and BATOCP\_ALM\_DIS is set to '1'.

**VOUOV**: The device also monitors output voltage between VOUT and ground in case of battery removal to protect the system. If VOUOV is reached and VOUOV\_DIS=0, the Switched Cap or Bypass is disabled and CHG\_EN is set to '0', and the start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging. At the same time, VOUOV\_STAT and VOUOV\_FLAG is set to '1', and INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by VOUOV\_MASK). If VOUOV\_DIS =1, the protection is disabled.

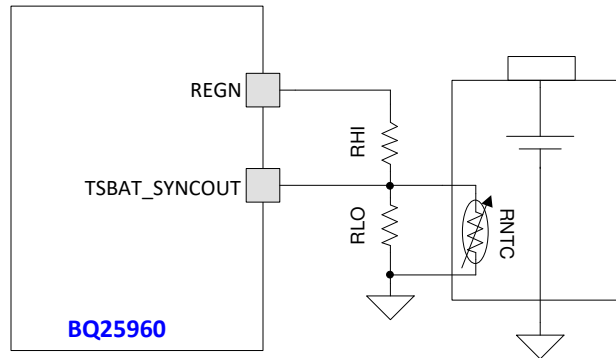
### 9.3.10.3 IC Internal Thermal Shutdown, TSBUS, and TSBAT Temperature Monitoring

The device has three temperature sensing mechanisms to protect the device and system during charging:

1. TSBUS for monitoring the cable connector temperature
2. TSBAT for monitoring the battery temperature
3. TDIE for monitoring the internal junction temperature of the device

The TSBUS and TSBAT both rely on a resistor divider that has an external pullup voltage to REGN. Place a negative coefficient thermistor (NTC) in parallel to the low-side resistor. A fault on the TSBUS and TSBAT pin is triggered on the falling edge of the voltage threshold, signifying a "hot" temperature. The threshold is adjusted using the TSBUS\_FLT and TSBAT\_FLT registers.

The typical TS resistor network on TSBAT\_SYNCOUT is illustrated in [Figure 9-8](#). The resistor network on TSBUS is the same.



**Figure 9-8. TSBAT\_SYNCOUT Resistor Network**

The RLO and RHI resistors should be chosen depending on the NTC used. If a 10-kΩ NTC is used, use 10-kΩ resistors for RLO and RHI. If a 100-kΩ NTC is used, use 100-kΩ resistors for RLO and RHI. The ratio of VTS/REGN can be from 0% to 50%, and the voltage at the TS pin is determined by the following equation.

$$TSBUS \text{ or } TSBAT (V) = \frac{\frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_{NTC}} + \frac{1}{R_{LO}}\right)}}{R_{HI} + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_{NTC}} + \frac{1}{R_{LO}}\right)}} \times V_{REGN} \quad (1)$$

The percentage of the TS pin voltage is determined by the following equation.

$$TSBUS \text{ or } TSBAT (\%) = \frac{\frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_{NTC}} + \frac{1}{R_{LO}}\right)}}{R_{HI} + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_{NTC}} + \frac{1}{R_{LO}}\right)}} \quad (2)$$

Additionally, the device measures internal junction temperature, with adjustable threshold TDIE\_FLT in TDIE\_FLT register.

If the TSBUS\_FLT, TSBAT\_FLT, and TDIE\_FLT thresholds are reached, the Switched Cap or Bypass Mode is disabled and CHG\_EN is set to '0', and the start-up sequence must be followed to resume charging. The corresponding STAT and FLAG bit is set to '1' unless it is masked by the MASK bit. If TSBUS, TSBAT, or TDIE protections are not used, the functions can be disabled in the register by setting the TSBUS\_FLT\_DIS, TSBAT\_FLT\_DIS, or TDIE\_FLT\_DIS bit to '1'.

TSBUS\_TSBAT\_ALM\_STAT and FLAG is set to '1' unless it is masked by corresponding mask bit when one of the following conditions is met: 1) TSBUS is within 5% of TSBUS\_FLT threshold or 2) TSBAT is within of TSBAT\_FLT. If the TSBUS\_FLT or TSBAT\_FLT is disabled, it will not trigger a TSBUS\_TSBAT\_ALM interrupt. Using the TDIE\_ALM register, an alarm can be set to notify the host when the device die temperature exceeds a threshold. The TDIE\_ALM\_STAT and TDIE\_ALM\_FLAG bit is set to '1' unless it is masked by TDIE\_ALM\_MASK bit. The device will not automatically stop switching when reaching the alarm threshold and the host may decide on the steps to take to lower the temperature, such as reducing the charge current.

### 9.3.11 $\overline{\text{INT}}$ Pin, STAT, FLAG, and MASK Registers

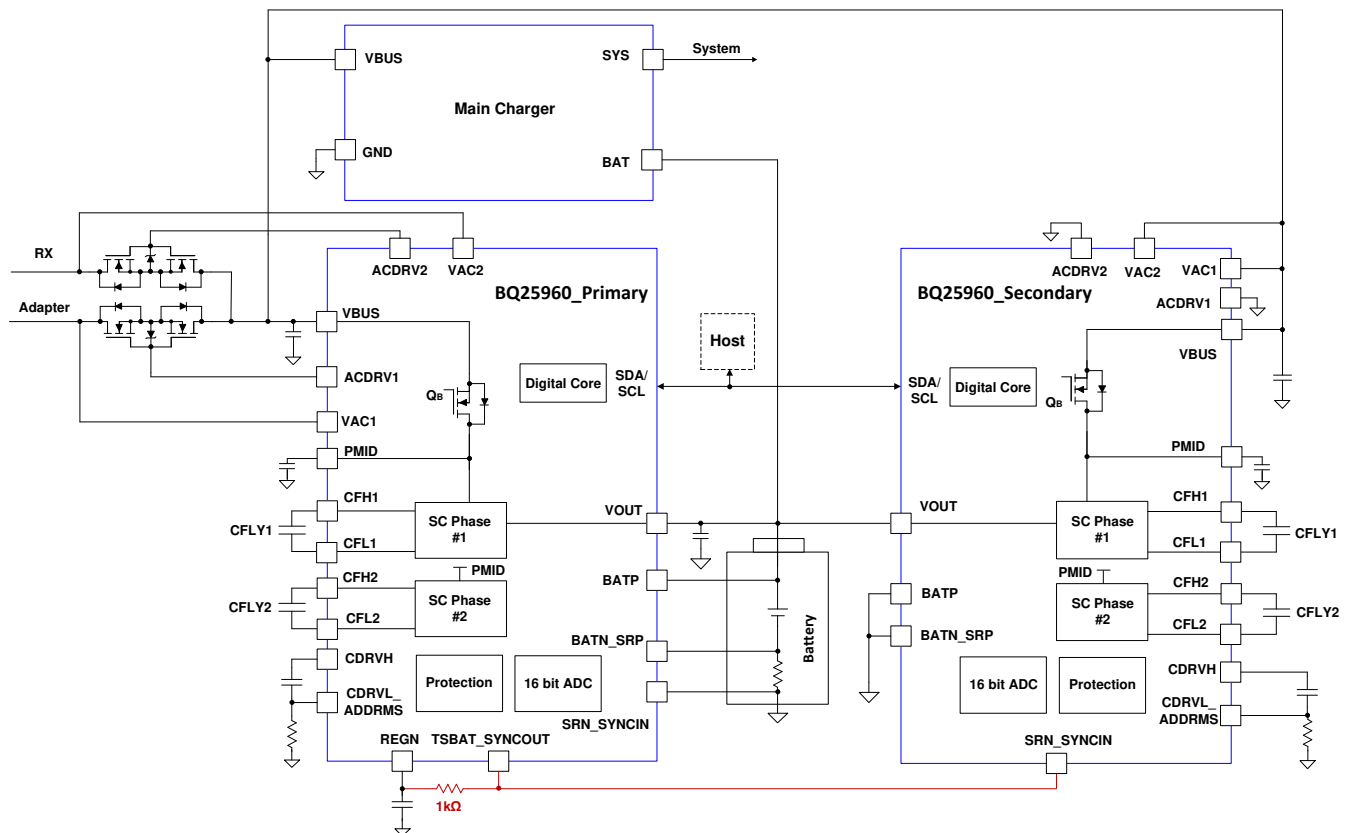
The  $\overline{\text{INT}}$  pin is an open drain pin that needs to be pulled up to a voltage with a pullup resistor.  $\overline{\text{INT}}$  is normally high and will assert low for  $t_{\text{INT}}$  when the device needs to alert the host of a fault or status change.

The fields in the STAT registers show the current status of the device, and are updated as the status changes. The fields in the FLAG registers indicate that the event has occurred, and the field is cleared when read. If the event persists after the FLAG register has been read and cleared, another  $\overline{\text{INT}}$  signal is not sent to prevent host keep receiving interrupts. The fields in the MASK registers allow the user to disable the interrupt on the  $\overline{\text{INT}}$  pin, but the STAT and FLAG registers are still updated even though  $\overline{\text{INT}}$  is not pulled low.

### 9.3.12 Dual Charger Operation Using Primary and Secondary Modes

For higher power systems, it is possible to use two devices in dual charger configuration. This allows each device to operate at lower charging current with higher efficiency compared with single device operating at the same total charging current. The CDRVL\_ADDRMS pin is used to configure the functionality of the device as Standalone, Primary or Secondary during POR. Refer to [Section 9.3.13](#) for proper setting. When configured as a primary, the TSBAT\_SYNCOUT pin functions as SYNCOUT, and the SRN\_SYNCIN pin functions as SRN. When configured as a Secondary, the TSBAT\_SYNCOUT pin functions as TSBAT, and the SRN\_SYNCIN pin functions as SYNCIN. ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 are controlled by the primary, and ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 on the secondary should be grounded. Pull the SYNCIN/SYNCOUT pins to REGN on the primary BQ25960 through a 1-k $\Omega$  resistor. The maximum switching frequency in primary and secondary mode is 500 kHz.

The dual charger can operate in Primary and Secondary Mode in Bypass Mode as well. In both Bypass and Switched Cap Mode, the current distribution between the two devices depends on loop impedance and the chargers do not balance it. In order balance the current, the board layout needs to be as symmetrical as possible.



**Figure 9-9. Parallel Operation of BQ25960**

### 9.3.13 CDRVH and CDRVL\_ADDRMS Functions

The device requires a cap between the CDRVH and CDRVL\_ADDRMS pin to operate correctly. The CDRVL\_ADDRMS pin also allows setting the default I<sup>2</sup>C address and device operation mode. Pull to GND with a resistor for the desired setting shown in [Table 9-6](#). The surface mount resistor with  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance is recommended. After POR, the host can read back the device's configuration from MS register (REG12[1:0]).

**Table 9-6. I<sup>2</sup>C Address and Mode Selection**

| R <sub>ADDRMS</sub> (kΩ) | I <sup>2</sup> C ADDRESS | CONFIGURATION            |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| >75.0                    | 0x65                     | Standalone               |
| 6.19                     | 0x67                     | Standalone               |
| 8.06                     | 0x66                     | Dual charger (Secondary) |
| 10.5                     | 0x66                     | Dual charger (Primary)   |
| 14.0                     | 0x66                     | Standalone               |
| 18.2                     | 0x67                     | Dual charger (Secondary) |
| 27.4                     | 0x65                     | Dual charger (Primary)   |

## 9.4 Programming

The device uses an I<sup>2</sup>C compatible interface to program and read many parameters. I<sup>2</sup>C is a 2-wire serial interface developed by NXP (formerly Philips Semiconductor, see I<sup>2</sup>C BUS Specification, Version 5, October 2012). The BUS consists of a data line (SDA) and a clock line (SCL) with pullup structures. When the BUS is idle, both SDA and SCL lines are pulled high. All the I<sup>2</sup>C compatible devices connect to the I<sup>2</sup>C BUS through open drain I/O terminals, SDA and SCL. A master device, usually a microcontroller or digital signal processor, controls the BUS. The master is responsible for generating the SCL signal and device addresses. The master

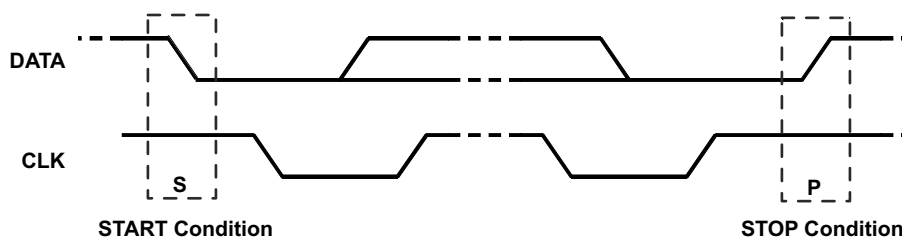
also generates specific conditions that indicate the START and STOP of data transfer. A slave device receives and/or transmits data on the BUS under control of the master device.

The device works as a slave and supports the following data transfer modes, as defined in the I<sup>2</sup>C BUS™ Specification: standard mode (100 kbps) and fast mode (400 kbps). The interface adds flexibility to the battery management solution, enabling most functions to be programmed to new values depending on the instantaneous application requirements. The I<sup>2</sup>C circuitry is powered from the battery in active battery mode. The battery voltage must stay above VBATUVLO when no VIN is present to maintain proper operation.

The data transfer protocol for standard and fast modes is exactly the same; therefore, they are referred to as the F/S-mode in this document. The device only supports 7-bit addressing. The device 7-bit address is determined by the ADDR pin on the device.

