

PRELIMINARY

Notice: This is not a final specification.
Some parametric limits are subject to change.

MITSUBISHI MICROCOMPUTERS
M37735EHBXXXFP
M37735EHBFS

PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXXFP

DESCRIPTION

The M37735EHBXXXFP is a single-chip microcomputer using the 7700 Family core. This single-chip microcomputer has a CPU and a bus interface unit. The CPU is a 16-bit parallel processor that can be an 8-bit parallel processor, and the bus interface unit enhances the memory access efficiency to execute instructions fast. This microcomputer also includes a 32 kHz oscillation circuit, in addition to the PROM, RAM, multiple-function timers, serial I/O, A-D converter, and so on.

The M37735EHBXXXFP has the same function as the M37735MHBXXXFP except that the built-in ROM is PROM. For program development, the M37735EHBFS with erasable ROM that is housed in a windowed ceramic LCC is also provided. (Refer to the basic function blocks description.)

FEATURES

● Number of basic instructions	103
● Memory size PROM	124 Kbytes
RAM	3968 bytes
● Instruction execution time	160 ns

The fastest instruction at 25 MHz frequency

- Single power supply 5 V ± 10%
- Low power dissipation (at 25 MHz frequency) 47.5 mW (Typ.)
- Interrupts 19 types, 7 levels
- Multiple-function 16-bit timer 5 + 3
- Serial I/O (UART or clock synchronous) 3
- 10-bit A-D converter 8-channel inputs
- Watchdog timer
- Programmable input/output (ports P0, P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8) 68
- Clock generating circuit 2 circuits built-in

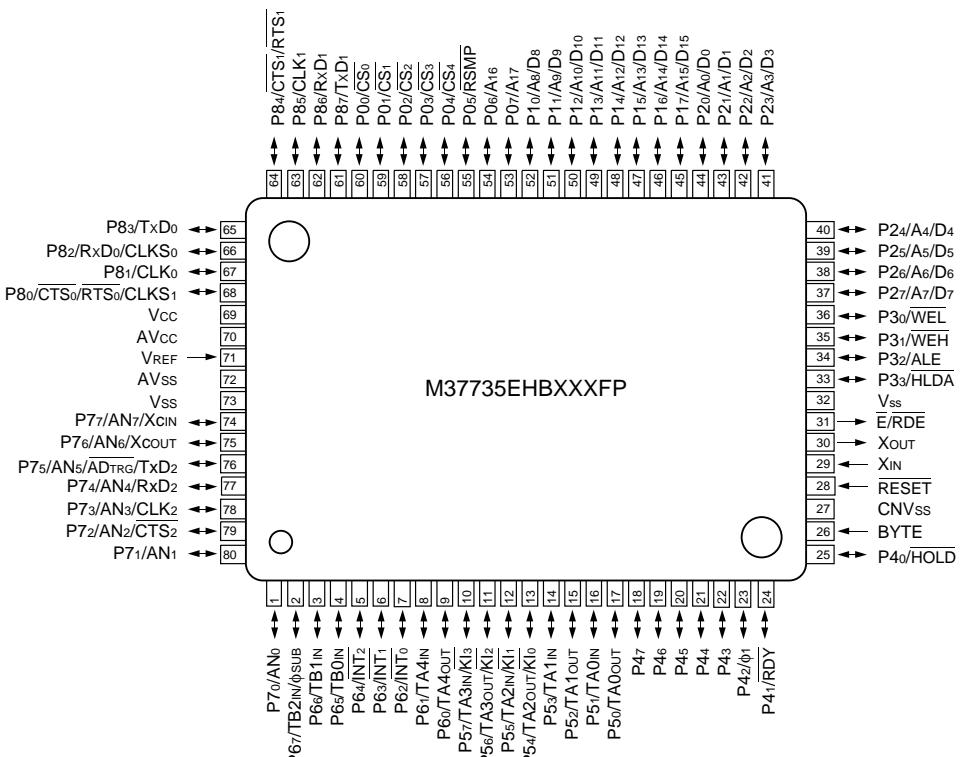
APPLICATION

Control devices for general commercial equipment such as office automation, office equipment, and so on.

Control devices for general industrial equipment such as communication equipment, and so on.

Note. Do not use the windowed EPROM version for mass production, because it is a tool for program development (for evaluation).