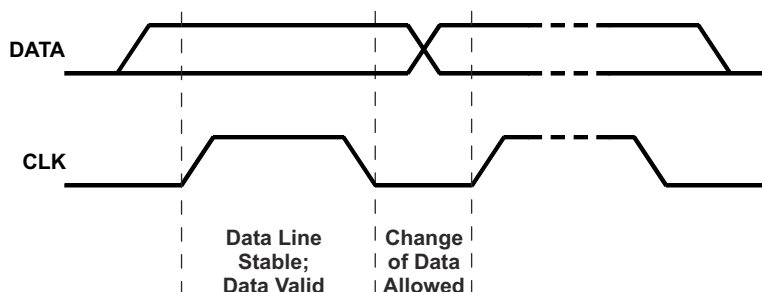
#### 9.4.1 F/S Mode Protocol

The master initiates data transfer by generating a start condition. The start condition is when a high-to-low transition occurs on the SDA line while SCL is high, as shown in the figure below. All I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible devices should recognize a start condition.

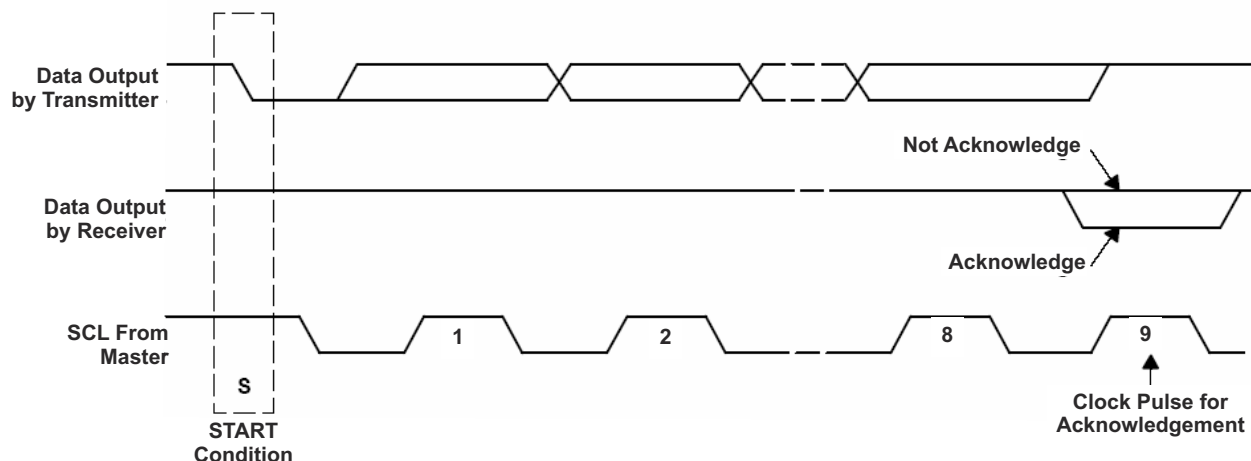


**Figure 9-10. START and STOP Condition**

The master then generates the SCL pulses, and transmits the 8-bit address and the read/write direction bit R/W on the SDA line. During all transmissions, the master ensures that data is valid. A valid data condition requires the SDA line to be stable during the entire high period of the clock pulse (see Figure 9-11). All devices recognize the address sent by the master and compare it to their internal fixed addresses. Only the slave device with a matching address generates and acknowledge (see Figure 9-12) by pulling the SDA line low during the entire high period of the ninth SCL cycle. Upon detecting this acknowledge, the master knows that communication link with a slave has been established.

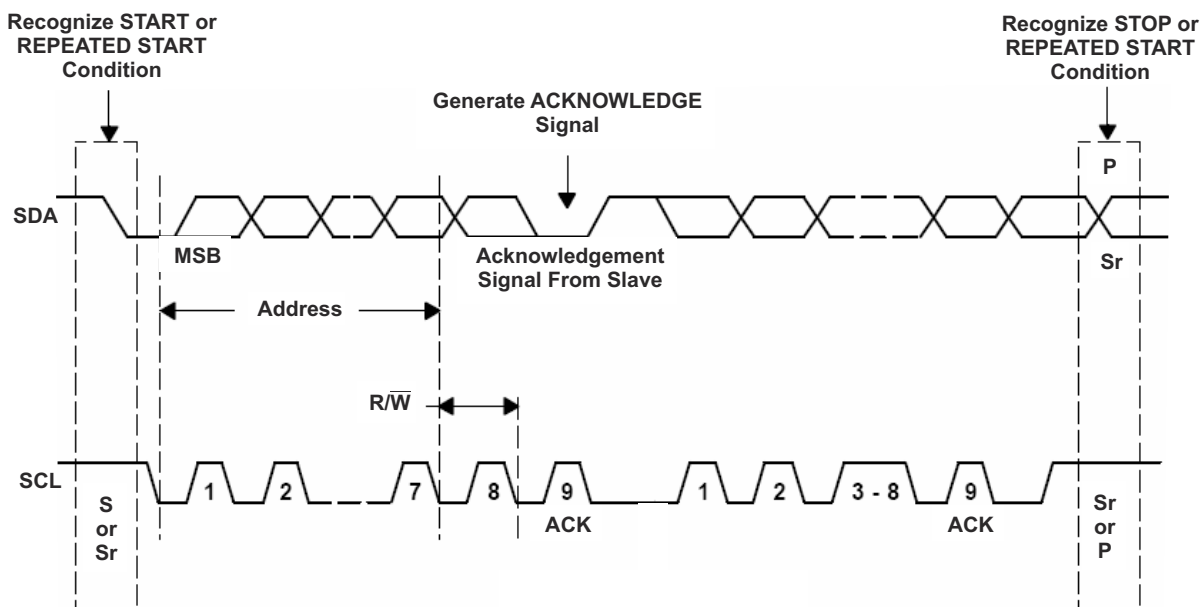


**Figure 9-11. Bit Transfer on the Serial Interface**



**Figure 9-12. Acknowledge on the I<sup>2</sup>C BUS**

The master generates further SCL cycles to either transmit data to the slave (R/W bit 0) or receive data from the slave (R/W bit 1). In either case, the receiver needs to acknowledge the data sent by the transmitter. An acknowledge signal can either be generated by the master or by the slave, depending on which one is the receiver. The 9-bit valid data sequences consisting of 8-bit data and 1-bit acknowledge can continue as long as necessary. To signal the end of the data transfer, the master generates a stop condition by pulling the SDA line from low to high while the SCL line is high (see [Figure 9-13](#)). This releases the BUS and stops the communication link with the addressed slave. All I<sup>2</sup>C compatible devices must recognize the stop condition. Upon the receipt of a stop condition, all devices know that the BUS is released, and wait for a start condition followed by a matching address. If a transaction is terminated prematurely, the master needs to send a STOP condition to prevent the slave I<sup>2</sup>C logic from remaining in an incorrect state. Attempting to read data from register addresses not listed in this section will result in 0xFFh being read out.



**Figure 9-13. BUS Protocol**

## 9.5 Register Maps

### 9.5.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Registers

Table 9-7 lists the I<sup>2</sup>C registers. All register offset addresses not listed in Table 9-7 should be considered as reserved locations and the register contents should not be modified. All register bits marked 'RESERVED' in Field column should not be modified.

**Table 9-7. I<sup>2</sup>C Registers**

| Offset | Acronym                 | Register Name     | Section            |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 0h     | REG00_BATOV             | BATOV             | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 1h     | REG01_BATOV_ALM         | BATOV_ALM         | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 2h     | REG02_BATOC             | BATOC             | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 3h     | REG03_BATOC_ALM         | BATOC_ALM         | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 4h     | REG04_BATUCP_ALM        | BATUCP_ALM        | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 5h     | REG05_CHARGER_CONTROL 1 | CHARGER_CONTROL 1 | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 6h     | REG06_BUSOV             | BUSOV             | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 7h     | REG07_BUSOV_ALM         | BUSOV_ALM         | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 8h     | REG08_BUSOC             | BUSOC             | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 9h     | REG09_BUSOC_ALM         | BUSOC_ALM         | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| Ah     | REG0A_TEMP_CONTROL      | TEMP CONTROL      | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| Bh     | REG0B_TDIE_ALM          | TDIE_ALM          | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| Ch     | REG0C_TSBUS_FLT         | TSBUS_FLT         | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| Dh     | REG0D_TSBAT_FLT         | TSBAT_FLT         | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| Eh     | REG0E_VAC_CONTROL       | VAC CONTROL       | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| Fh     | REG0F_CHARGER_CONTROL 2 | CHARGER CONTROL 2 | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 10h    | REG10_CHARGER_CONTROL 3 | CHARGER CONTROL 3 | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 11h    | REG11_CHARGER_CONTROL 4 | CHARGER CONTROL 4 | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 12h    | REG12_CHARGER_CONTROL 5 | CHARGER CONTROL 5 | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 13h    | REG13_STAT 1            | STAT 1            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 14h    | REG14_STAT 2            | STAT 2            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 15h    | REG15_STAT 3            | STAT 3            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 16h    | REG16_STAT 4            | STAT 4            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 17h    | REG17_STAT 5            | STAT 5            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 18h    | REG18_FLAG 1            | FLAG 1            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 19h    | REG19_FLAG 2            | FLAG 2            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 1Ah    | REG1A_FLAG 3            | FLAG 3            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 1Bh    | REG1B_FLAG 4            | FLAG 4            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 1Ch    | REG1C_FLAG 5            | FLAG 5            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 1Dh    | REG1D_MASK 1            | MASK 1            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 1Eh    | REG1E_MASK 2            | MASK 2            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 1Fh    | REG1F_MASK 3            | MASK 3            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 20h    | REG20_MASK 4            | MASK 4            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 21h    | REG21_MASK 5            | MASK 5            | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 22h    | REG22_DEVICE_INFO       | DEVICE INFO       | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 23h    | REG23_ADC_CONTROL 1     | ADC_CONTROL 1     | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 24h    | REG24_ADC_CONTROL 2     | ADC_CONTROL 2     | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 25h    | REG25_IBUS_ADC          | IBUS_ADC          | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 27h    | REG27_VBUS_ADC          | VBUS_ADC          | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 29h    | REG29_VAC1_ADC          | VAC1_ADC          | <a href="#">Go</a> |

**Table 9-7. I<sup>2</sup>C Registers (continued)**

| Offset | Acronym         | Register Name | Section            |
|--------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 2Bh    | REG2B_VAC2_ADC  | VAC2_ADC      | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 2Dh    | REG2D_VOUT_ADC  | VOUT_ADC      | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 2Fh    | REG2F_VBAT_ADC  | VBAT_ADC      | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 31h    | REG31_IBAT_ADC  | IBAT_ADC      | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 33h    | REG33_TSBUS_ADC | TSBUS_ADC     | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 35h    | REG35_TSBAT_ADC | TSBAT_ADC     | <a href="#">Go</a> |
| 37h    | REG37_TDIE_ADC  | TDIE_ADC      | <a href="#">Go</a> |

Complex bit access types are encoded to fit into small table cells. [Table 9-8](#) shows the codes that are used for access types in this section.

**Table 9-8. I2C Access Type Codes**

| Access Type            | Code | Description                            |
|------------------------|------|----------------------------------------|
| Read Type              |      |                                        |
| R                      | R    | Read                                   |
| Write Type             |      |                                        |
| W                      | W    | Write                                  |
| Reset or Default Value |      |                                        |
| -n                     |      | Value after reset or the default value |

#### 9.5.1.1 REG00\_BATOVP Register (Offset = 0h) [reset = 5Ah]

REG00\_BATOVP is shown in [Table 9-9](#)

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BATOVP

**Table 9-9. REG00\_BATOVP Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field      | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|------------|------|-------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATOVP_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BATOVP<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 6-0 | BATOVP_6:0 | R/W  | 5Ah   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Battery Overvoltage Setting. When the battery voltage reaches the programmed threshold, Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0'. The host controller should monitor the bus voltage to ensure that the adapter keeps the voltage under the BATOVP threshold for proper operation.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 4390 mV (5Ah)<br>Range : 3491 mV - 4759 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 3491 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 9.985 mV |

#### 9.5.1.2 REG01\_BATOVP\_ALM Register (Offset = 1h) [reset = 46h]

REG01\_BATOVP\_ALM is shown in [Table 9-10](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BATOVP\_ALM

**Table 9-10. REG01\_BATOVP\_ALM Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATOVP_ALM_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BATOVP_ALM<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 6-0 | BATOVP_ALM_6:0 | R/W  | 46h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | When battery voltage goes above the programmed threshold, an INT is sent.<br>The BATOVP_ALM should be set lower than BATOVP and the host controller should monitor the battery voltage to ensure that the adapter keeps the voltage under BATOVP threshold for proper operation.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 4200 mV (46h)<br>Range : 3500 mV - 4770 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 3500 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 10 mV |

**9.5.1.3 REG02\_BATOCPP Register (Offset = 2h) [reset = 47h]**

REG02\_BATOCPP is shown in [Table 9-11](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BATOCPP

**Table 9-11. REG02\_BATOCPP Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field       | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----|-------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATOCPP_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BATOCPP<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 6-0 | BATOCPP_6:0 | R/W  | 47h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Battery Overcurrent Protection Setting. When battery current reaches the programmed threshold, the Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are disabled and CHG_EN is set to '0'. The host controller should monitor the battery current to ensure that the adapter keeps the current under the threshold for proper operation.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 7277.5 mA (47h)<br>Range : 2050 mA - 8712.5 mA<br>Fixed Offset : 0 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 102.5 mA |

**9.5.1.4 REG03\_BATOCPP\_ALM Register (Offset = 3h) [reset = 46h]**

REG03\_BATOCPP\_ALM is shown in [Table 9-12](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BATOCPP\_ALM

**Table 9-12. REG03\_BATOCPP\_ALM Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                 |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATOCPP_ALM_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BATOCPP_ALM<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable |

**Table 9-12. REG03\_BATOCAP\_ALM Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6-0 | BATOCAP_ALM_6:0 | R/W  | 46h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Battery Overcurrent Alarm Setting. When battery current reaches the programmed threshold, an $\overline{\text{INT}}$ is sent. The BATOCAP_ALM should be set lower than BATOCAP and the host controller should monitor the battery current to ensure that the adapter keeps the current under BATOCAP threshold for proper operation.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 7000 mA (46h)<br>Range : 0 mA - 12700 mA<br>Fixed Offset : 0 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 100 mA |

#### 9.5.1.5 REG04\_BATUCP\_ALM (Offset = 4h) [reset = 28h]

REG04\_BATUCP\_ALM is shown in [Table 9-13](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BATUCP\_ALM

**Table 9-13. REG04\_BATUCP\_ALM Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATUCP_ALM_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BATUCP_ALM<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 6-0 | BATUCP_ALM_6:0 | R/W  | 28h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Battery Undercurrent Alarm setting. When battery current falls below the programmed threshold, an $\overline{\text{INT}}$ is sent. The host controller should monitor the battery current to determine when to disable the device and hand over charging to the main charger.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 2000 mA (28h)<br>Range : 0 mA - 4500 mA<br>Fixed Offset : 0 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 50 mA |

#### 9.5.1.6 REG05\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 1 Register (Offset = 5h) [reset = 2h]

REG05\_CHARGER\_CONTRL 1 is shown in [Table 9-14](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

CHARGER\_CONTROL 1

**Table 9-14. REG05\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 1 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field      | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BUSUCP_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BUSUCP<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable, BUSUCP turns off $Q_B$ and switching FETs, BUSUCP_STAT and FLAG is set to '1', and $\overline{\text{INT}}$ is sent to host.<br>1h = Disable, BUSUCP does not turn off $Q_B$ or switching FETs, but BUSUCP_STAT and FLAG is set to '1', and $\overline{\text{INT}}$ is sent to host. |

**Table 9-14. REG05\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6   | BUSUCP         | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSUCP Setting. If input current is below BUSUCP threshold after soft start timer expires, the Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0' and INT is sent if BUSUCP_DIS=0. If BUSUCP_DIS=1, INT is sent to host but converter keeps running. Change this bit to '1' before CHG_EN is set to '1' in order for BUSUCP to be effective.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = RESERVED<br>1h = 250 mA |
| 5   | BUSRCP_DIS     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BUSRCP<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4   | BUSRCP         | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSRCP Setting, if IBUS is below BUSRCP threshold, the Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0' and INT is sent. Keep this bit set to '0' in order for BUSRCP to be effective.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = 300 mA<br>1h = RESERVED                                                                                                                                                     |
| 3   | CHG_CONFIG_1   | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Charger Configuration 1. Set this bit to '1' before CHG_EN is set to '1'.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0h                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2   | VBUS_ERRHI_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable VBUS_ERRHI<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable, converter does not switching, but Q <sub>B</sub> is turned on when device is in VBUS_ERRHI<br>1h = Disable, both converter and Q <sub>B</sub> is turned on when device is in VBUS_ERRHI                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1-0 | RESERVED       | R/W  | 2h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | RESERVED<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 10b                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**9.5.1.7 REG06\_BUSOVP Register (Offset = 6h) [reset = 26h]**

REG06\_BUSOVP is shown in [Table 9-15](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BUSOVP

**Table 9-15. REG06\_BUSOVP Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field     | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                            |
|-----|-----------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BUS_PD_EN | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VBUS Pulldown Resistor Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Disable<br>1h = Enable |

**Table 9-15. REG06\_BUSOVP Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field      | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|------------|------|-------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6-0 | BUSOVP_6:0 | R/W  | 26h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Bus Overvoltage Setting. When the bus voltage reaches the programmed threshold, Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0'. The host controller should monitor the bus voltage to ensure that the adapter keeps the voltage under the BUSOVP threshold for proper operation.<br>Switched cap mode:<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 8900 mV (26h)<br>Range : 7000 mV - 12750 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 7000 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 50 mV<br>Bypass Mode:<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 4450 mV (26h)<br>Range : 3500 mV - 6500 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 3500 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 25 mV |

#### 9.5.1.8 REG07\_BUSOVP\_ALM Register (Offset = 7h) [reset = 22h]

REG07\_BUSOVP\_ALM is shown in [Table 9-16](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BUSOVP\_ALM

**Table 9-16. REG07\_BUSOVP\_ALM Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BUSOVP_ALM_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BUSOVP_ALM<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 6-0 | BUSOVP_ALM_6:0 | R/W  | 22h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Bus Overvoltage Alarm Setting. When the bus voltage reaches the programmed threshold, an INT is sent. The host controller should monitor the bus voltage to ensure that the adapter keeps the voltage under the BUSOVP threshold for proper operation.<br>Switched Cap Mode:<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 8700 mV (22h)<br>Range : 7000 mV - 13350 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 7000 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 50 mV<br>Bypass Mode:<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 4350 mV (22h)<br>Range : 3500 mV - 6675 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 3500 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 25 mV |

#### 9.5.1.9 REG08\_BUSOCP Register (Offset = 8h) [reset = Bh]

REG08\_BUSOCP is shown in [Table 9-17](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BUSOCP

**Table 9-17. REG08\_BUSOCP Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field      | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----|------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7-5 | RESERVED   | R    | 0h    |                      | RESERVED                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 4-0 | BUSOCP_4:0 | R/W  | Bh    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUS Overcurrent Protection Setting. When the bus current reaches the programmed threshold, the output is disabled. The host controller should monitor the bus current to ensure that the adapter keeps the current under this threshold for proper operation.<br>Type : R/W<br>Switched Cap Mode:<br>POR: 3816 mA (Bh)<br>Range: 1017.5 mA - 4579 mA<br>Fixed Offset : 1017.5 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 254 mA<br>Bypass Mode:<br>POR: 3928 mA (Bh)<br>Range: 1047.5 mA - 6809 mA<br>Fixed Offset : 1047.5 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 262 mA |

**9.5.1.10 REG09\_BUSOCP\_ALM Register (Offset = 9h) [reset = Ch]**

REG09\_BUSOCP\_ALM is shown in [Table 9-18](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

BUSOCP\_ALM

**Table 9-18. REG09\_BUSOCP\_ALM Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BUSOCP_ALM_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable BUSOCP_ALM<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 6-5 | RESERVED       | R    | 0h    |                      | RESERVED                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 4-0 | BUSOCP_ALM_4:0 | R/W  | Ah    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Bus Overvoltage Alarm Setting. When the bus current reaches the programmed threshold, an INT is sent. The host controller should monitor the bus current to ensure that the adapter keeps the current under the BUSOCP threshold for proper operation.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 3500 mA (Ah)<br>Range : 1000 mA - 8750 mA<br>Fixed Offset : 1000 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 250 mA |

**9.5.1.11 REG0A\_TEMP\_CONTROL Register (Offset = Ah) [reset = 60h]**

REG0A\_TEMP\_CONTROL is shown in [Table 9-19](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

TEMP\_CONTROL

**Table 9-19. REG0A\_TEMP\_CONTROL Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                       |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | TDIE_FLT_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable TDIE Overtemperature Protection<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TDIE_FLT enable<br>1h = TDIE_FLT disable |

**Table 9-19. REG0A\_TEMP\_CONTROL Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field         | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6-5 | TDIE_FLT_1:0  | R/W  | 3h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TDIE Overtemperature Setting. When the junction temperature reaches the programmed threshold, the Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0'.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 11b<br>0h = 80C<br>1h = 100C<br>2h = 120C<br>3h = 140C |
| 4   | TDIE_ALM_DIS  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable TDIE Overtemperature Alarm<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TDIE_ALM enable<br>1h = TDIE_ALM disable                                                                                                                                              |
| 3   | TSBUS_FLT_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable TSBUS_FLT<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TSBUS_FLT enable<br>1h = TSBUS_FLT disable                                                                                                                                                             |
| 2   | TSBAT_FLT_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable TSBAT_FLT<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TSBAT_FLT enable<br>1h = TSBAT_FLT disable                                                                                                                                                             |
| 1-0 | RESERVED      | R    | 0h    |                      | RESERVED<br>Type : R<br>POR: 00b                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

#### 9.5.1.12 REG0B\_TDIE\_ALM Register (Offset = Bh) [reset = C8h]

REG0B\_TDIE\_ALM is shown in [Table 9-20](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

TDIE\_ALM

**Table 9-20. REG0B\_TDIE\_ALM Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7-0 | TDIE_ALM_7:0 | R/W  | C8h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Die Overtemperature Alarm Setting. When the junction temperature reaches the programmed threshold, an $\overline{\text{INT}}$ is sent.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 125°C (C8h)<br>Range : 25°C - 150°C<br>Fixed Offset : 25°C<br>Bit Step Size : 0.5°C |

#### 9.5.1.13 REG0C\_TSBUS\_FLT Register (Offset = Ch) [reset = 15h]

REG0C\_TSBUS\_FLT is shown in [Table 9-21](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

TSBUS\_FLT

**Table 9-21. REG0C\_TSBUS\_FLT Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field         | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7-0 | TSBUS_FLT_7:0 | R/W  | 15h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TSBUS Percentage Fault Threshold. When the TSBUS/REGN ratio drops below the programmed threshold, the Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0'.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 4.10151% (15h)<br>Range : 0% - 49.8041%<br>Fixed Offset : 0%<br>Bit Step Size : 0.19531% |

**9.5.1.14 REG0D\_TSBAT\_FLT Register (Offset = Dh) [reset = 15h]**

REG0D\_TSBAT\_FLG is shown in [Table 9-22](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

TSBAT\_FLG

**Table 9-22. REG0D\_TSBAT\_FLT Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field         | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7-0 | TSBAT_FLT_7:0 | R/W  | 15h   | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TSBAT Percentage Fault Threshold. When the TSBAT/REGN ratio drops below the programmed threshold, the Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0'.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 4.10151% (15h)<br>Range : 0% - 49.8041%<br>Fixed Offset : 0%<br>Bit Step Size : 0.19531% |

**9.5.1.15 REG0E\_VAC\_CONTROL Register (Offset = Eh) [reset = 0h]**

REG0E\_VAC\_CONTROL is shown in [Table 9-23](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

VAC\_CONTROL

**Table 9-23. REG0E\_VAC\_CONTROL Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field       | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----|-------------|------|-------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7-5 | VAC1OVP_2:0 | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC1OVP Setting. When VAC1 voltage reaches the programmed threshold, ACDRV1 is turned off.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 000b<br>0h = 6.5 V<br>1h = 10.5 V<br>2h = 12 V<br>3h = 14 V<br>4h = 16 V<br>5h = 18 V |
| 4-2 | VAC2OVP_2:0 | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC2OVP Setting. When VAC2 voltage reaches the programmed threshold, ACDRV2 is turned off.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 000b<br>0h = 6.5 V<br>1h = 10.5 V<br>2h = 12 V<br>3h = 14 V<br>4h = 16 V<br>5h = 18 V |

**Table 9-23. REG0E\_VAC\_CONTROL Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field      | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                           |
|-----|------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | VAC1_PD_EN | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Enable VAC1 Pulldown Resistor<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Disable<br>1h = Enable |
| 0   | VAC2_PD_EN | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Enable VAC2 Pulldown Resistor<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Disable<br>1h = Enable |

#### 9.5.1.16 REG0F\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 2 Register (Offset = Fh) [reset = 0h]

REG0F\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 2 is shown in [Table 9-24](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

#### CHARGER CONTROL 2

**Table 9-24. REG0F\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 2 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | REG_RST        | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | Register Reset. Reset registers to default values and reset timer. This bit automatically goes back to '0' after reset.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not reset register<br>1h = Reset register                                       |
| 6   | EN_HIZ         | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | Enable HIZ Mode. When device is in HIZ mode, converter stops switching, ADC stops converting, ACDRV is turned off and the REGN LDO is forced off.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Disable HIZ mode<br>1h = Enable HIZ mode              |
| 5   | EN_OTG         | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>WATCHDOG<br>REG_RST | Power Path Control During the OTG and Reverse TX Mode<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Don't allow host to control ACDRV(s)<br>1h = Allow host to control ACDRV(s)                                                                       |
| 4   | CHG_EN         | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>WATCHDOG<br>REG_RST | Charge Enable<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Disable charge<br>1h = Enable charge                                                                                                                                                      |
| 3   | EN_BYPASS      | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>WATCHDOG<br>REG_RST | Enable Bypass Mode<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Disable Bypass Mode<br>1h = Enable Bypass Mode                                                                                                                                       |
| 2   | DIS_ACDRV_BOTH | R/W  | 0h    |                                  | Disable Both ACDRV. When this bit is set, the device forces both ACDRV off. It is not reset by the REG_RST or the WATCHDOG.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 can be turned on<br>1h = ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 are forced off |

**Table 9-24. REG0F\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 2 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field       | Type | Reset | Note | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|-------------|------|-------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | ACDRV1_STAT | R/W  | 0h    |      | External ACFET1-RBFET1 Gate Driver Status. For dual input with two sets ACFET-RBFET, this bit can be used to swap input. It is not reset by the REG_RST or the WATCHDOG.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ACDRV1 is OFF<br>1h = ACDRV1 is ON |
| 0   | ACDRV2_STAT | R/W  | 0h    |      | External ACFET2-RBFET2 Gate Driver Status. For dual input with two sets ACFET-RBFET, this bit can be used to swap input. It is not reset by the REG_RST or the WATCHDOG.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ACDRV2 is OFF<br>1h = ACDRV2 is ON |