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

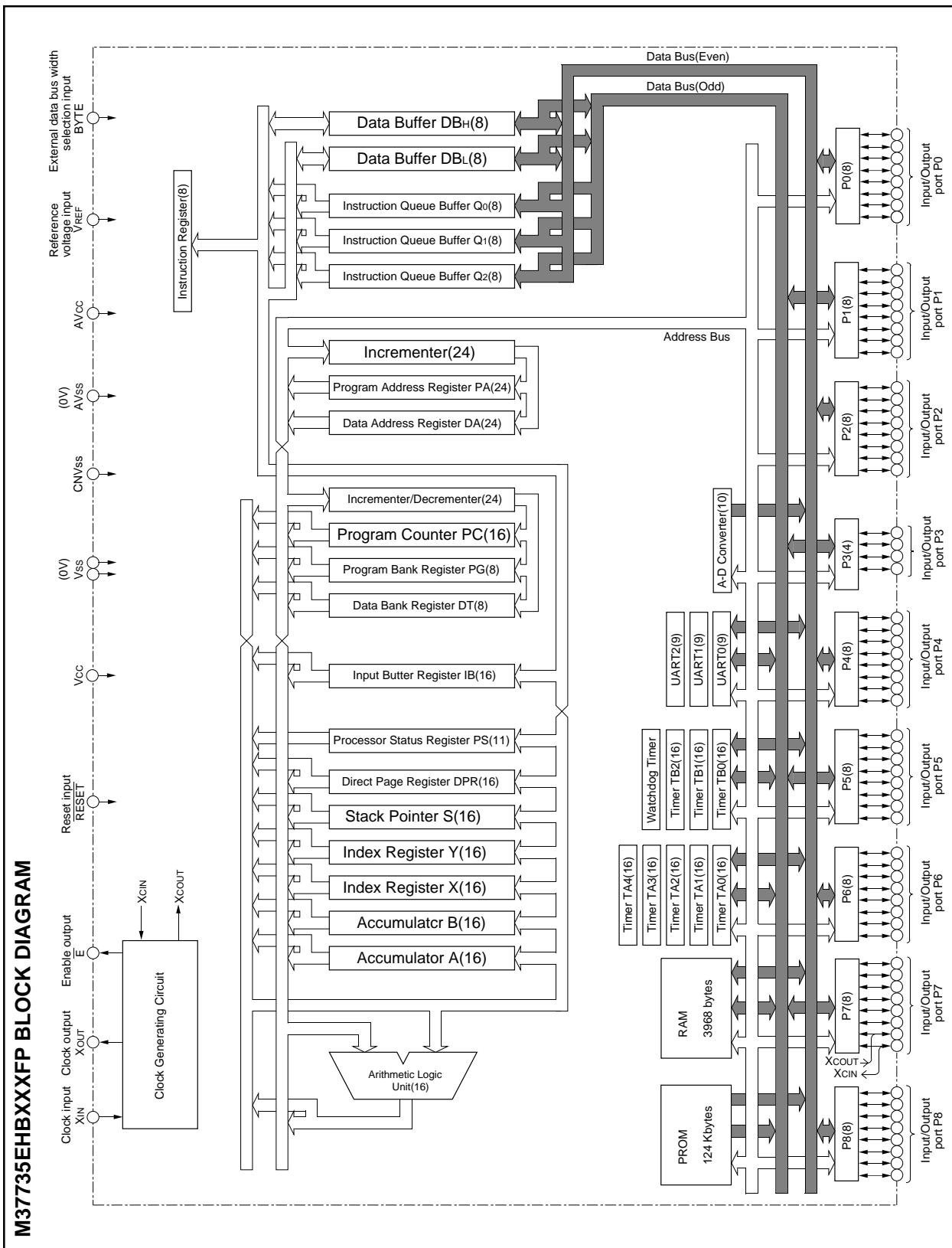


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MITSUBISHI MICROCOMPUTERS

M37735EHBXXXFP**M37735EHBFS**

PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXXFP

FUNCTIONS OF M37735EHBXXXFP

Parameter		Functions
Number of basic instructions		103
Instruction execution time		160 ns (the fastest instruction at external clock 25 MHz frequency)
Memory size	PROM	124 Kbytes
	RAM	3968 bytes
Input/Output ports	P0 – P2, P4 – P8	8-bit X 8
	P3	4-bit X 1
Multi-function timers	TA0, TA1, TA2, TA3, TA4	16-bit X 5
	TB0, TB1, TB2	16-bit X 3
Serial I/O		(UART or clock synchronous serial I/O) X 3
A-D converter		10-bit X 1 (8 channels)
Watchdog timer		12-bit X 1
Interrupts		3 external types, 16 internal types Each interrupt can be set to the priority level (0 – 7.)
Clock generating circuit		2 circuits built-in (externally connected to a ceramic resonator or a quartz-crystal oscillator)
Supply voltage		5 V ± 10%
Power dissipation		47.5 mW (at external clock 25 MHz frequency)
Input/Output characteristic	Input/Output voltage	5 V
	Output current	5 mA
Memory expansion		Maximum 1 Mbytes
Operating temperature range		-20 to 85 °C
Device structure		CMOS high-performance silicon gate process
Package	M37735EHBXXXFP	80-pin plastic molded QFP (80P6N-A)
	M37735EHBFS	80-pin ceramic LCC (with a window) (80D0)

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Name	Input/Output	Functions
Vcc, Vss	Power source		Apply 5 V ± 10% to Vcc and 0 V to Vss.
CNVss	CNVss input	Input	This pin controls the processor mode. Connect to Vss for the single-chip mode and the memory expansion mode, and to Vcc for the microprocessor mode.
RESET	Reset input	Input	When "L" level is applied to this pin, the microcomputer enters the reset state.
XIN	Clock input	Input	These are pins of main-clock generating circuit. Connect a ceramic resonator or a quartz-crystal oscillator between XIN and XOUT. When an external clock is used, the clock source should be connected to the XIN pin, and the XOUT pin should be left open.
XOUT	Clock output	Output	
E	Enable output	Output	This pin functions as the enable signal output pin which indicates the access status in the internal bus. In the memory expansion mode or the microprocessor mode, this pin functions as the RDE signal output pin.
BYTE	External data bus width selection input	Input	In the memory expansion mode or the microprocessor mode, this pin determines whether the external data bus has an 8-bit width or a 16-bit width. The data bus has a 16-bit width when "L" signal is input and an 8-bit width when "H" signal is input.
AVcc, AVss	Analog power source input		Power source input pin for the A-D converter. Externally connect AVcc to Vcc and AVss to Vss.
VREF	Reference voltage input	Input	This is reference voltage input pin for the A-D converter.
P00 – P07	I/O port P0	I/O	In the single-chip mode, port P0 becomes an 8-bit I/O port. An I/O direction register is available so that each pin can be programmed for input or output. These ports are in the input mode when reset. In the memory expansion mode or the microprocessor mode, these pins output CS0 – CS4, RSMP signals, and address (A16, A17).
P10 – P17	I/O port P1	I/O	In the single-chip mode, these pins have the same functions as port P0. When the BYTE pin is set to "L" in the memory expansion mode or the microprocessor mode and external data bus has a 16-bit width, high-order data (D8 – D15) is input/output or an address (A8 – A15) is output. When the BYTE pin is "H" and an external data bus has an 8-bit width, only address (A8 – A15) is output.
P20 – P27	I/O port P2	I/O	In the single-chip mode, these pins have the same functions as port P0. In the memory expansion mode or the microprocessor mode, low-order data (D0 – D7) is input/output or an address (A0 – A7) is output .
P30 – P33	I/O port P3	I/O	In the single-chip mode, these pins have the same function as port P0. In the memory expansion mode or the microprocessor mode, WEL, WEH, ALE, and HLDA signals are output.
P40 – P47	I/O port P4	I/O	In the single-chip mode, these pins have the same functions as port P0. In the memory expansion mode or the microprocessor mode, P40, P41, and P42 become HOLD and RDY input pins, and a clock φ1 output pin, respectively. Functions of the other pins are the same as in the single-chip mode. However, in the memory expansion mode, P42 can be selected as an I/O port.
P50 – P57	I/O port P5	I/O	In addition to having the same functions as port P0 in the single-chip mode, these pins also function as I/O pins for timers A0 to A3 and input pins for key input interrupt input (K10 – K13).
P60 – P67	I/O port P6	I/O	In addition to having the same functions as port P0 in the single-chip mode, these pins also function as I/O pins for timer A4, input pins for external interrupt input (INT0 – INT2) and input pins for timers B0 to B2. P67 also functions as a sub-clock φsub output pin.
P70 – P77	I/O port P7	I/O	In addition to having the same functions as port P0 in the single-chip mode, these pins function as input pins for A-D converter. P72 to P75 also function as I/O pins for UART2. Additionally, P76 and P77 have the function as the output pin (Xcout) and the input pin (Xcin) of the sub-clock (32 kHz) oscillation circuit, respectively. When P76 and P77 are used as the Xcout and Xcin pins, connect a resonator or an oscillator between the both.
P80 – P87	I/O port P8	I/O	In addition to having the same functions as port P0 in the single-chip mode, these pins also function as I/O pins for UART 0 and UART 1.

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MITSUBISHI MICROCOMPUTERS

M37735EHBXXXFP

M37735EHBF

PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXXFP

PIN DESCRIPTION (EPROM MODE)

Pin	Name	Input/Output	Functions
Vcc, Vss	Power supply		Supply 5V±10% to Vcc and 0V to Vss.
CNVSS	VPP input	Input	Connect to VPP when programming or verifying.
BYTE	VPP input	Input	Connect to VPP when programming or verifying.
RESET	Reset input	Input	Connect to Vss.
XIN	Clock input	Input	Connect a ceramic resonator between XIN and XOUT.
XOUT	Clock output	Output	
E	Enable output	Output	Keep open.
AVcc, AVss	Analog supply input		Connect AVcc to Vcc and AVss to Vss.
VREF	Reference voltage input	Input	Connect to Vss.
P00 – P07	Address input (A0 – A7)	Input	Port P0 functions as the lower 8 bits address input (A0 – A7).
P10 – P17	Address input (A8 – A15)	Input	Port P1 functions as the higher 8 bits address input (A8 – A15).
P20 – P27	Data I/O (D0 – D7)	I/O	Port P2 functions as the 8 bits data bus(D0 – D7).
P30	Address input (A16)	Input	P30 functions as the most significant bit address input (A16).
P31 – P33	Input port P3	Input	Connect to Vss.
P40 – P47	Input port P4	Input	Connect to Vss.
P50 – P57	Control signal input	Input	P50, P51 and P52 function as PGM, OE and CE input pins respectively. Connect P53, P54, P55 and P56 to Vcc. Connect P57 to Vss.
P60 – P67	Input port P6	Input	Connect to Vss.
P70 – P77	Input port P7	Input	Connect to Vss.
P80 – P87	Input port P8	Input	Connect to Vss.

BASIC FUNCTION BLOCKS

The M37735EHBXXXFP has the same functions as the M37735MHBXXXFP except for the following:

- (1) The built-in ROM is PROM.
 - (2) The status of bit 3 of the oscillation circuit control register 1 (address 6F16) at a reset is different.
 - (3) The usage condition of bit 3 of the oscillation circuit control register 1 is different.
 - (4) Part of the processor mode selection method is different.
- Accordingly, refer to the basic function blocks description in the M37735MHBXXXFP except for Figure 1 (bit configuration of oscillation circuit control register 1), Figure 3 (microcomputer internal status during reset), and Table 1 (microprocessor mode selection method).
- In the M37735EHBXXXFP, bit 3 of the oscillation circuit control register 1 must be "0". (Refer to Figure 1.) Bit 3 is "1" at a reset. Accordingly,

write "0" to bit 3 in the single-chip mode after reset.