**9.5.1.17 REG10\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 3 Register (Offset = 10h) [reset = 83h]**

REG10\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 3 is shown in [Table 9-25](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

**CHARGER CONTROL 3****Table 9-25. REG10\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 3 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7-5 | FSW_SET_2:0  | R/W  | 4h    |                      | Set Switching Frequency in Switched Cap Mode. It is not reset by the REG_RST or the WATCHDOG.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 100b<br>0h = 187.5 kHz<br>1h = 250 kHz<br>2h = 300 kHz<br>3h = 375 kHz<br>4h = 500 kHz<br>5h = 750 kHz<br>The maximum switching frequency is 500 kHz in dual charger configuration. |
| 4-3 | WATCHDOG_1:0 | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Watchdog Timer<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 00b<br>0h = 0.5 s<br>1h = 1 s<br>2h = 5 s<br>3h = 30 s                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 2   | WATCHDOG_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Watchdog Timer Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1-0 | RESERVED     | R    | 3h    |                      | RESERVED                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**9.5.1.18 REG11\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 4 Register (Offset = 11h) [reset = 71h]**

REG11\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 4 is shown in [Table 9-26](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

**CHARGER CONTROL 4**

**Table 9-26. REG11\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 4 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field                   | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----|-------------------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | RSNS                    | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Battery Current Sense Resistor Value<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = 2 mΩ<br>1h = 5 mΩ                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 6-4 | SS_TIMEOUT_2:0          | R/W  | 7h    |                      | Soft Start Timeout to Check if Input Current is Above BUSUCP Threshold. It is not reset by the REG_RST or the WATCHDOG.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 111b<br>0h = 6.25 ms<br>1h = 12.5 ms<br>2h = 25 ms<br>3h = 50 ms<br>4h = 100 ms<br>5h = 400 ms<br>6h = 1.5 s<br>7h = 10 s |
| 3-2 | IBUSUCP_FALL_DG_SEL_1:0 | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSUCP Deglitch Timer<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 00b<br>0h = 0.01 ms<br>1h = 5 ms<br>2h = 50 ms<br>3h = 150 ms                                                                                                                                                               |
| 1-0 | RESERVED                | R/W  | 1h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | RESERVED<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 1b                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

#### 9.5.1.19 REG12\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 5 Register (Offset = 12h) [reset = 60h]

REG12\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 5 is shown in [Table 9-27](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

#### CHARGER CONTROL 5

**Table 9-27. REG12\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 5 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VOUTOVP_DIS    | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Disable VOUTOVP<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 6-5 | VOUTOVP_1:0    | R/W  | 3h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VOUTOVP Protection. When output voltage is above the programmed threshold, Q <sub>B</sub> and switching FETs are turned off and CHG_EN is set to '0'.<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 11b<br>0h = 4.7 V<br>1h = 4.8 V<br>2h = 4.9 V<br>3h = 5.0 V |
| 4-3 | FREQ_SHIFT_1:0 | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Adjust Switching Frequency<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 00b<br>0h = Nominal switching frequency set in REG10[7:5]<br>1h = Set switching frequency 10% higher than normal<br>2h = Set switching frequency 10% lower than normal                 |

**Table 9-27. REG12\_CHARGER\_CONTROL 5 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field    | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                           |
|-----|----------|------|-------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2   | RESERVED | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | RESERVED<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b                                                                                     |
| 1-0 | MS_1:0   | R    | 0h    |                      | Primary, Secondary, Standalone Operation<br>Type : R<br>POR: 00b<br>0h = Standalone<br>1h = Secondary<br>2h = Primary |

**9.5.1.20 REG13\_STAT 1 Register (Offset = 13h) [reset = 0h]**

REG13\_STAT 1 is shown in [Table 9-28](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

STAT 1

**Table 9-28. REG13\_STAT 1 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Description                                                                              |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATOVP_STAT     | R    | 0h    | BATOVP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BATOVP<br>1h = In BATOVP             |
| 6   | BATOVP_ALM_STAT | R    | 0h    | BATOVP_ALM Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BATOVP_ALM<br>1h = In BATOVP_ALM |
| 5   | VOUTOVP_STAT    | R    | 0h    | VOUTOVP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in VOUTOVP<br>1h = in VOUTOVP          |
| 4   | BATOCP_STAT     | R    | 0h    | BATOCP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BATOCP<br>1h = In BATOCP             |
| 3   | BATOCP_ALM_STAT | R    | 0h    | BATOCP_ALM Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BATOCP_ALM<br>1h = In BATOCP_ALM |
| 2   | BATUCP_ALM_STAT | R    | 0h    | BATUCP_ALM Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BATUCP_ALM<br>1h = In BATUCP_ALM |
| 1   | BUSOVP_STAT     | R    | 0h    | VBUSOVP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in VBUS OVP<br>1h = In VBUS OVP        |

**Table 9-28. REG13\_STAT 1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Description                                                                              |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | BUSOVP_ALM_STAT | R    | 0h    | BUSOVP_ALM Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BUSOVP_ALM<br>1h = In BUSOVP_ALM |

#### 9.5.1.21 REG14\_STAT 2 Register (Offset = 14h) [reset = 0h]

REG14\_STAT 2 is shown in [Table 9-29](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

STAT 2

**Table 9-29. REG14\_STAT 2 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                      |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BUSOCP_STAT     | R    | 0h    | BUSOCP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BUSOCP<br>1h = In BUSOCP                     |
| 6   | BUSOCP_ALM_STAT | R    | 0h    | BUSOCP_ALM Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BUSOCP_ALM<br>1h = In BUSOCP_ALM         |
| 5   | BUSUCP_STAT     | R    | 0h    | BUSUCP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BUSUCP<br>1h = In BUSUCP                     |
| 4   | BUSRCP_STAT     | R    | 0h    | BUSRCP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in BUSRCP<br>1h = In BUSRCP                     |
| 3   | RESERVED        | R    | 0h    | RESERVED                                                                                         |
| 2   | CFLY_SHORT_STAT | R    | 0h    | CFLY Short Detection Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = CFLY not shorted<br>1h = CFLY shorted |
| 1-0 | RESERVED        | R    | 0h    | RESERVED                                                                                         |

#### 9.5.1.22 REG15\_STAT 3 Register (Offset = 15h) [reset = 0h]

REG15\_STAT 3 is shown in [Table 9-30](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

STAT 3

**Table 9-30. REG15\_STAT 3 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Description                                                                        |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VAC1OVP_STAT | R    | 0h    | VAC1 OVP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in VAC1 OVP<br>1h = In VAC1 OVP |

**Table 9-30. REG15\_STAT 3 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field             | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                     |
|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6   | VAC2OVP_STAT      | R    | 0h    | VAC2 OVP Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in VAC2 OVP<br>1h = In VAC2 OVP                              |
| 5   | VOUTPRESENT_STAT  | R    | 0h    | VOUT Present Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VOUT not present<br>1h = VOUT present                        |
| 4   | VAC1PRESENT_STAT  | R    | 0h    | VAC1 Present Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VAC1 not present<br>1h = VAC1 present                        |
| 3   | VAC2PRESENT_STAT  | R    | 0h    | VAC2 Present Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VAC2 not present<br>1h = VAC2 present                        |
| 2   | VBUSPRESENT_STAT  | R    | 0h    | VBUS Present Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VBUS not present<br>1h = VBUS present                        |
| 1   | ACRB1_CONFIG_STAT | R    | 0h    | ACFET1-RBFET1 Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ACFET1-RBFET1 is not placed<br>1h = ACFET1-RBFET1 is placed |
| 0   | ACRB2_CONFIG_STAT | R    | 0h    | ACFET2-RBFET2 Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ACFET2-RBFET2 is not placed<br>1h = ACFET2-RBFET2 is placed |

**9.5.1.23 REG16\_STAT 4 Register (Offset = 16h) [reset = 0h]**

REG16\_STAT 4 is shown in [Table 9-31](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

STAT 4

**Table 9-31. REG16\_STAT 4 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_DONE_STAT   | R    | 0h    | ADC Conversion Status (in One-Shot Mode only)<br>Note: Always reads 0 in continuous mode<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Conversion not complete<br>1h = Conversion complete |
| 6   | SS_TIMEOUT_STAT | R    | 0h    | Soft-Start Timeout Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Device not in soft timeout<br>1h = Device in soft timeout                                                          |

**Table 9-31. REG16\_STAT 4 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field                | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----|----------------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5   | TSBUS_TSBAT_ALM_STAT | R    | 0h    | TSBUS and TSBAT ALM Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TSBUS or TSBAT threshold is NOT within 5% of the TSBUS_FLT or TSBAT_FLT set threshold<br>1h = TSBUS or TSBAT threshold is within 5% of the TSBUS_FLT or TSBAT_FLT set threshold |
| 4   | TSBUS_FLT_STAT       | R    | 0h    | TSBUS_FLT Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in TSBUS_FLT<br>1h = In TSBUS_FLT                                                                                                                                                     |
| 3   | TSBAT_FLT_STAT       | R    | 0h    | TSBAT_FLT Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in TSBAT_FLT<br>1h = In TSBAT_FLT                                                                                                                                                     |
| 2   | TDIE_FLT_STAT        | R    | 0h    | TDIE Fault Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in TDIE fault<br>1h = In TDIE fault                                                                                                                                                  |
| 1   | TDIE_ALM_STAT        | R    | 0h    | TDIE_ALM Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in TDIE_ALM<br>1h = In TDIE_ALM                                                                                                                                                        |
| 0   | WD_STAT              | R    | 0h    | I <sup>2</sup> C Watch Dog Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = WD timer expired                                                                                                                                          |

#### 9.5.1.24 REG17\_STAT 5 Register (Offset = 17h) [reset = 0h]

REG17\_STAT 5 is shown in [Table 9-32](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

STAT 5

**Table 9-32. REG17\_STAT 5 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field            | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                            |
|-----|------------------|------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | REGN_GOOD_STAT   | R    | 0h    | REGN_GOOD Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = REGN not good<br>1h = REGN good                        |
| 6   | CONV_ACTIVE_STAT | R    | 0h    | Converter Active Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Converter not running<br>1h = Converter running |
| 5   | RESERVED         | R    | 0h    | RESERVED                                                                                               |
| 4   | VBUS_ERRHI_STAT  | R    | 0h    | VBUS_ERRHI Status<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Not in VBUS_ERRHI status<br>1h = In VBUS_ERRHI status |

**Table 9-32. REG17\_STAT 5 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field    | Type | Reset | Description |
|-----|----------|------|-------|-------------|
| 3-0 | RESERVED | R    | 0h    | RESERVED    |

**9.5.1.25 REG18\_FLAG 1 Register (Offset = 18h) [reset = 0h]**

REG18\_FLAG 1 is shown in [Table 9-33](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

FLAG 1

**Table 9-33. REG18\_FLAG 1 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Description                                                                             |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATOVP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | BATOVP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BATOVP status changed         |
| 6   | BATOVP_ALM_FLAG | R    | 0h    | BATOVP_ALM Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BATOVP_ALM status changed |
| 5   | VOUTOVP_FLAG    | R    | 0h    | VOUTOVP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VOUTOVP status changed       |
| 4   | BATOCP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | BATOCP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BATOCP status changed         |
| 3   | BATOCP_ALM_FLAG | R    | 0h    | BATOCP_ALM Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BATOCP_ALM status changed |
| 2   | BATUCP_ALM_FLAG | R    | 0h    | BATUCP_ALM Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BATUCP_ALM status changed |
| 1   | BUSOVP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | BUSOVP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BUSOVP status changed         |
| 0   | BUSOVP_ALM_FLAG | R    | 0h    | BUSOVP_ALM Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BUSOVP_ALM status changed |

**9.5.1.26 REG19\_FLAG 2 Register (Offset = 19h) [reset = 0h]**

REG19\_FLAG 2 is shown in [Table 9-34](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

## FLAG 2

**Table 9-34. REG19\_FLAG 2 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Description                                                                             |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BUSOCP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | BUSOCP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BUSOCP status changed         |
| 6   | BUSOCP_ALM_FLAG | R    | 0h    | BUSOCP_ALM Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BUSOCP_ALM status changed |
| 5   | BUSUCP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | BUSUCP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BUSUCP status changed         |
| 4   | BUSRCP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | BUSRCP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = BUSRCP status changed         |
| 3   | RESERVED        | R    | 0h    | RESERVED                                                                                |
| 2   | CFLY_SHORT_FLAG | R    | 0h    | CFLY Short Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = CFLY_SHORT status changed |
| 1-0 | RESERVED        | R    | 0h    | RESERVED                                                                                |

### 9.5.1.27 REG1A\_FLAG 3 Register (Offset = 1Ah) [reset = 0h]

REG1A\_FLAG 3 is shown in [Table 9-35](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

## FLAG 3

**Table 9-35. REG1A\_FLAG 3 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field            | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                 |
|-----|------------------|------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VAC1OVP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | VAC1OVP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VAC1 OVP status changed          |
| 6   | VAC2OVP_FLAG     | R    | 0h    | VAC2OVP Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VAC2 OVP status changed          |
| 5   | VOUTPRESENT_FLAG | R    | 0h    | VOUT Present Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VOUT present status changed |
| 4   | VAC1PRESENT_FLAG | R    | 0h    | VAC1 Present Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VAC1 present status changed |