Figure 2 shows how to write data in oscillation circuit control register 1.

In the M37735EHBXXXFP, the microprocessor mode cannot be selected by connecting the CNVss pin to Vcc. Connect the CNVss pin to Vss and start the microcomputer's operating from the single-chip mode.

Table 1. Relationship between CNVss pin input level and processor modes

CNVss	Mode	Description
Vss	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single-chip • Memory expansion • Microprocessor 	Single-chip mode upon starting after reset. Each mode can be selected by changing the processor mode bits by software.

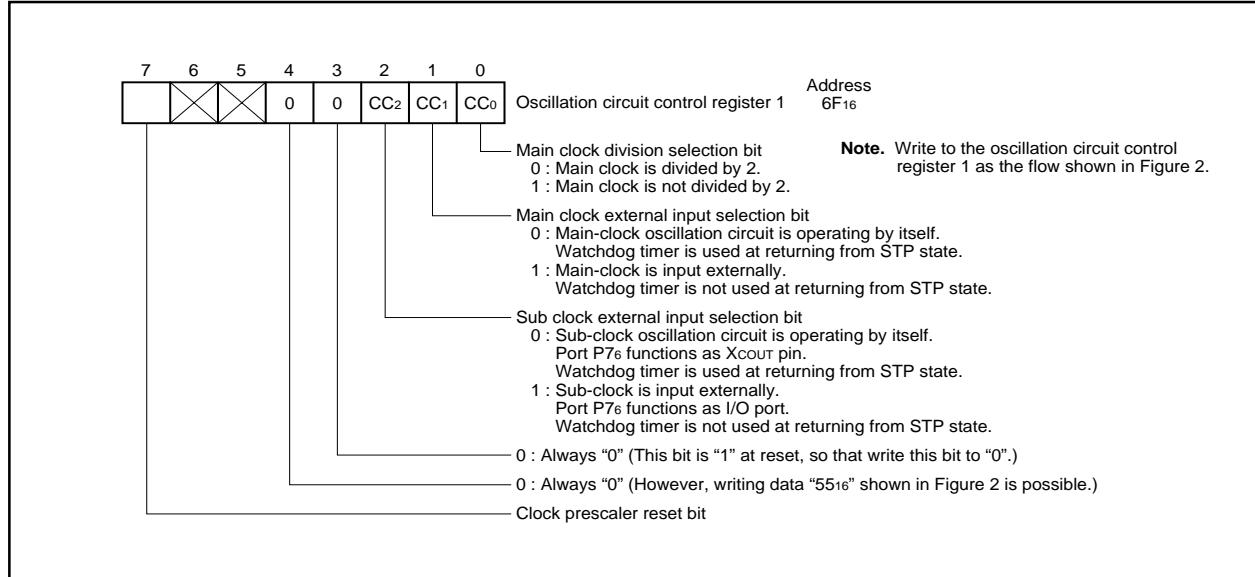


Fig. 1 Bit configuration of oscillation circuit control register 1 (corresponding to Figure 63 in data sheet "M37735MHBXXXFP")

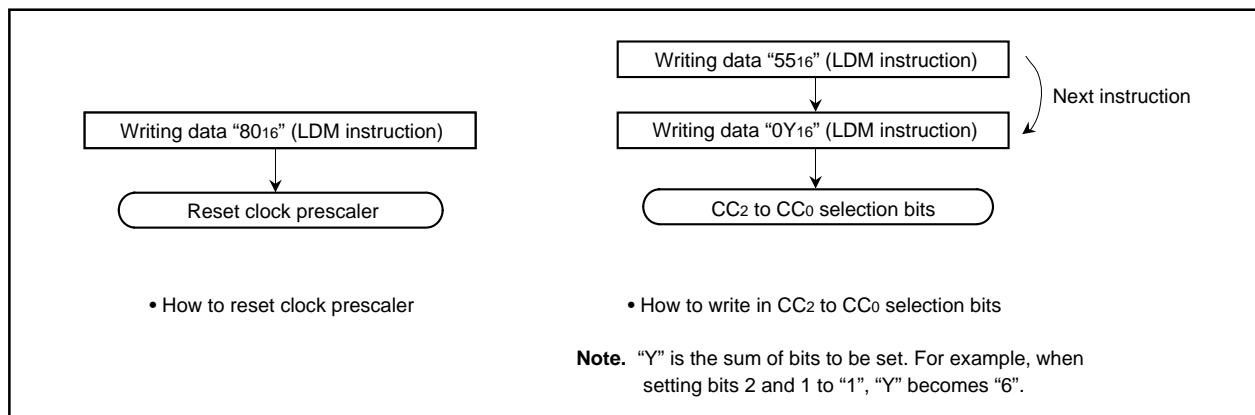


Fig. 2 How to write data in oscillation circuit control register 1 (identical with Figure 64 in data sheet "M37735MHBXXXFP")

Address	
Port P0 direction register	(0416)••• 0016
Port P1 direction register	(0516)••• 0016
Port P2 direction register	(0816)••• 0016
Port P3 direction register	(0916)••• 0 0 0 0
Port P4 direction register	(0C16)••• 0016
Port P5 direction register	(0D16)••• 0016
Port P6 direction register	(1016)••• 0016
Port P7 direction register	(1116)••• 0016
Port P8 direction register	(1416)••• 0016
A-D control register 0	(1E16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 ? ? ?
A-D control register 1	(1F16)••• 0 0 0 1 1
UART 0 transmit/receive mode register	(3016)••• 0016
UART 1 transmit/receive mode register	(3816)••• 0016
UART 0 transmit/receive control register 0	(3416)••• 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
UART 1 transmit/receive control register 0	(3C16)••• 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
UART 0 transmit/receive control register 1	(3516)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
UART 1 transmit/receive control register 1	(3D16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
Count start flag	(4016)••• 0016
One-shot start flag	(4216)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0
Up-down flag	(4416)••• 0016
Timer A0 mode register	(5616)••• 0016
Timer A1 mode register	(5716)••• 0016
Timer A2 mode register	(5816)••• 0016
Timer A3 mode register	(5916)••• 0016
Timer A4 mode register	(5A16)••• 0016
Timer B0 mode register	(5B16)••• 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
Timer B1 mode register	(5C16)••• 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
Timer B2 mode register	(5D16)••• 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
Processor mode register 0	(5E16)••• 0016
Processor mode register 1	(5F16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Watchdog timer register	(6016)••• FFF16
Address	
Watchdog timer frequency selection flag	(6116)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Memory allocation control register	(6316)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
UART2 transmit/receive mode register	(6416)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
UART2 transmit/receive control register 0	(6816)••• 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
UART2 transmit/receive control register 1	(6916)••• 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
Oscillation circuit control register 0	(6C16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
Port function control register	(6D16)••• 0016
Serial transmit control register	(6E16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0
Oscillation circuit control register 1	(6F16)••• 0 0 1 0 0 0
A-D/UART2 trans./rece. interrupt control register	(7016)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
UART 0 transmission interrupt control register	(7116)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0
UART 0 receive interrupt control register	(7216)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0
UART 1 transmission interrupt control register	(7316)••• 0 0 0 0 0
UART 1 receive interrupt control register	(7416)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer A0 interrupt control register	(7516)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer A1 interrupt control register	(7616)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer A2 interrupt control register	(7716)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer A3 interrupt control register	(7816)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer A4 interrupt control register	(7916)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer B0 interrupt control register	(7A16)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer B1 interrupt control register	(7B16)••• 0 0 0 0 0
Timer B2 interrupt control register	(7C16)••• 0 0 0 0 0
INT0 interrupt control register	(7D16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0
INT1 interrupt control register	(7E16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0
INT2/Key input interrupt control register	(7F16)••• 0 0 0 0 0 0
Processor status register (PS)	0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 0 1 ? ?
Program bank register (PG)	0016
Program counter (PC _H)	Content of FFFF16
Program counter (PC _L)	Content of FFFE16
Direct page register (DPR)	000016
Data bank register (DT)	0016

Contents of other registers and RAM are undefined during reset. Initialize them by software.