**Table 9-35. REG1A\_FLAG 3 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field             | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                 |
|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3   | VAC2PRESENT_FLAG  | R    | 0h    | VAC2 Present Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VAC2 present status changed                 |
| 2   | VBUSPRESENT_FLAG  | R    | 0h    | VBUS Present Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VBUS present status changed                 |
| 1   | ACRB1_CONFIG_FLAG | R    | 0h    | ACFET1-RBFET1_CONFIG Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = ACFET1-RBFET1_CONFIG status changed |
| 0   | ACRB2_CONFIG_FLAG | R    | 0h    | ACFET2-RBFET2_CONFIG Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = ACFET2-RBFET2_CONFIG status changed |

**9.5.1.28 REG1B\_FLAG 4 Register (Offset = 1Bh) [reset = 0h]**

REG1B\_FLAG 4 is shown in [Table 9-36](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

FLAG 4

**Table 9-36. REG1B\_FLAG 4 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field                | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                  |
|-----|----------------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_DONE_FLAG        | R    | 0h    | ADC Conversion Flag (in One-Shot Mode only)<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = ADC conversion done status changed |
| 6   | SS_TIMEOUT_FLAG      | R    | 0h    | Soft-Start Timeout Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = Soft start timeout status changed                      |
| 5   | TSBUS_TSBAT_ALM_FLAG | R    | 0h    | TSBUS_TSBAT_ALM Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = Converter active status changed                           |
| 4   | TSBUS_FLT_FLAG       | R    | 0h    | TSBUS_FLT Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = TSBUS_FLT status changed                                        |
| 3   | TSBAT_FLT_FLAG       | R    | 0h    | TSBAT_FLT Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = TSBAT_FLT status changed                                        |

**Table 9-36. REG1B\_FLAG 4 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                 |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2   | TDIE_FLT_FLAG | R    | 0h    | TDIE_FLT Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = TDIE_FLT status changed                         |
| 1   | TDIE_ALM_FLAG | R    | 0h    | TDIE_ALM Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = TDIE_ALM status changed                         |
| 0   | WD_FLAG       | R    | 0h    | I <sup>2</sup> C Watch Dog Timer Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = WD timer status changed |

#### 9.5.1.29 REG1C\_FLAG 5 Register (Offset = 1Ch) [reset = 0h]

REG1C\_FLAG 5 is shown in [Table 9-37](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

FLAG 5

**Table 9-37. REG1C\_FLAG 5 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field            | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                         |
|-----|------------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | REGN_GOOD_FLAG   | R    | 0h    | REGN_GOOD Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = REGN_GOOD status changed               |
| 6   | CONV_ACTIVE_FLAG | R    | 0h    | Converter Active Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = Converter active status changed |
| 5   | RESERVED         | R    | 0h    | RESERVED                                                                                            |
| 4   | VBUS_ERRHI_FLAG  | R    | 0h    | VBUS_ERRHI Flag<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Normal<br>1h = VBUS_ERRHI status changed             |
| 3-0 | RESERVED         | R    | 0h    | RESERVED                                                                                            |

#### 9.5.1.30 REG1D\_MASK 1 Register (Offset = 1Dh) [reset = 0h]

REG1D\_MASK 1 is shown in [Table 9-38](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

MASK 1

**Table 9-38. REG1D\_MASK 1 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                              |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BATOV_P_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BATOV_P Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BATOV_P flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BATOV_P flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |

**Table 9-38. REG1D\_MASK 1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field            | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|------------------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6   | BATOV_P_ALM_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BATOV_P_ALM Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BATOV_P_ALM flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BATOV_P_ALM flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 5   | VOUOV_P_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VOUOV_P Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VOUOV_P flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VOUOV_P flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 4   | BATOC_P_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BATOC_P Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BATOC_P flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BATOC_P flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 3   | BATOC_P_ALM_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BATOC_P_ALM Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BATOC_P_ALM flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BATOC_P_ALM flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 2   | BATUC_P_ALM_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BATUC_P_ALM Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BATUC_P_ALM flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BATUC_P_ALM flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 1   | BUSOV_P_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSOV_P Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BUSOV_P flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BUSOV_P flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 0   | BUSOV_P_ALM_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSOV_P_ALM Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BUSOV_P_ALM flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BUSOV_P_ALM flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |

**9.5.1.31 REG1E\_MASK 2 Register (Offset = 1Eh) [reset = 0h]**

REG1E\_MASK 2 is shown in [Table 9-39](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

MASK 2

**Table 9-39. REG1E\_MASK 2 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field            | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|------------------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | BUSOC_P_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSOC_P Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BUSOC_P flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BUSOC_P flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 6   | BUSOC_P_ALM_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSOC_P_ALM Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BUSOC_P_ALM flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BUSOC_P_ALM flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |

**Table 9-39. REG1E\_MASK 2 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field           | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5   | BUSUCP_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSUCP Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BUSUCP flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BUSUCP flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 4   | BUSRCP_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | BUSRCP Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = BUSRCP flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = BUSRCP flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 3   | RESERVED        | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | RESERVED                                                                                                                                                          |
| 2   | CFLY_SHORT_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | CFLY_SHORT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = CFLY_SHORT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = CFLY_SHORT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 1   | RESERVED        | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | RESERVED<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0h                                                                                                                                 |
| 0   | RESERVED        | R    | 0h    |                      | RESERVED                                                                                                                                                          |

#### 9.5.1.32 REG1F\_MASK 3 Register (Offset = 1Fh) [reset = 0h]

REG1F\_MASK 3 is shown in [Table 9-40](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

MASK 3

**Table 9-40. REG1F\_MASK 3 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field            | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|------------------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VAC1OVP_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC1OVP Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VAC1OVP flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VAC1OVP flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 6   | VAC2OVP_MASK     | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC2OVP Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VAC2OVP flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VAC2OVP flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |
| 5   | VOUTPRESENT_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VOUTPRESENT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VOUTPRESENT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VOUTPRESENT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 4   | VAC1PRESENT_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC1PRESENT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VAC1PRESENT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VAC1PRESENT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 3   | VAC2PRESENT_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC2PRESENT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VAC2PRESENT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VAC2PRESENT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |

**Table 9-40. REG1F\_MASK 3 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field             | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----|-------------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2   | VBUSPRESENT_MASK  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VBUSPRESENT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VBUSPRESENT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VBUSPRESENT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$            |
| 1   | ACRB1_CONFIG_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | ACFET1-RBFET1 CONFIG Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ACRB1_CONFIG flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = ACRB1_CONFIG flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 0   | ACRB2_CONFIG_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | ACFET2-RBFET2 CONFIG Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ACRB2_CONFIG flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = ACRB2_CONFIG flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |

**9.5.1.33 REG20\_MASK 4 Register (Offset = 20h) [reset = 0h]**

REG20\_MASK 4 is shown in [Table 9-41](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

MASK 4

**Table 9-41. REG20\_MASK 4 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field                | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----|----------------------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_DONE_MASK        | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | ADC_DONE Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = ADC_DONE flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = ADC_DONE flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$                      |
| 6   | SS_TIMEOUT_MASK      | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | SS_TIMEOUT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = SS_TIMEOUT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = SS_TIMEOUT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$                |
| 5   | TSBUS_TSBAT_ALM_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TSBUS_TSBAT_ALM Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TSBUS_TSBAT_ALM flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = TSBUS_TSBAT_ALM flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 4   | TSBUS_FLT_MASK       | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TSBUS_FLT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TSBUS_FLT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = TSBUS_FLT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$                   |
| 3   | TSBAT_FLT_MASK       | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TSBAT_FLT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TSBAT_FLT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = TSBAT_FLT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$                   |
| 2   | TDIE_FLT_MASK        | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TDIE_FLT Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TDIE_FLT flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = TDIE_FLT flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$                      |

**Table 9-41. REG20\_MASK 4 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field         | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | TDIE_ALM_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TDIE_ALM Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = TDIE_ALM flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = TDIE_ALM flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 0   | WD_MASK       | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | Watchdog Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = WD flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = WD flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$             |

#### 9.5.1.34 REG21\_MASK 5 Register (Offset = 21h) [reset = 0h]

REG21\_MASK 5 is shown in [Table 9-42](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

MASK 5

**Table 9-42. REG21\_MASK 5 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field            | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|------------------|------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | REGN_GOOD_MASK   | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | REGN_GOOD Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = REGN_GOOD flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = REGN_GOOD flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$       |
| 6   | CONV_ACTIVE_MASK | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | CONV_ACTIVE Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = CONV_ACTIVE flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = CONV_ACTIVE flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$ |
| 5   | RESERVED         | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | RESERVED<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0h                                                                                                                                    |
| 4   | VBUS_ERRHI_MASK  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VBUS_ERRHI Mask<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = VBUS_ERRHI flag produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$<br>1h = VBUS_ERRHI flag does not produce $\overline{\text{INT}}$    |
| 3-0 | RESERVED         | R    | 0h    |                      | RESERVED                                                                                                                                                             |

#### 9.5.1.35 REG22\_DEVICE\_INFO Register (Offset = 22h) [reset = 0h]

REG22\_DEVICE\_INFO is shown in [Table 9-43](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

DEVICE INFO

**Table 9-43. REG22\_DEVICE\_INFO Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Description                            |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------------------------|
| 7-4 | DEVICE_REV_3:0 | R    | 0h    | Device Revision<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0h |
| 3-0 | DEVICE_ID_3:0  | R    | 0h    | Device ID<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0h       |

### 9.5.1.36 REG23\_ADC\_CONTROL 1 Register (Offset = 23h) [reset = 0h]

REG23\_ADC\_CONTROL 1 is shown in [Table 9-44](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

ADC\_CONTROL 1

**Table 9-44. REG23\_ADC\_CONTROL 1 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field          | Type | Reset | Note                             | Description                                                                                                                                             |
|-----|----------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_EN         | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>WATCHDOG<br>REG_RST | ADC Enable<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Disable<br>1h = Enable                                                                                      |
| 6   | ADC_RATE       | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | ADC Rate<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Continuous conversion<br>1h = 1 shot                                                                          |
| 5   | ADC_AVG        | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | ADC Average<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Single value<br>1h = Running average                                                                       |
| 4   | ADC_AVG_INIT   | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | ADC Average Initial Value<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Start average using the existing register value<br>1h = Start average using a new conversion |
| 3-2 | ADC_SAMPLE_1:0 | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | ADC Sample Speed<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 00b<br>0h = 15 bit<br>1h = 14 bit<br>2h = 13 bit<br>3h = 11 bit                                                  |
| 1   | IBUS_ADC_DIS   | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | IBUS ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                |
| 0   | VBUS_ADC_DIS   | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST             | VBUS ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable                                                                                |

### 9.5.1.37 REG24\_ADC\_CONTROL 2 Register (Offset = 24h) [reset = 0h]

REG24\_ADC\_CONTROL 2 is shown in [Table 9-45](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

ADC\_CONTROL 2

**Table 9-45. REG24\_ADC\_CONTROL 2 Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                              |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VAC1_ADC_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC1 ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable |

**Table 9-45. REG24\_ADC\_CONTROL 2 Register Field Descriptions (continued)**

| Bit | Field         | Type | Reset | Note                 | Description                                                               |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6   | VAC2_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VAC2 ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable  |
| 5   | VOUT_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VOUT ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable  |
| 4   | VBAT_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | VBAT ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable  |
| 3   | IBAT_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | IBAT ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable  |
| 2   | TSBUS_ADC_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TSBUS ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable |
| 1   | TSBAT_ADC_DIS | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TSBAT ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable |
| 0   | TDIE_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0h    | Reset by:<br>REG_RST | TDIE ADC Control<br>Type : R/W<br>POR: 0b<br>0h = Enable<br>1h = Disable  |

#### 9.5.1.38 REG25\_IBUS\_ADC Register (Offset = 25h) [reset = 0h]

REG25\_IBUS\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-46](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

IBUS\_ADC

**Table 9-46. REG25\_IBUS\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------|---------------|------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | IBUS_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | IBUS ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0 mA (0h)<br>Range : 0 mA - 7000 mA<br>Switched Cap Mode:<br>Fixed Offset : 66 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 0.9972 mA<br>Bypass Mode:<br>Fixed Offset : 64 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 1.0279 mA |

### 9.5.1.39 REG27\_VBUS\_ADC Register (Offset = 27h) [reset = 0h]

REG27\_VBUS\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-47](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

VBUS\_ADC

**Table 9-47. REG27\_VBUS\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                  |
|------|---------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | VBUS_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | VBUS ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0 mV (0h)<br>Range : 0 mV - 16385 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 0 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 1.002 mV |

### 9.5.1.40 REG29\_VAC1\_ADC Register (Offset = 29h) [reset = 0h]

REG29\_VAC1\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-48](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

VAC1\_ADC

**Table 9-48. REG29\_VAC1\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                   |
|------|---------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | VAC1_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | VAC1 ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0 mV (0h)<br>Range : 0 mV - 14000 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 3 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 1.0008 mV |

### 9.5.1.41 REG2B\_VAC2\_ADC Register (Offset = 2Bh) [reset = 0h]

REG2B\_VAC2\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-49](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

VAC2\_ADC

**Table 9-49. REG2B\_VAC2\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                   |
|------|---------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | VAC2_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | VAC2 ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0 mV (0h)<br>Range : 0 mV - 14000 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 5 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 1.0006 mV |

### 9.5.1.42 REG2D\_VOUT\_ADC Register (Offset = 2Dh) [reset = 0h]

REG2D\_VOUT\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-50](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

VOUT\_ADC

**Table 9-50. REG2D\_VOUT\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                  |
|------|---------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | VOUT_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | VOUT ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0 mV (0h)<br>Range : 0 mV - 6000 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 2 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 1.0037 mV |