Fig. 3 Microcomputer internal status during reset

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MITSUBISHI MICROCOMPUTERS

M37735EHBXXXFP

M37735EHBF

PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXXFP

EPROM MODE

The M37735EHBXXXFP features an EPROM mode in addition to its normal modes. When the RESET signal level is "L", the chip automatically enters the EPROM mode. Table 2 list the correspondence between pins and Figure 4 shows the pin connections in the EPROM mode.

The EPROM mode is the 1M mode for the EPROM that is equivalent to the M5M27C101K.

When in the EPROM mode, ports P0, P1, P2, P30, P50, P51, P52, CNVss, and BYTE are used for the EPROM (equivalent to the

M5M27C101K).

When in this mode, the built-in PROM can be programmed or read from using these pins in the same way as with the M5M27C101K. This chip does not have Device Identifier Mode, so that set the corresponding program algorithm. The program area should specify address 0100016 – 1FFFFF16.

Connect the clock which is either ceramic resonator or external clock to XIN pin and XOUT pin.

Table 2 Pin function in EPROM mode

	M37735EHBXXXFP	M5M27C101K
VCC	Vcc	VCC
VPP	CNVss, BYTE	VPP
VSS	Vss	VSS
Address input	Ports P0, P1, P30	A0 – A16
Data I/O	Port P2	D0 – D7
CE	P52	CE
OE	P51	OE
PGM	P50	PGM

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M37735EHBFS**

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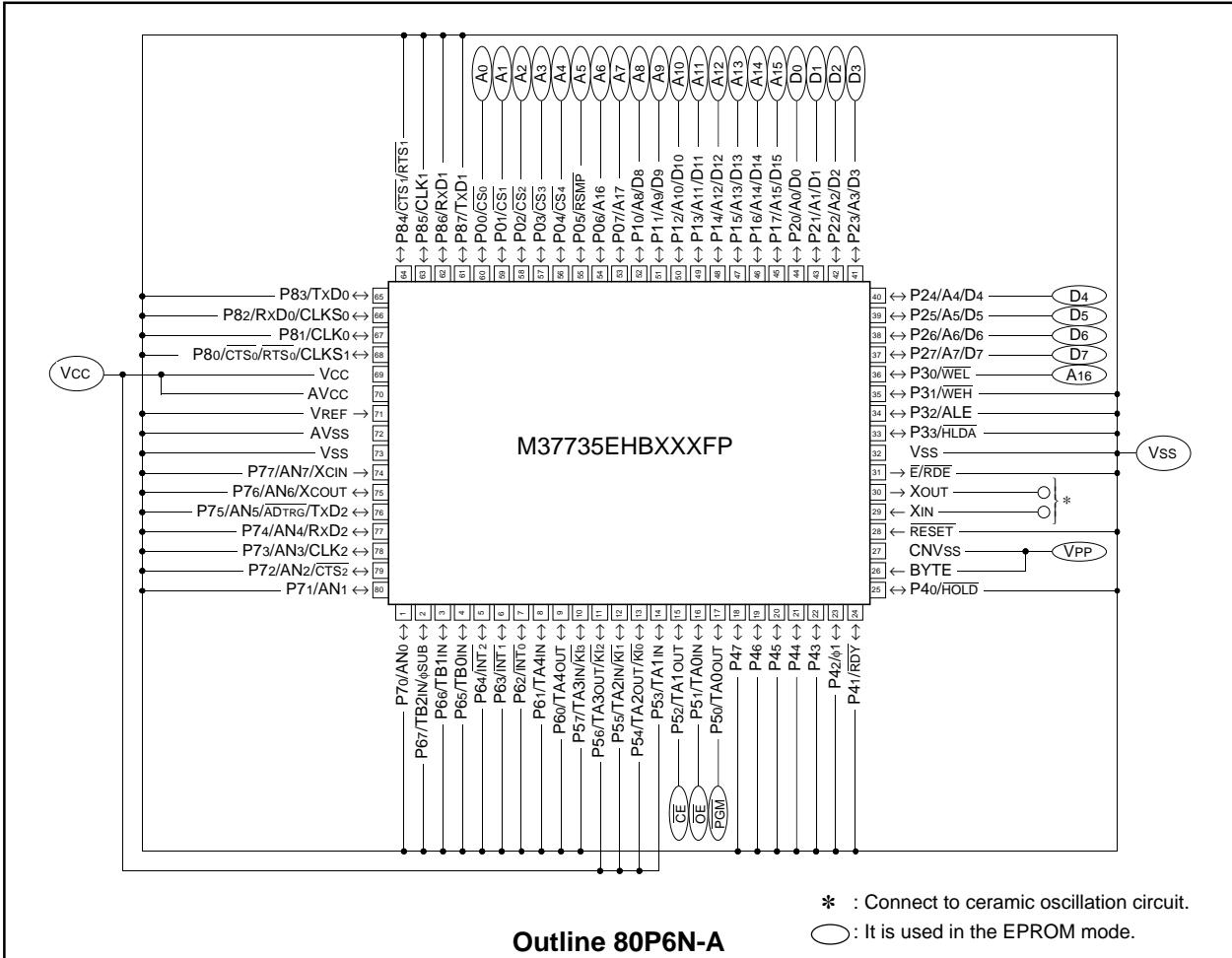


Fig. 4 Pin connection in EPROM mode



FUNCTION IN EPROM MODE 1M mode (equivalent to the M5M27C101K)

Reading

To read the EPROM, set the CE and OE pins to a "L" level. Input the address of the data (A₀ – A₁₆) to be read, and the data will be output to the I/O pins D₀ – D₇. The data I/O pins will be floating when either the CE or OE pins are in the "H" state.

Programming

Programming must be performed in 8 bits by a byte program. To program to the EPROM, set the CE pin to a "L" level and the OE pin to a "H" level. The CPU will enter the programming mode when 12.5 V is applied to the VPP pin. The address to be programmed to is selected with pins A₀ – A₁₆, and the data to be programmed is input to pins D₀ – D₇. Set the PGM pin to a "L" level to begin programming.

Erasing

To erase data on this chip, use an ultraviolet light source with a 2537 Angstrom wave length. The minimum radiation power necessary for erasing is 15 J/cm².

Programming operation

To program the M37735EHBXXFP, first set Vcc = 6 V, VPP = 12.5 V, and set the address to 0100016. Apply a 0.2 ms programming pulse, check that the data can be read, and if it cannot be read OK, repeat the procedure, applying a 0.2 ms programming pulse and checking that the data can be read until it can be read OK. Record the accumulated number of pulses applied (X) before the data can be read OK, and then write the data again, applying a further once this number of pulses (0.2 X ms).

When this series of programming operations is complete, increment the address, and continue to repeat the procedure above until the last address has been reached.

Finally, when all addresses have been programmed, read with Vcc = VPP = 5 V (or Vcc = VPP = 5.5 V).

Table 2. I/O signal in each mode

Pin Mode	<u>CE</u>	<u>OE</u>	<u>PGM</u>	<u>VPP</u>	<u>Vcc</u>	Data I/O
Read-out	VIL	VIL	X	5 V	5 V	Output
Output	VIL	VIH	X	5 V	5 V	Floating
Disable	VIH	X	X	5 V	5 V	Floating
Programming	VIL	VIH	VIL	12.5 V	6 V	Input
Programming Verify	VIL	VIL	VIH	12.5 V	6 V	Output
Program Disable	VIH	VIH	VIH	12.5 V	6 V	Floating

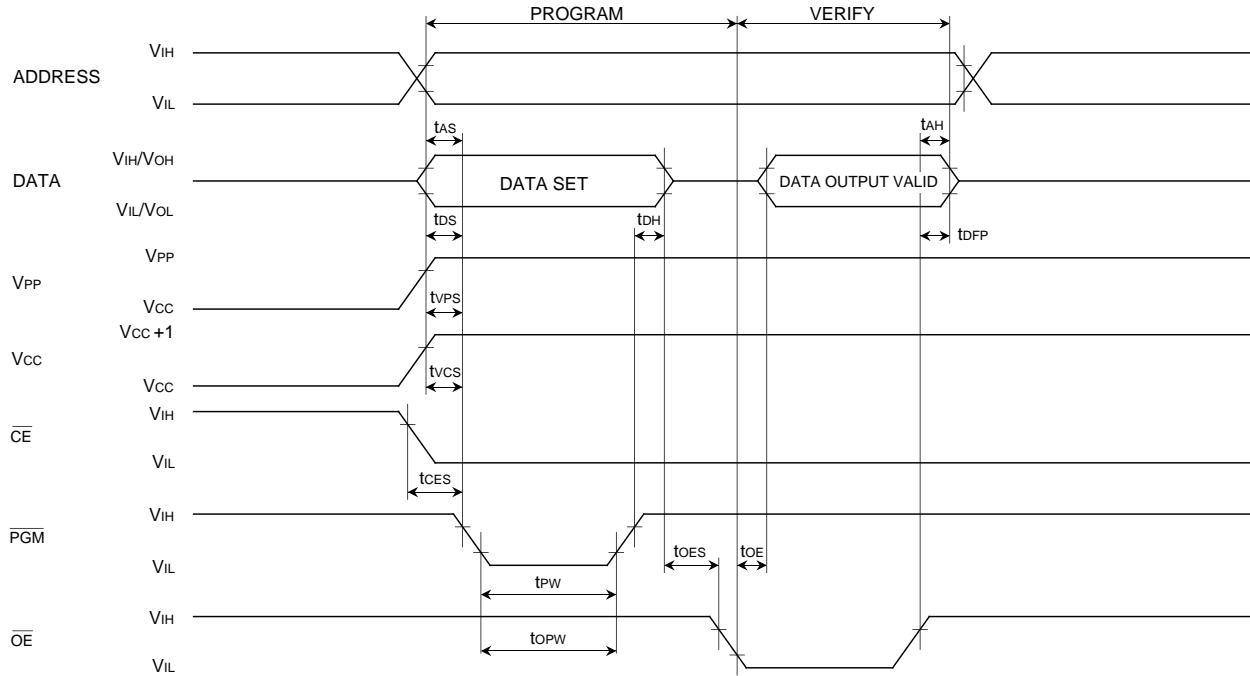
Note 1 : An X indicates either VIL or VIH.

Programming operation (equivalent to the M5M27C101K)

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_a = 25 \pm 5^\circ C$, $VCC = 6 V \pm 0.25 V$, $VPP = 12.5 \pm 0.3 V$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
tAS	Address setup time		2			μs
toES	OE setup time		2			μs
tDS	Data setup time		2			μs
tAH	Address hold time		0			μs
tDH	Data hold time		2			μs
tDFP	Output enable to output float delay		0		130	ns
tVCS	VCC setup time		2			μs
tVPS	VPP setup time		2			μs
tPW	PGM pulse width		0.19	0.2	0.21	ms
tOPW	PGM over program pulse width		0.19		5.25	ms
tCES	CE setup time		2			μs
toE	Data valid from OE				150	ns

AC waveforms



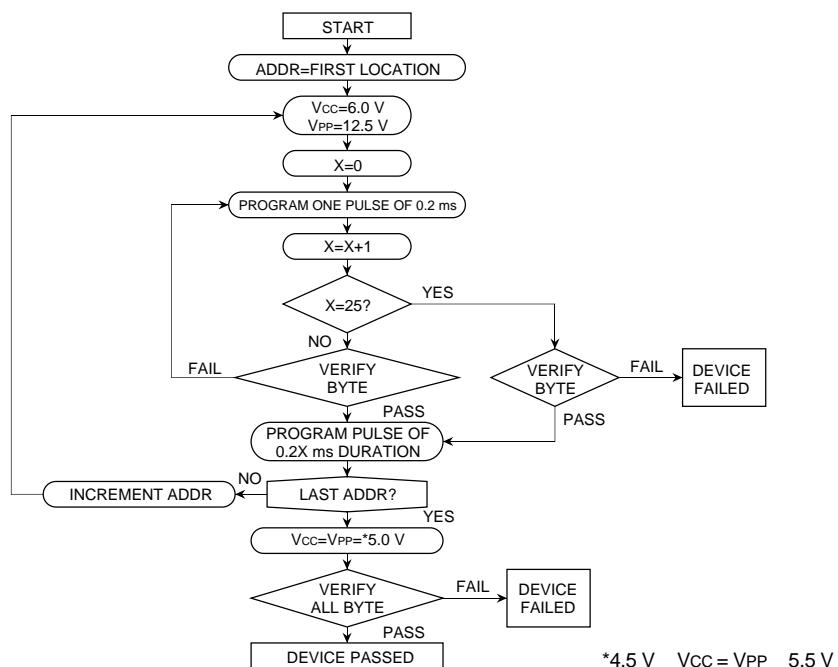
Test conditions for A.C. characteristics

Input voltage : $V_{IL} = 0.45 \text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$

Input rise and fall times (10 % – 90 %) : 20 ns

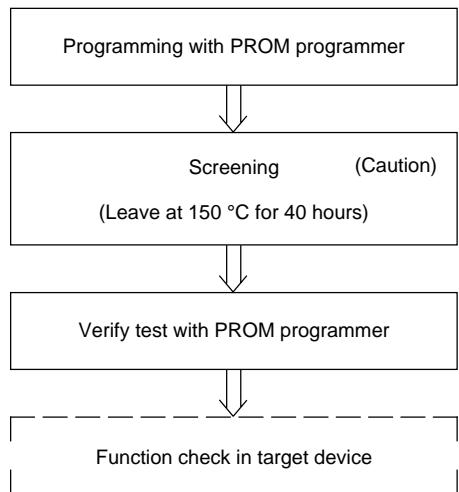
Reference voltage at timing measurement : Input, Output
"L" = 0.8 V, "H" = 2 V

Programming algorithm flow chart



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Sunlight and fluorescent lamp contain light that can erase written information. When using in read mode, be sure to cover the transparent glass portion with a seal or other materials (ceramic package product).
- (2) Mitsubishi Electric corp. provides the seal for covering the transparent glass. Take care that the seal does not touch the read pins (ceramic package product).
- (3) Clean the transparent glass before erasing. Fingers' fat and paste disturb the passage of ultraviolet rays and may affect badly the erasure capability (ceramic package product).
- (4) A high voltage is used for programming. Take care that over-voltage is not applied. Take care especially at power on.
- (5) The programmable M37735EHBF that is shipped in blank is also provided. For the M37735EHBF, Mitsubishi Electric corp. does not perform PROM programming test and screening following the assembly processes. To improve reliability after programming, performing programming and test according to the flow below before use is recommended.



Caution : Never expose to 150 °C exceeding 100 hours.

ADDRESSING MODES

The M37735EHBXXXFP has 28 powerful addressing modes. Refer to the MITSUBISHI SEMICONDUCTORS DATA BOOK SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT MICROCOMPUTERS for the details of each addressing mode.

MACHINE INSTRUCTION LIST

The M37735EHBXXXFP has 103 machine instructions. Refer to the MITSUBISHI SEMICONDUCTORS DATA BOOK SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT MICROCOMPUTERS for details.

DATA REQUIRED FOR PROM ORDERING

Please send the following data for writing to PROM.