#### 9.5.1.43 REG2F\_VBAT\_ADC Register (Offset = 2Fh) [reset = 0h]

REG2F\_VBAT\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-51](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

VBAT\_ADC

**Table 9-51. REG2F\_VBAT\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                 |
|------|---------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | VBAT_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | VBAT ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0 mV (0h)<br>Range : 0 mV - 6000 mV<br>Fixed Offset : 1 mV<br>Bit Step Size : 1.017 mV |

#### 9.5.1.44 REG31\_IBAT\_ADC Register (Offset = 31h) [reset = 0h]

REG31\_IBAT\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-52](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

IBAT\_ADC

**Table 9-52. REG31\_IBAT\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                     |
|------|---------------|------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | IBAT_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | IBAT ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0 mA (0h)<br>Range : 0 mA - 12000 mA<br>Fixed Offset : -150 mA<br>Bit Step Size : 0.999 mA |

#### 9.5.1.45 REG33\_TSBUS\_ADC Register (Offset = 33h) [reset = 0h]

REG33\_TSBUS\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-53](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

TSBUS\_ADC

**Table 9-53. REG33\_TSBUS\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field          | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                          |
|------|----------------|------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | TSBUS_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | TSBUS ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0% (0h)<br>Range : 0% - 50%<br>Fixed Offset : 0.1%<br>Bit Step Size : 0.09860% |

#### 9.5.1.46 REG35\_TSBAT\_ADC Register (Offset = 35h) [reset = 0h]

REG35\_TSBAT\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-54](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

TSBAT\_ADC

**Table 9-54. REG35\_TSBAT\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field          | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                            |
|------|----------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | TSBAT_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | TSBAT ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0% (0h)<br>Range : 0% - 50%<br>Fixed Offset : 0.065%<br>Bit Step Size : 0.09762% |

#### 9.5.1.47 REG37\_TDIE\_ADC Register (Offset = 37h) [reset = 0h]

REG37\_TDIE\_ADC is shown in [Table 9-55](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

TDIE\_ADC

**Table 9-55. REG37\_TDIE\_ADC Register Field Descriptions**

| Bit  | Field         | Type | Reset | Description                                                                                                                 |
|------|---------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15-0 | TDIE_ADC_15:0 | R    | 0h    | TDIE ADC Reading<br>Type : R<br>POR: 0°C (0h)<br>Range : -40°C - 150°C<br>Fixed Offset : -3.5°C<br>Bit Step Size : 0.5079°C |

## 10 Application and Implementation

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### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

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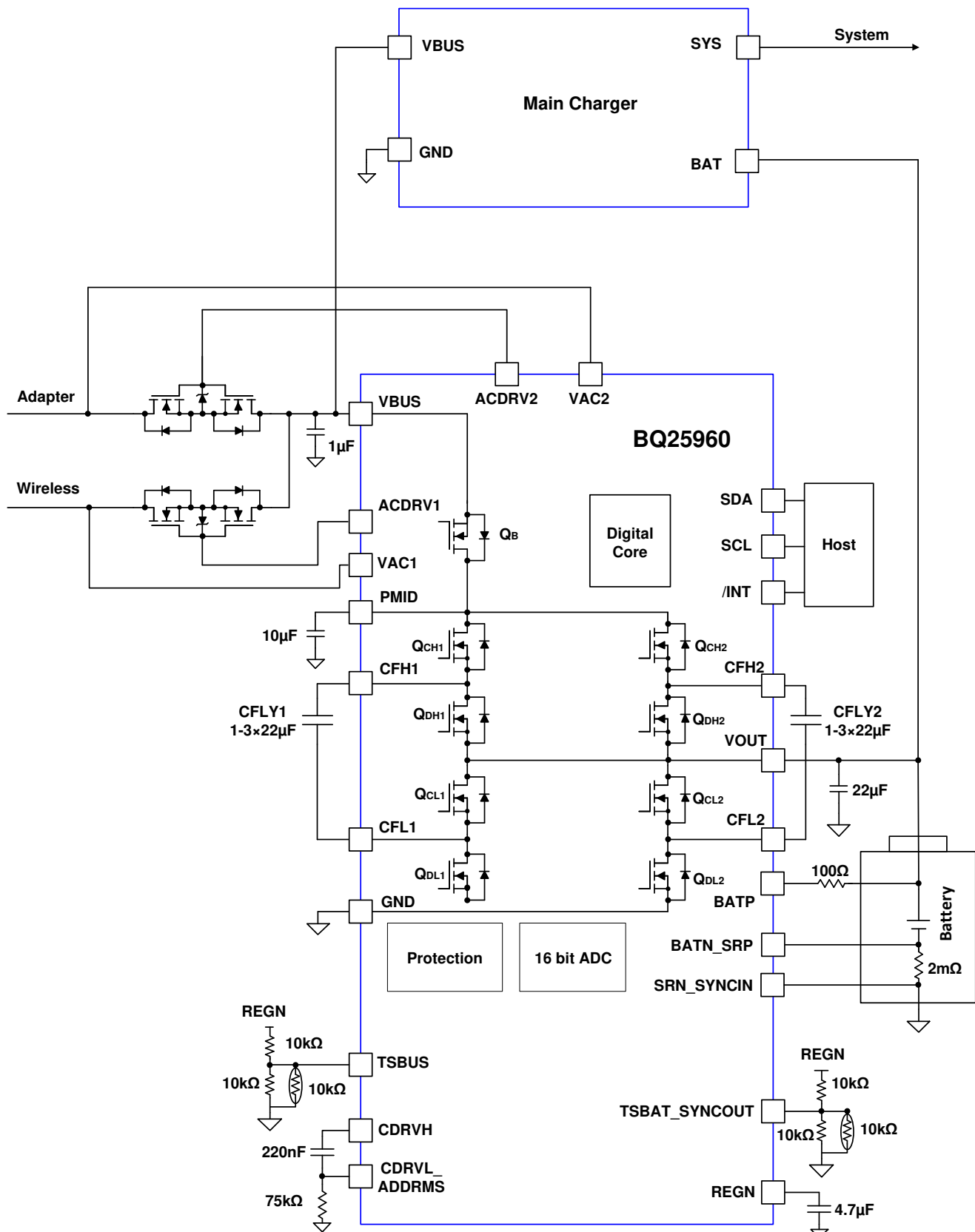
### 10.1 Application Information

A typical application consists of the device configured as an I<sup>2</sup>C controlled parallel charger along with a standard switching charger, however, it can also be used with a linear charger or PMIC with integrated charger as well. BQ25960 can start fast charging after the main charger completes pre-charging. BQ25960 will then hand back charging to the main charger when final current tapering is desired. This point is usually where the efficiency of the main charger is acceptable for the application. The device can be used to charge Li-Ion and Li-polymer batteries used in a wide range of smartphones and other portable devices. To take advantage of the high charge current capabilities of the BQ25960, it may be necessary to charge in excess of 1C. In this case, be sure to follow the battery manufacturers recommendations closely.

### 10.2 Typical Application

A typical schematic is shown below with all the optional and required components shown.

### 10.2.1 Standalone Application Information (for use with main charger)



**Figure 10-1. BQ25960 Typical Application Diagram with Dual Input**



### 10.2.1.1 Design Requirements

The design requires a smart wall adapter to provide the proper input voltage and input current to the BQ25960, following the USB\_PD Programmable Power Supply (PPS) voltage steps and current steps. The design shown is capable of charging up to 8 A, although this may not be practical for some applications due to the total power loss at this operating point. Careful consideration of the thermal constraints, space constraints, and operating conditions should be done to ensure acceptable performance.

### 10.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The first step is to determine the number of CFLY caps to put on each phase of the design. It is important to consider the current rating of the caps, their ESR, and the capacitance rating. Be sure to consider the bias voltage derating for the caps, as the CFLY caps are biased to half of the input voltage, and this will affect their effective capacitance. An optimal system will have 3 22- $\mu$ F caps per phase, for a total of 6 caps per device. It is possible to use fewer caps if the board space is limited. Using fewer caps will result in higher voltage and current ripple on the output, as well as lower efficiency.

The default switching frequency,  $f_{SW}$ , for the power stage is 500 kHz. The switching frequency can be adjusted in register 0x10h using the FSW\_SET bits. It is recommended to select 500 kHz if IBATADC is not used and 375 kHz if IBATADC is used.

It is recommended to use 1- $\mu$ F cap on VBUS, 10- $\mu$ F cap on PMID and 22- $\mu$ F cap on VOUT.

### 10.2.1.3 Application Curves

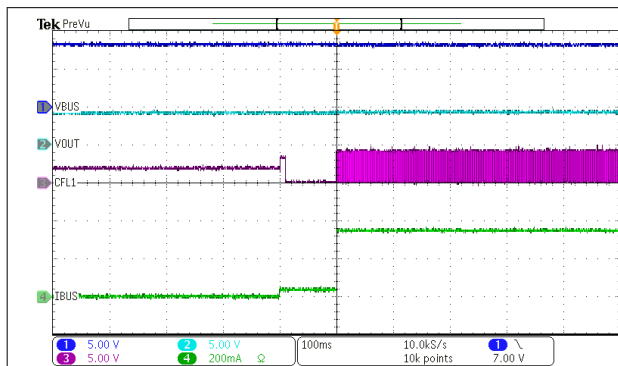


Figure 10-3. Switched Cap Mode Power Up

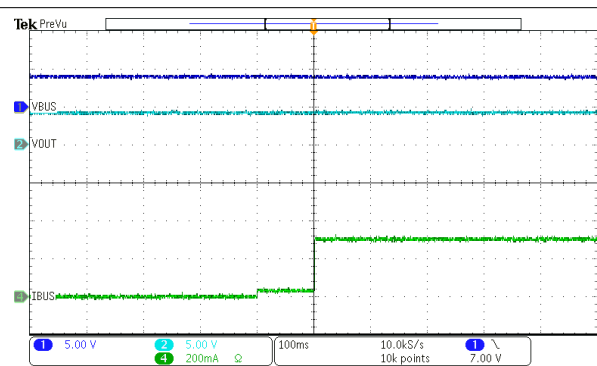


Figure 10-4. Bypass Mode Power Up

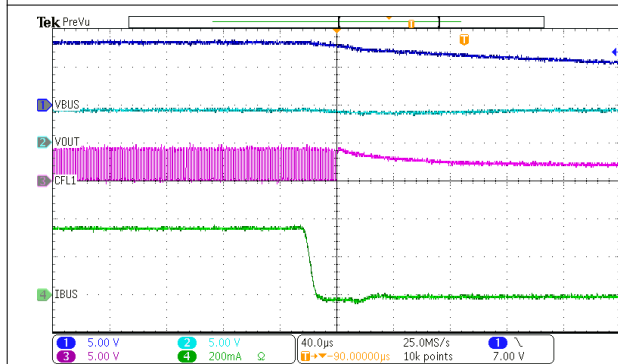


Figure 10-5. Adapter Unplug in Switched Cap Mode

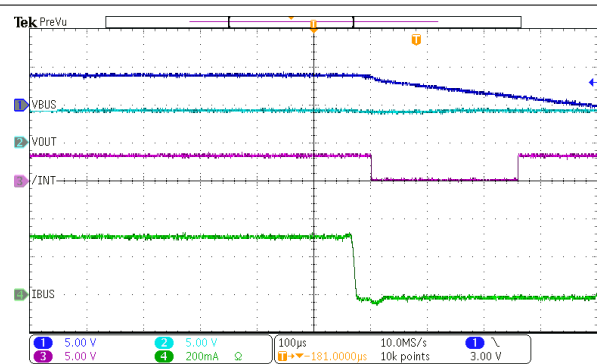
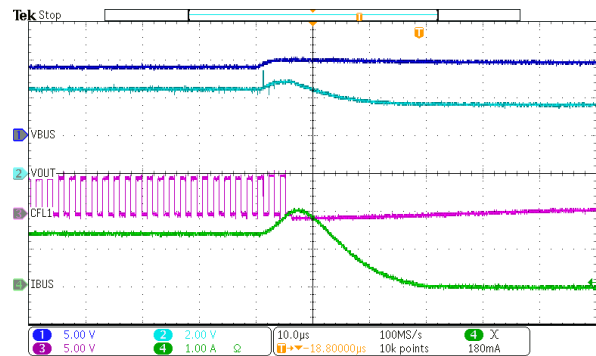
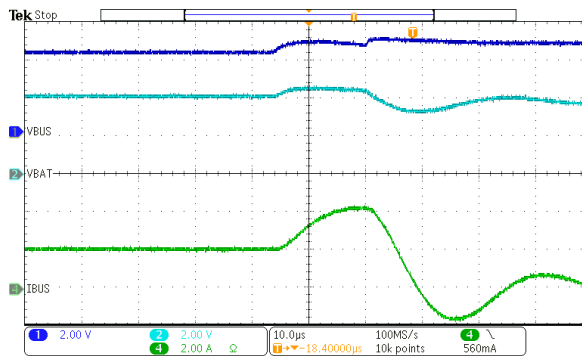


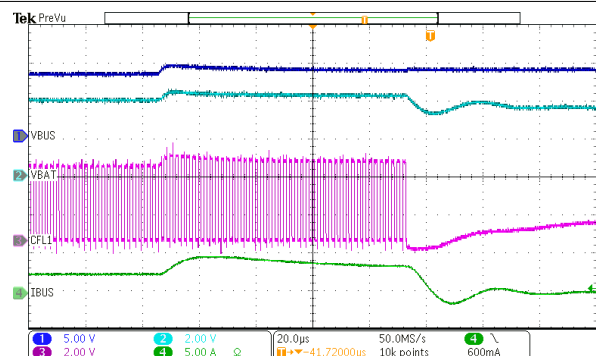
Figure 10-6. Adapter Unplug in Bypass Mode