- (1) M37735EHBXXXFP writing to PROM order confirmation form
- (2) 80P6N mark specification form
- (3) ROM data (EPROM 3 sets)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Power source voltage		-0.3 to +7	V
AVcc	Analog power source voltage		-0.3 to +7	V
VI	Input voltage RESET, CNVss, BYTE		-0.3 to +12 (Note)	V
VI	Input voltage P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87, VREF, XIN		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
VO	Output voltage P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87, XOUT, E		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Pd	Power dissipation	Ta = 25 °C	300	mW
Topr	Operating temperature		-20 to +85	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-40 to +150	°C

Note. When the EPROM is programmed, input voltage of pins CNVss and BYTE is 13 V respectively.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Vcc = 5 V ± 10%, Ta = -20 to +85 °C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vcc	Power source voltage f(XIN) : Operating	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	f(XIN) : Stopped, f(XCIN) = 32.768 kHz	2.7		5.5	
AVcc	Analog power source voltage		Vcc		V
Vss	Power source voltage		0		V
AVss	Analog power source voltage		0		V
VIH	High-level input voltage P00 – P07, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87, XIN, RESET, CNVss, BYTE, XCIN (Note 3)	0.8 Vcc		Vcc	V
VIH	High-level input voltage P10 – P17, P20 – P27 (in single-chip mode)	0.8 Vcc		Vcc	V
VIH	High-level input voltage P10 – P17, P20 – P27 (in memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode)	0.5 Vcc		Vcc	V
VIL	Low-level input voltage P00 – P07, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87, XIN, RESET, CNVss, BYTE, XCIN (Note 3)	0		0.2Vcc	V
VIL	Low-level input voltage P10 – P17, P20 – P27 (in single-chip mode)	0		0.2Vcc	V
VIL	Low-level input voltage P10 – P17, P20 – P27 (in memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode)	0		0.16Vcc	V
IOH(peak)	High-level peak output current P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87			-10	mA
IOH(avg)	High-level average output current P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87			-5	mA
IOL(peak)	Low-level peak output current P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P43, P54 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87			10	mA
IOL(peak)	Low-level peak output current P44 – P47, P50 – P53			20	mA
IOL(avg)	Low-level average output current P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P43, P54 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87			5	mA
IOL(avg)	Low-level average output current P44 – P47, P50 – P53			15	mA
f(XIN)	Main-clock oscillation frequency (Note 4)			25	MHz
f(XCIN)	Sub-clock oscillation frequency		32.768	50	kHz

Notes 1. Average output current is the average value of a 100 ms interval.

2. The sum of IOL(peak) for ports P0, P1, P2, P3, and P8 must be 80 mA or less, the sum of IOH(peak) for ports P0, P1, P2, P3, and P8 must be 80 mA or less, the sum of IOL(peak) for ports P4, P5, P6, and P7 must be 100 mA or less, and the sum of IOH(peak) for ports P4, P5, P6, and P7 must be 80 mA or less.
3. Limits VIH and VIL for XCIN are applied when the sub clock external input selection bit = "1".
4. The maximum value of f(XIN) = 12.5 MHz when the main clock division selection bit = "1".

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{cc} = 5 \text{ V}$, $V_{ss} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_a = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$, $f(X_{IN}) = 25 \text{ MHz}$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87	$I_{OH} = -10 \text{ mA}$	3			V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P33	$I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$	4.7			V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage P30 – P32	$I_{OH} = -10 \text{ mA}$	3.1			V
		$I_{CH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$	4.8			
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage E	$I_{OH} = -10 \text{ mA}$	3.4			V
		$I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$	4.8			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P33, P40 – P43, P54 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P75, P80 – P87	$I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$			2	V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage P44 – P47, P50 – P53	$I_{OL} = 20 \text{ mA}$			2	V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P33	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$			0.45	V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage P30 – P32	$I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$			1.9	V
		$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$			0.43	
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage E	$I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$			1.6	V
		$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$			0.4	
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis HOLD, RDY, TA0IN – TA4IN, TB0IN – TB2IN, INT ₀ – INT ₂ , AD _{TRG} , CTS ₀ , CTS ₁ , CTS ₂ , CLK ₀ , CLK ₁ , CLK ₂ , K ₁₀ – K ₁₃		0.4		1	V
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis RESET		0.2		0.5	V
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis X _{IN}		0.1		0.4	V
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis X _{CIN} (When external clock is input)		0.1		0.4	V
I_{IH}	High-level input current P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P57, P60 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87, X _{IN} , RESET, CNVss, BYTE	$V_I = 5 \text{ V}$			5	μA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current P00 – P07, P10 – P17, P20 – P27, P30 – P33, P40 – P47, P50 – P53, P60, P61, P65 – P67, P70 – P77, P80 – P87, X _{IN} , RESET, CNVss, BYTE	$V_I = 0 \text{ V}$			-5	μA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current P54 – P57, P62 – P64	$V_I = 0 \text{ V}$, without a pull-up transistor			-5	μA
		$V_I = 0 \text{ V}$, with a pull-up transistor	-0.25	-0.5	-1.0	
V_{RAM}	RAM hold voltage	When clock is stopped.	2			V

PRELIMINARY

Notice: This is not a final specification.
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, T_A = -20 to 85 °C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power source current	V _{CC} = 5 V, f(X _{IN}) = 25 MHz (square waveform), (f/f ₂) = 12.5 MHz, f(X _{CIN}) = 32.768 kHz, in operating (Note 1)		9.5	19	mA
		V _{CC} = 5 V, f(X _{IN}) = 25 MHz (square waveform), (f/f ₂) = 1.5625 MHz, f(X _{CIN}) = Stopped, in operating (Note 1)		1.3	2.6	mA
		V _{CC} = 5 V, f(X _{IN}) = 25 MHz (square waveform), f(X _{CIN}) = 32.768 kHz, when a WIT instruction is executed (Note 2)		10	20	μA
		V _{CC} = 5 V, f(X _{IN}) : Stopped, f(X _{CIN}) : 32.768 kHz, in operating (Note 3)		50	100	μA
		V _{CC} = 5 V, f(X _{IN}) : Stopped, f(X _{CIN}) : 32.768 kHz, when a WIT instruction is executed (Note 4)		5	10	μA
		T _A = 25 °C, when clock is stopped			1	μA
		T _A = 85 °C, when clock is stopped			20	μA

Notes 1. This applies when the main clock external input selection bit = "1", the main clock division selection bit = "0", and the signal output stop bit = "1".

2. This applies when the main clock external input selection bit = "1" and the system clock stop bit at wait state = "1".

3. This applies when CPU and the clock timer are operating with the sub clock (32.768 kHz) selected as the system clock.

4. This applies when the Xcout drivability selection bit = "0" and the system clock stop bit at wait state = "1".

A-D CONVERTER CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 5 V, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0 V, T_A = -20 to 85 °C, f(X_{IN}) = 25 MHz (Note), unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution	V _{REF} = V _{CC}			10	Bits
—	Absolute accuracy	V _{REF} = V _{CC}			± 3	LSB
R _{LADDER}	Ladder resistance	V _{REF} = V _{CC}	10		25	kΩ
t _{CONV}	Conversion time		9.44			μs
V _{REF}	Reference voltage		2		V _{CC}	V
V _{IA}	Analog input voltage		0		V _{REF}	V

Note. This applies when the main clock division selection bit = "0" and f(f₂) = 12.5 MHz.

TIMING REQUIREMENTS ($V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_a = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$, $f(X_{IN}) = 25 \text{ MHz}$, unless otherwise noted (Note))

Notes 1. This applies when the main clock division selection bit = "0" and $f(f_2) = 12.5 \text{ MHz}$.

2. Input signal's rise/fall time must be 100 ns or less, unless otherwise noted.

External clock input

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc	External clock input cycle time (Note 3)	40		ns
tw(H)	External clock input high-level pulse width (Note 4)	15		ns
tw(L)	External clock input low-level pulse width (Note 4)	15		ns
tr	External clock rise time		8	ns
tf	External clock fall time		8	ns

Notes 3. When the main clock division selection bit = "1", the minimum value of tc = 80 ns.

4. When the main clock division selection bit = "1", values of tw(H) / tc and tw(L) / tc must be set to values from 0.45 through 0.55.