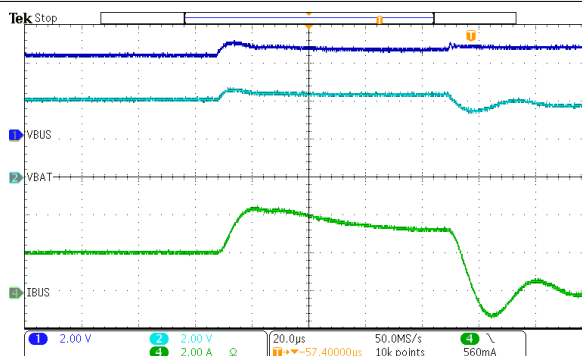
**Figure 10-7. VBUSOVP in Switched Cap Mode**



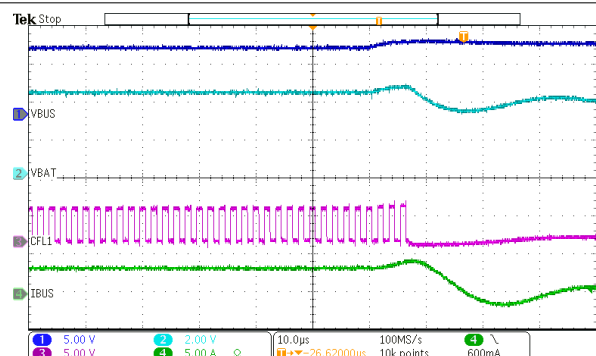
**Figure 10-8. VBUSOVP in Bypass Mode**



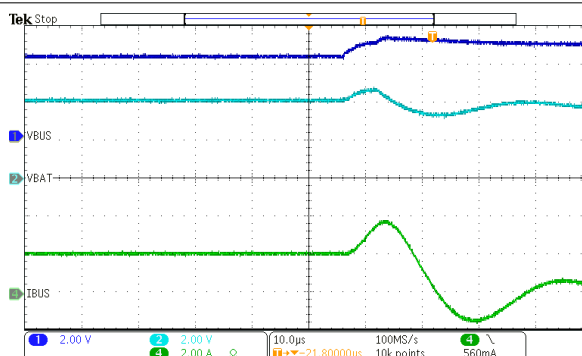
**Figure 10-9. IBUSOCP in Switched Cap Mode**



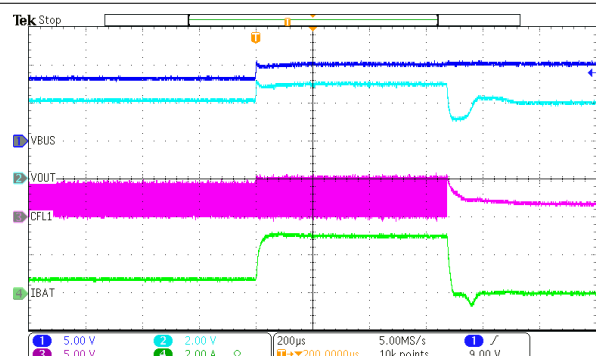
**Figure 10-10. IBUSOCP in Bypass Mode**



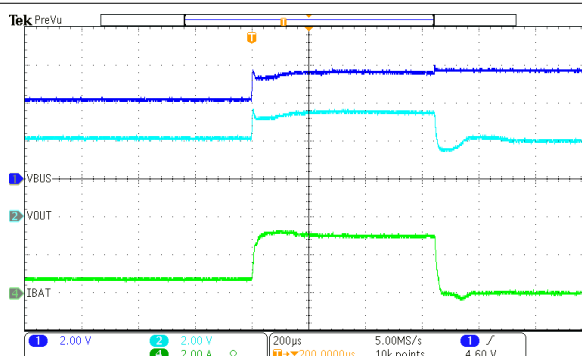
**Figure 10-11. VBATOVP in Switched Cap Mode**



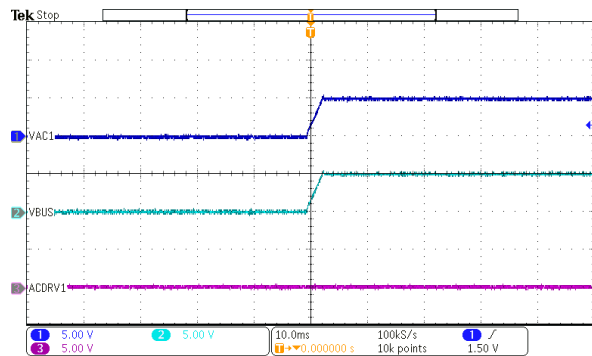
**Figure 10-12. VBATOVP in Bypass Mode**



**Figure 10-13. IBATOCP in Switched Cap Mode**

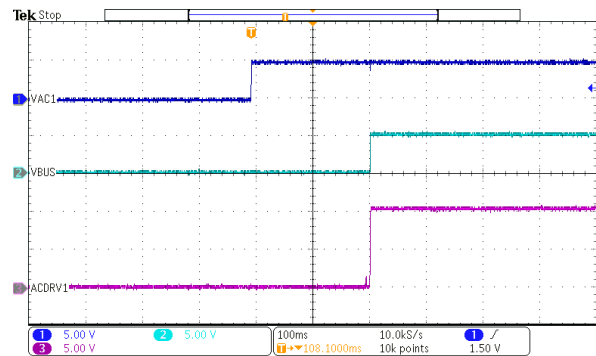


**Figure 10-14. IBATOCP in Bypass Mode**



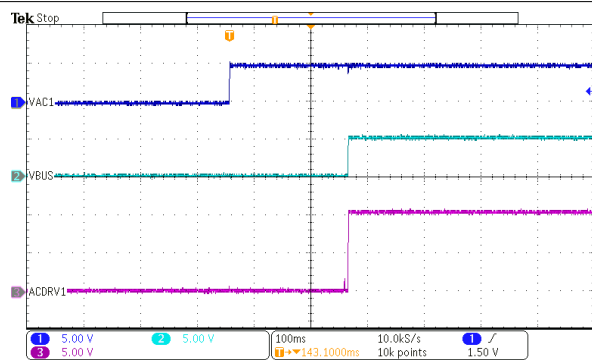
VAC1 and VAC2 short to VBUS, ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 short to ground

**Figure 10-15. Power Up without AC-RFET**



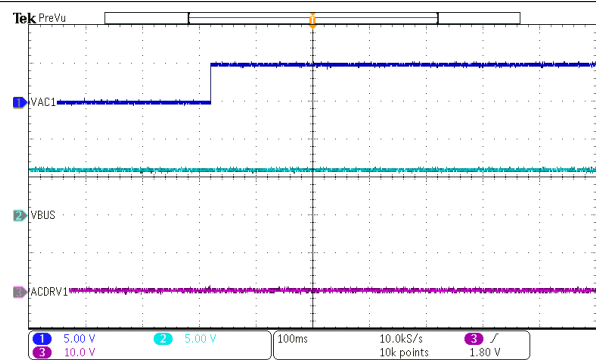
VAC1 connected to input source, VAC2 short to VBUS, ACDRV1 active, ACDRV2 short to ground

**Figure 10-16. Power Up from VAC1 with Single ACFET1**



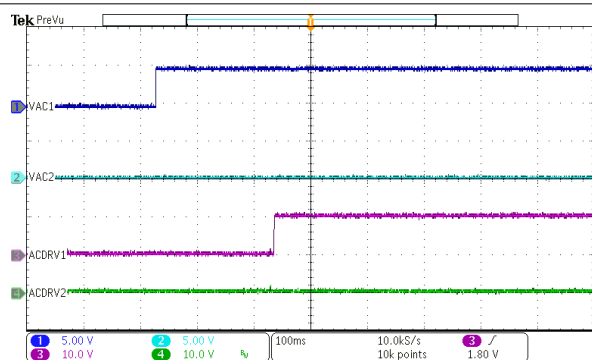
VAC1 connected to input source 1, VBUS connected to input source 2, VAC2 short to VBUS, ACDRV1 active, ACDRV2 short to ground

**Figure 10-17. Power Up from VAC1 with ACFET1-RBFET1**



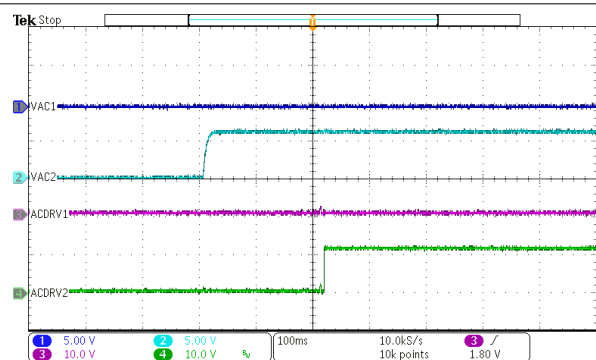
VAC1 connected to input source 1, VBUS connected to input source 2, VAC2 short to VBUS, ACDRV1 active, ACDRV2 short to ground

**Figure 10-18. Plugin VAC1 When Device is Power Up From VBUS with ACFET1-RBFET1**



VAC1 connected to input source 1, VAC2 connected to input source 2, ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 active

**Figure 10-19. Power Up from VAC1 with ACFET1-RBFET1 and ACFET2-RBFET2**



VAC1 connected to input source 1, VAC2 connected to input source 2, ACDRV1 and ACDRV2 active

**Figure 10-20. Power Up from VAC2 with ACFET1-RBFET1 and ACFET2-RBFET2**

## 11 Power Supply Recommendations

The BQ25960 can be powered by a standard power supply capable of meeting the input voltage and current requirements for evaluation. In the actual application, it must be used with a wall adapter that supports USB Power Delivery (PD) Programmable Power Supply (PPS) specifications.

## 12 Layout

### 12.1 Layout Guidelines

Layout is very important to maximize the electrical and thermal performance of the total system. General guidelines are provided, but the form factor, board stack-up, and proximity of other components also need to be considered to maximize the performance.

1. VBUS and VOUT traces should be as short and wide as possible to accommodate for high current.
2. Copper trace of VBUS and VOUT should run at least 150 mil (3.81 mm) straight (perpendicular to WCSP ball array) before making turns.
3. CFLY caps should be placed as close as possible to the device and CFLY trace should be as wide as possible until close to the IC.
4. CLFY pours should be as symmetrical between CFH pads and CFL pads as possible.
5. Place low ESR bypass capacitors to ground for VBUS, PMID, and VOUT. The capacitor should be placed as close to the device pins as possible.
6. The CFLY pads should be as small as possible, and the CFLY caps placed as close as possible to the device, as these are switching pins and this will help reduce EMI.
7. Do not route so the power planes are interrupted by signal traces.

Refer to the EVM design and more information in the [BQ25960EVM \(BMS041\) Evaluation Module User's Guide](#) for the recommended component placement with trace and via locations.

### 12.2 Layout Example

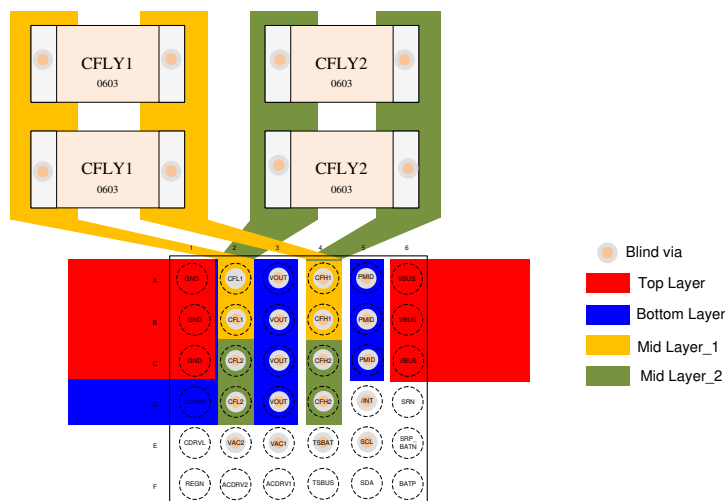


Figure 12-1. BQ25960 Layout Example

## 13 Device and Documentation Support

### 13.1 Device Support

#### 13.1.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

TI'S PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION REGARDING THIRD-PARTY PRODUCTS OR SERVICES DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN ENDORSEMENT REGARDING THE SUITABILITY OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES OR A WARRANTY, REPRESENTATION OR ENDORSEMENT OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES, EITHER ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH ANY TI PRODUCT OR SERVICE.

### 13.2 Documentation Support

#### 13.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- [BQ25960EVM \(BMS041\) Evaluation Module User's Guide](#)

### 13.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](#). Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 13.4 Support Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

### 13.5 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 13.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 13.7 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2) | Lead finish/<br>Ball material<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| BQ25960YBGR      | ACTIVE        | DSBGA        | YBG                | 36   | 3000           | RoHS & Green    | SNAGCU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM   | -40 to 85    | BQ25960                 | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSELETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

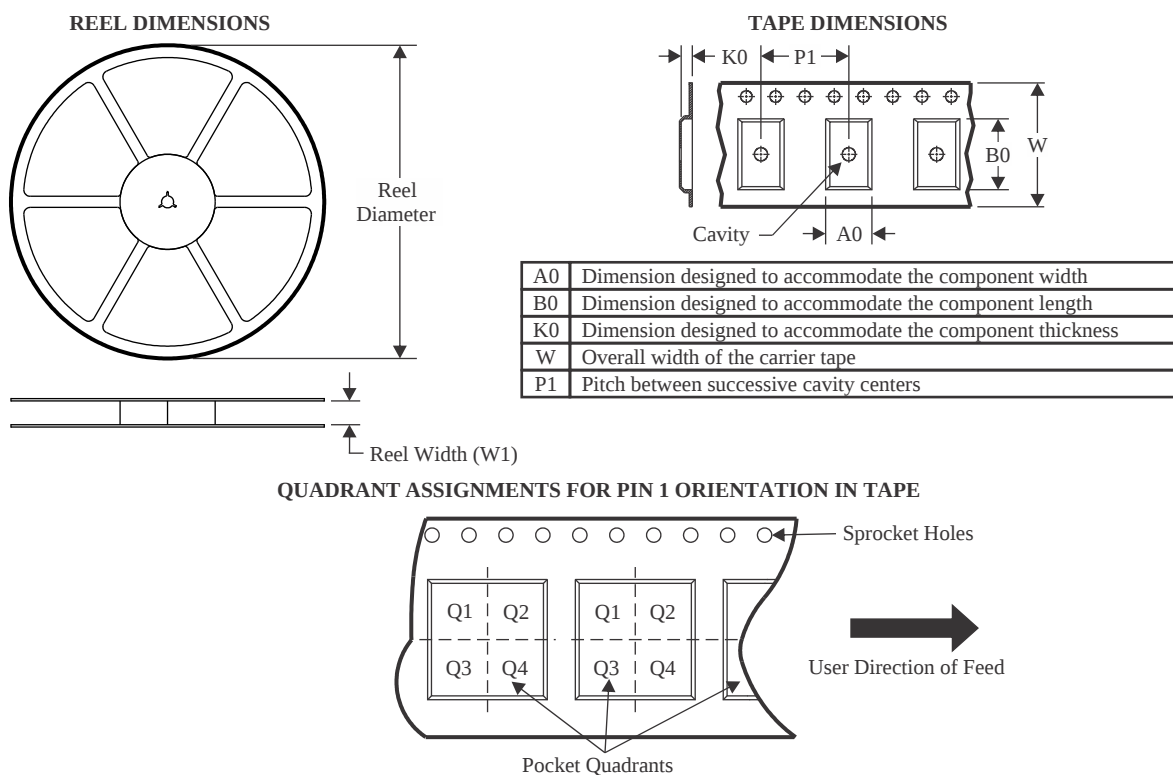
(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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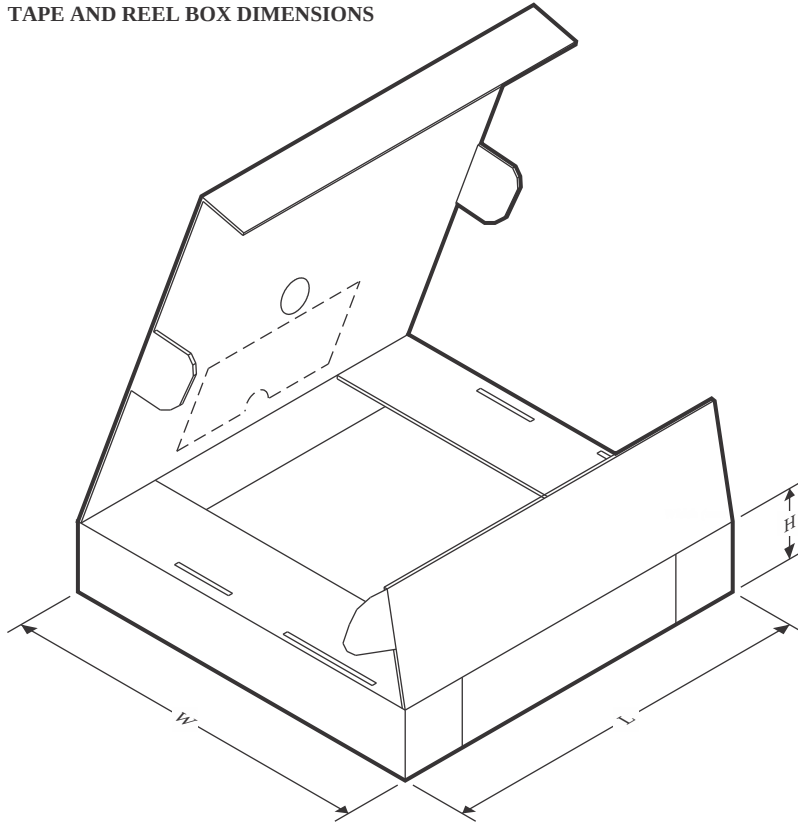
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



\*All dimensions are nominal

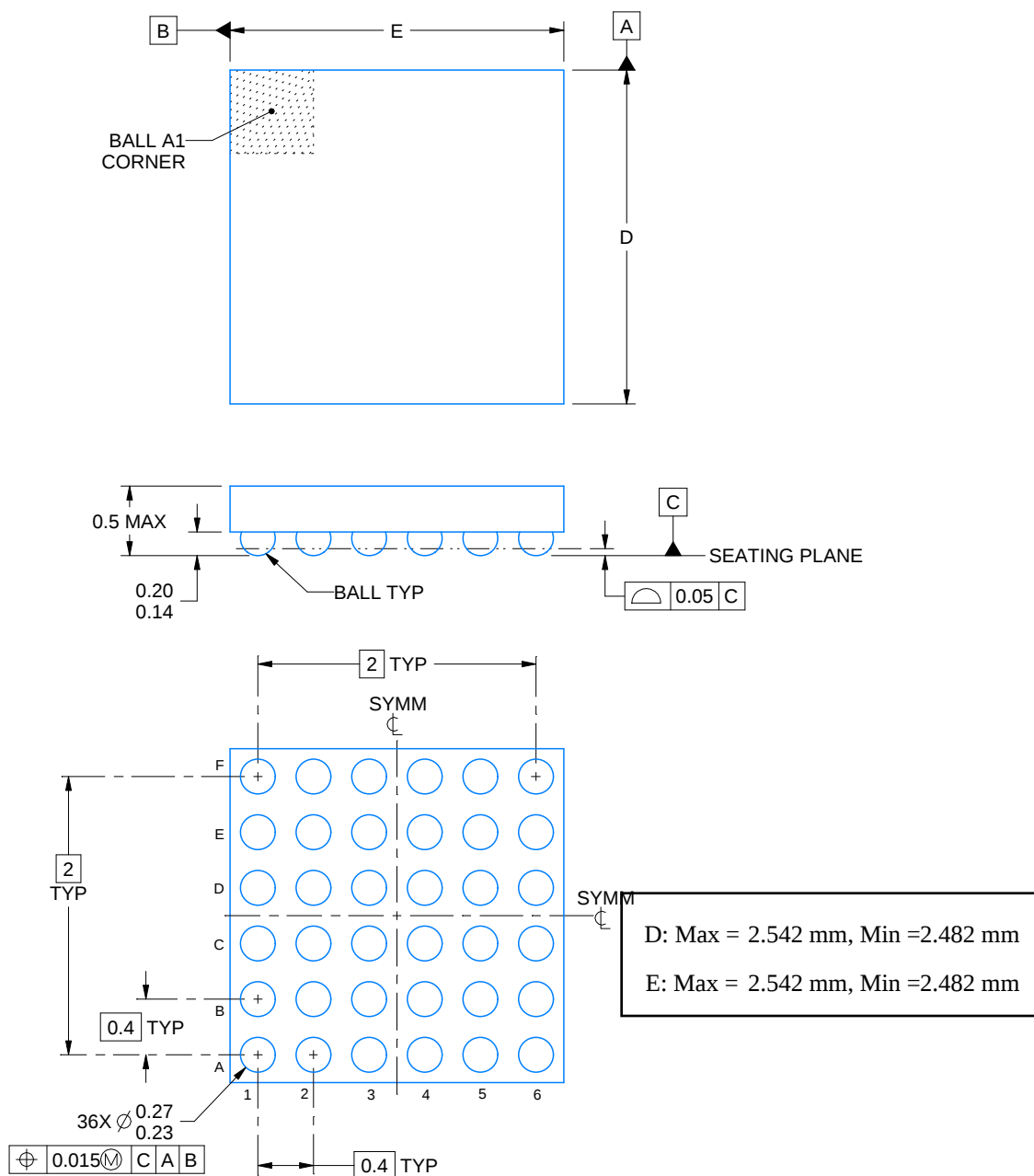
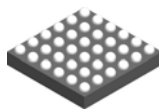
| Device      | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| BQ25960YBGR | DSBGA        | YBG             | 36   | 3000 | 180.0              | 8.4                | 2.73    | 2.73    | 0.68    | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device      | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| BQ25960YBGR | DSBGA        | YBG             | 36   | 3000 | 182.0       | 182.0      | 20.0        |



4224846/A 03/2019

## NOTES:

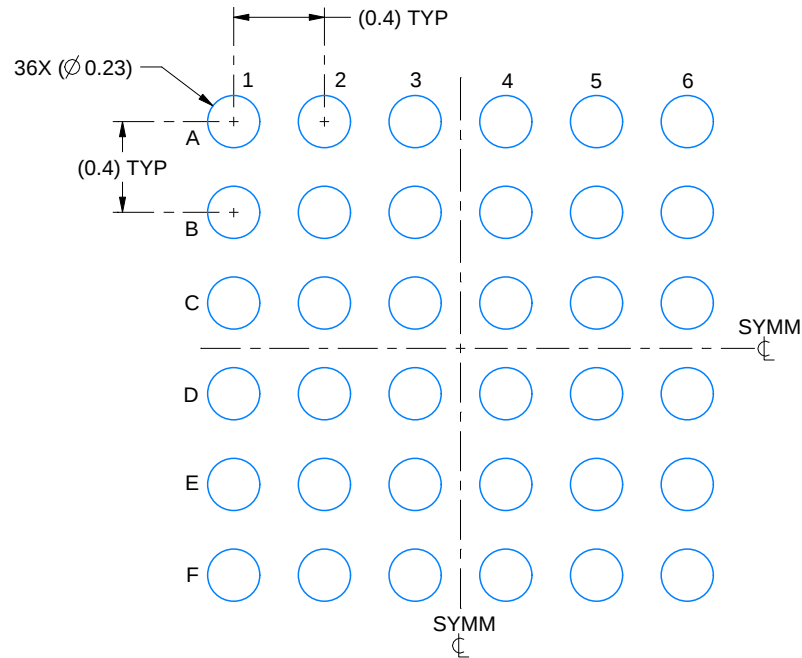
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

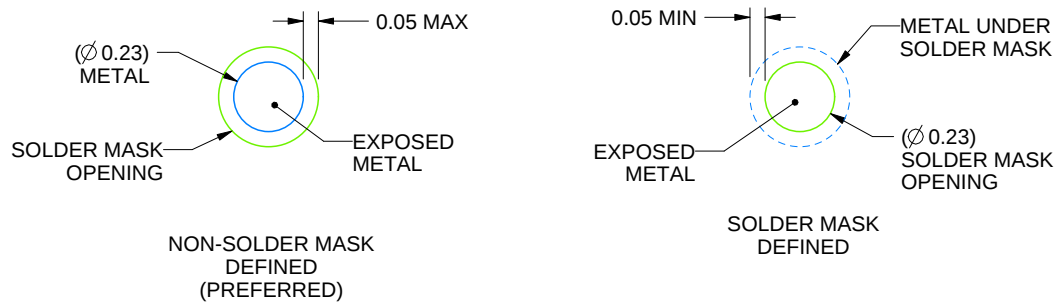
YBG0036

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 30X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS  
NOT TO SCALE

4224846/A 03/2019

NOTES: (continued)

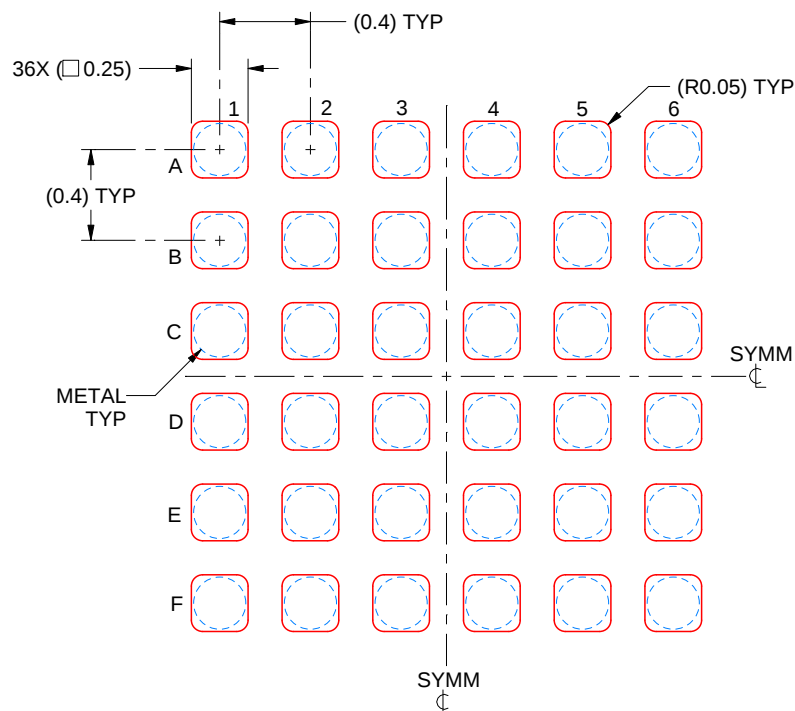
- Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. See Texas Instruments Literature No. SNVA009 ([www.ti.com/lit/snva009](http://www.ti.com/lit/snva009)).

## EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YBG0036

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 30X

4224846/A 03/2019

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

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