Single-chip mode

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tsu(P0D-E)	Port P0 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P1D-E)	Port P1 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P2D-E)	Port P2 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P3D-E)	Port P3 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P4D-E)	Port P4 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P5D-E)	Port P5 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P6D-E)	Port P6 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P7D-E)	Port P7 input setup time	60		ns
tsu(P8D-E)	Port P8 input setup time	60		ns
th(E-P0D)	Port P0 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P1D)	Port P1 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P2D)	Port P2 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P3D)	Port P3 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P4D)	Port P4 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P5D)	Port P5 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P6D)	Port P6 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P7D)	Port P7 input hold time	0		ns
th(E-P8D)	Port P8 input hold time	0		ns

Memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tsu(D-RDE)	Data input setup time	32		ns
tsu(RDY- ϕ_1)	RDY input setup time	55		ns
tsu(HOLD- ϕ_1)	HOLD input setup time	55		ns
th(RDE-D)	Data input hold time	0		ns
th(ϕ_1 -RDY)	RDY input hold time	0		ns
th(ϕ_1 -HOLD)	HOLD input hold time	0		ns

PRELIMINARY

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Timer A input (Count input in event counter mode)

Symbol	parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TA)	TAiIN input cycle time	80		ns
tw(TAH)	TAiIN input high-level pulse width	40		ns
tw(TAL)	TAiIN input low-level pulse width	40		ns

Timer A input (Gating input in timer mode)

Symbol	parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TA)	TAiIN input cycle time (Note)	320		ns
tw(TAH)	TAiIN input high-level pulse width (Note)	160		ns
tw(TAL)	TAiIN input low-level pulse width (Note)	160		ns

Note. Limits change depending on f(XIN). Refer to "DATA FORMULAS" on page 19.

Timer A input (External trigger input in one-shot pulse mode)

Symbol	parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TA)	TAiIN input cycle time (Note)	320		ns
tw(TAH)	TAiIN input high-level pulse width	80		ns
tw(TAL)	TAiIN input low-level pulse width	80		ns

Note. Limits change depending on f(XIN). Refer to "DATA FORMULAS" on page 19.

Timer A input (External trigger input in pulse width modulation mode)

Symbol	parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tw(TAH)	TAiIN input high-level pulse width	80		ns
tw(TAL)	TAiIN input low-level pulse width	80		ns

Timer A input (Up-down input in event counter mode)

Symbol	parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(UP)	TAiOUT input cycle time	2000		ns
tw(UPH)	TAiOUT input high-level pulse width	1000		ns
tw(UPL)	TAiOUT input low-level pulse width	1000		ns
tsu(UP-TIN)	TAiOUT input setup time	400		ns
th(TIN-UP)	TAiOUT input hold time	400		ns

Timer A input (Two-phase pulse input in event counter mode)

Symbol	parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TA)	TAjIN input cycle time	800		ns
tsu(TAjIN-TAjOUT)	TAjIN input setup time	200		ns
tsu(TAjOUT-TAjIN)	TAjOUT input setup time	200		ns

Timer B input (Count input in event counter mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TB)	TBiN input cycle time (one edge count)	80		ns
tw(TBH)	TBiN input high-level pulse width (one edge count)	40		ns
tw(TBL)	TBiN input low-level pulse width (one edge count)	40		ns
tc(TB)	TBiN input cycle time (both edges count)	160		ns
tw(TBH)	TBiN input high-level pulse width (both edges count)	80		ns
tw(TBL)	TBiN input low-level pulse width (both edges count)	80		ns

Timer B input (Pulse period measurement mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TB)	TBiN input cycle time (Note)	320		ns
tw(TBH)	TBiN input high-level pulse width (Note)	160		ns
tw(TBL)	TBiN input low-level pulse width (Note)	160		ns

Note. Limits change depending on f(XIN). Refer to "DATA FORMULAS" on page 19.

Timer B input (Pulse width measurement mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TB)	TBiN input cycle time (Note)	320		ns
tw(TBH)	TBiN input high-level pulse width (Note)	160		ns
tw(TBL)	TBiN input low-level pulse width (Note)	160		ns

Note. Limits change depending on f(XIN). Refer to "DATA FORMULAS" on page 19.

A-D trigger input

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(AD)	AD _{TRG} input cycle time (minimum allowable trigger)	1000		ns
tw(ADL)	AD _{TRG} input low-level pulse width	125		ns

Serial I/O

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(CK)	CLK _i input cycle time	200		ns
tw(CKH)	CLK _i input high-level pulse width	100		ns
tw(CKL)	CLK _i input low-level pulse width	100		ns
td(C-Q)	TxD _i output delay time		80	ns
th(C-Q)	TxD _i hold time	0		ns
tsu(D-C)	RxD _i input setup time	30		ns
th(C-D)	RxD _i input hold time	90		ns

External interrupt INT_i input, key input interrupt K_i input

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tw(INH)	INT _i input high-level pulse width	250		ns
tw(INL)	INT _i input low-level pulse width	250		ns
tw(KIL)	K _i input low-level pulse width	250		ns

PRELIMINARY
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DATA FORMULAS

Timer A input (Gating input in timer mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TA)	TAiIN input cycle time	8×10^9 2 · f(f ₂)		ns
tw(TAH)	TAiIN input high-level pulse width	4×10^9 2 · f(f ₂)		ns
tw(TAL)	TAiIN input low-level pulse width	4×10^9 2 · f(f ₂)		ns

Timer A input (External trigger input in one-shot pulse mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TA)	TAiIN input cycle time	8×10^9 2 · f(f ₂)		ns

Timer B input (In pulse period measurement mode or pulse width measurement mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TB)	TBiIN input cycle time	8×10^9 2 · f(f ₂)		ns
tw(TBH)	TBiIN input high-level pulse width	4×10^9 2 · f(f ₂)		ns
tw(TBL)	TBiIN input low-level pulse width	4×10^9 2 · f(f ₂)		ns

Note. f(f₂) represents the clock f₂ frequency.

For the relation to the main clock and sub clock, refer to Table 10 in data sheet "M37735MHBXXXFP".

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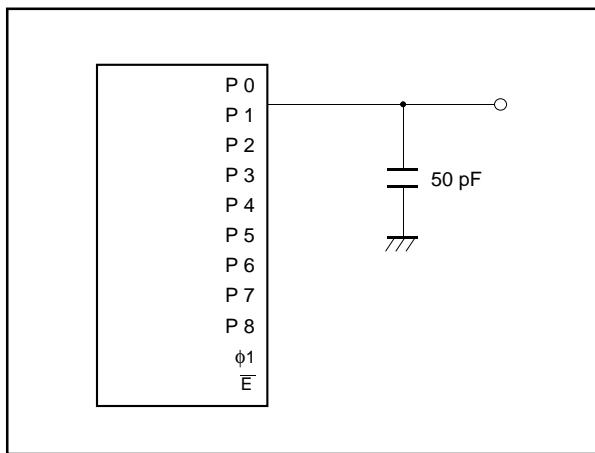
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SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0 V$, $T_a = -20$ to $85^\circ C$, $f(XIN) = 25$ MHz (Note), unless otherwise noted)**Single-chip mode**

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
$td(E-P0Q)$	Port P0 data output delay time	Fig. 5		80	ns
$td(E-P1Q)$	Port P1 data output delay time			80	ns
$td(E-P2Q)$	Port P2 data output delay time			80	ns
$td(E-P3Q)$	Port P3 data output delay time			80	ns
$td(E-P4Q)$	Port P4 data output delay time			80	ns
$td(E-P5Q)$	Port P5 data output delay time			80	ns
$td(E-P6Q)$	Port P6 data output delay time			80	ns
$td(E-P7Q)$	Port P7 data output delay time			80	ns
$td(E-P8Q)$	Port P8 data output delay time			80	ns

Note. This applies when the main clock division selection bit = "0" and $f(f_2) = 12.5$ MHz.

Fig. 5 Measuring circuit for ports P0 – P8 and ϕ_1

Memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode

($V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_a = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$, $f(XIN) = 25 \text{ MHz}$ (Note 1), unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	(Note 2) Wait mode	Test conditions	Limits		Unit
				Min.	Max.	
td(CS-WE) td(CS-RDE)	Chip-select output delay time	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0	Fig. 5	12		ns
th(WE-CS) th(RDE-CS)	Chip-select hold time			87		ns
td(An-WE) td(An-RDE)	Address output delay time	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0		4		ns
td(A-WE) td(A-RDE)	Address output delay time	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0	Fig. 5	12		ns
th(WE-An) th(RDE-An)	Address hold time			75		ns
tw(ALE)	ALE pulse width	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0		18		ns
tsu(A-ALE)	Address output setup time	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0	Fig. 5	22		ns
th(ALE-A)	Address hold time	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0		57		ns
td(ALE-WE) td(ALE-RDE)	ALE output delay time	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0		5		ns
td(WE-DQ)	Data output delay time		Fig. 5	45		ns
th(WE-DQ)	Data hold time			18		ns
tw(WE)	WEL/WEH pulse width	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0		50		ns
tpxz(RDE-DZ)	Floating start delay time		Fig. 5	130		ns
tpzx(RDE-DZ)	Floating release delay time			5		ns
tw(RDE)	RDE pulse width	No wait Wait 1 Wait 0		20		ns
td(RSMP-WE) td(RSMP-RDE)	RSMP output delay time		Fig. 5	48		ns
th(Φ1-RSMP)	RSMP hold time			128		ns
td(WE-Φ1) td(RDE-Φ1)	Φ1 output delay time			10		ns
td(Φ1-HLDA)	HLDA output delay time			0	18	ns
					50	ns

Notes 1. This applies when the main clock division selection bit = "0" and $f(f_2) = 12.5 \text{ MHz}$.

2. No wait : Wait bit = "1".

Wait 1 : The external memory area is accessed with wait bit = "0" and wait selection bit = "1".

Wait 0 : The external memory area is accessed with wait bit = "0" and wait selection bit = "0".

PRELIMINARY

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Memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode

Bus timing data formulas ($V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_a = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$, $f(XIN) = 25 \text{ MHz}$ (Max., Note1), unless otherwise noted)

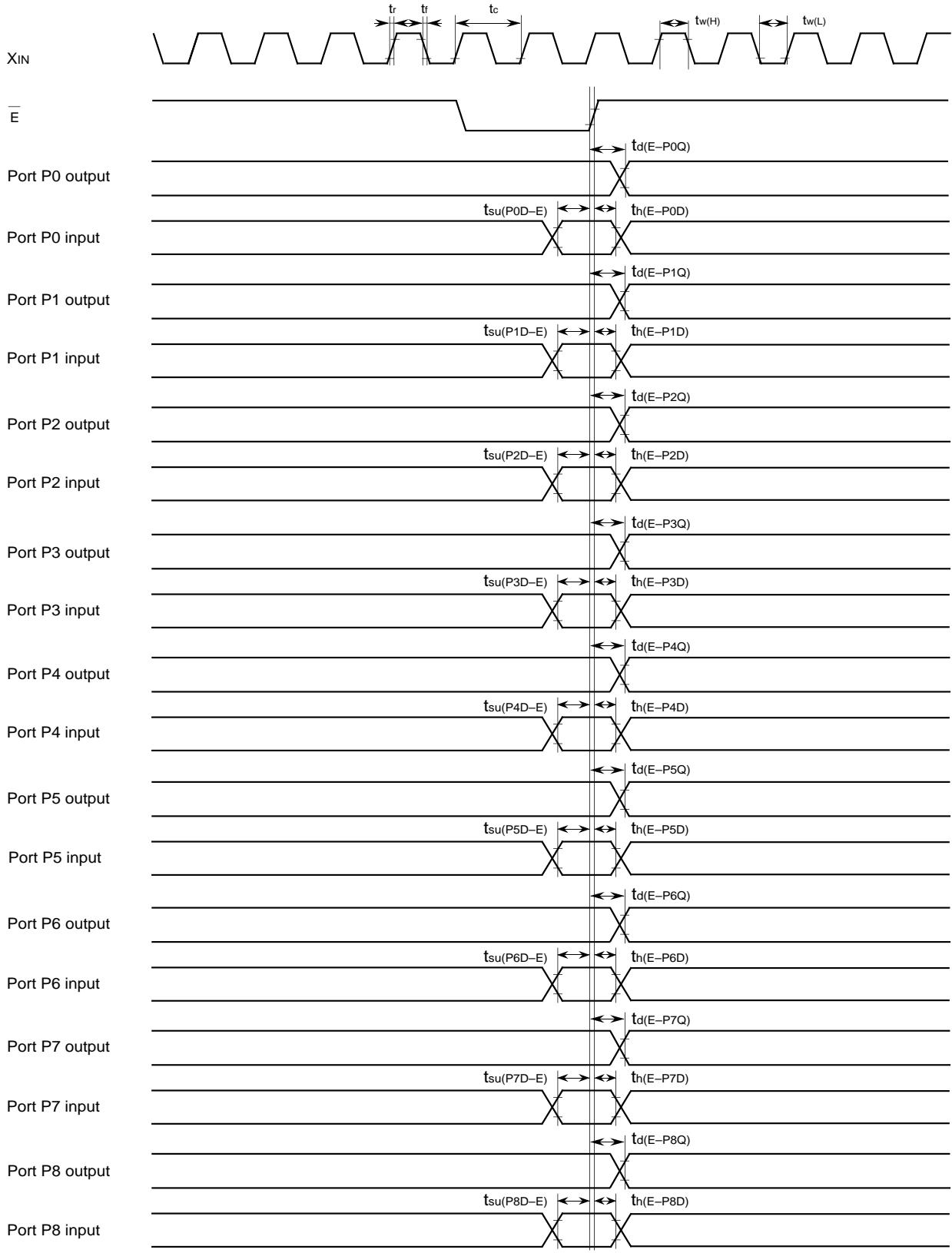
Symbol	Parameter		Limits		Unit
			Wait mode	Min.	
$t_{d(CS-WE)}$ $t_{d(CS-RDE)}$	Chip-select output delay time	No wait	$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 28$		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{3 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 33$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{h(WE-CS)}$ $t_{h(RDE-CS)}$	Chip-select hold time		4		ns
$t_{d(An-WE)}$ $t_{d(An-RDE)}$	Address output delay time	No wait	$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 28$		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{3 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 33$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{d(A-WE)}$ $t_{d(A-RDE)}$	Address output delay time	No wait	$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 28$		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{3 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 45$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{h(WE-An)}$ $t_{h(RDE-An)}$	Address hold time		$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 22$		ns
$t_{w(ALE)}$	ALE pulse width	No wait	$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 18$		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{2 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 23$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{su(A-ALE)}$	Address output setup time	No wait	$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 35$		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{2 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 35$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{h(ALE-A)}$	Address hold time	No wait	9		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 25$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{d(ALE-WE)}$ $t_{d(ALE-RDE)}$	ALE output delay time	No wait	4		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 30$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{d(WE-DQ)}$	Data output delay time			45	ns
$t_{h(WE-DQ)}$	Data hold time		$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 22$		ns
$t_{w(WE)}$	WEL/WEH pulse width	No wait	$\frac{2 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 30$		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{4 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 30$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{pxz(RDE-DZ)}$	Floating start delay time			5	ns
$t_{pzx(RDE-DZ)}$	Floating release delay time		$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 20$		ns
$t_{w(RDE)}$	RDE pulse width	No wait	$\frac{2 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 32$		ns
		Wait 1	$\frac{4 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 32$		
		Wait 0			ns
$t_{d(RSMP-WE)}$ $t_{d(RSMP-RDE)}$	RSMP output delay time		$\frac{1 \times 10^9}{2 \cdot f(f_2)} - 30$		ns
$t_{h(\phi1-RSMP)}$	RSMP hold time		0		ns
$t_{d(WE-\phi1)}$ $t_{d(RDE-\phi1)}$	ϕ_1 output delay time		0	18	ns

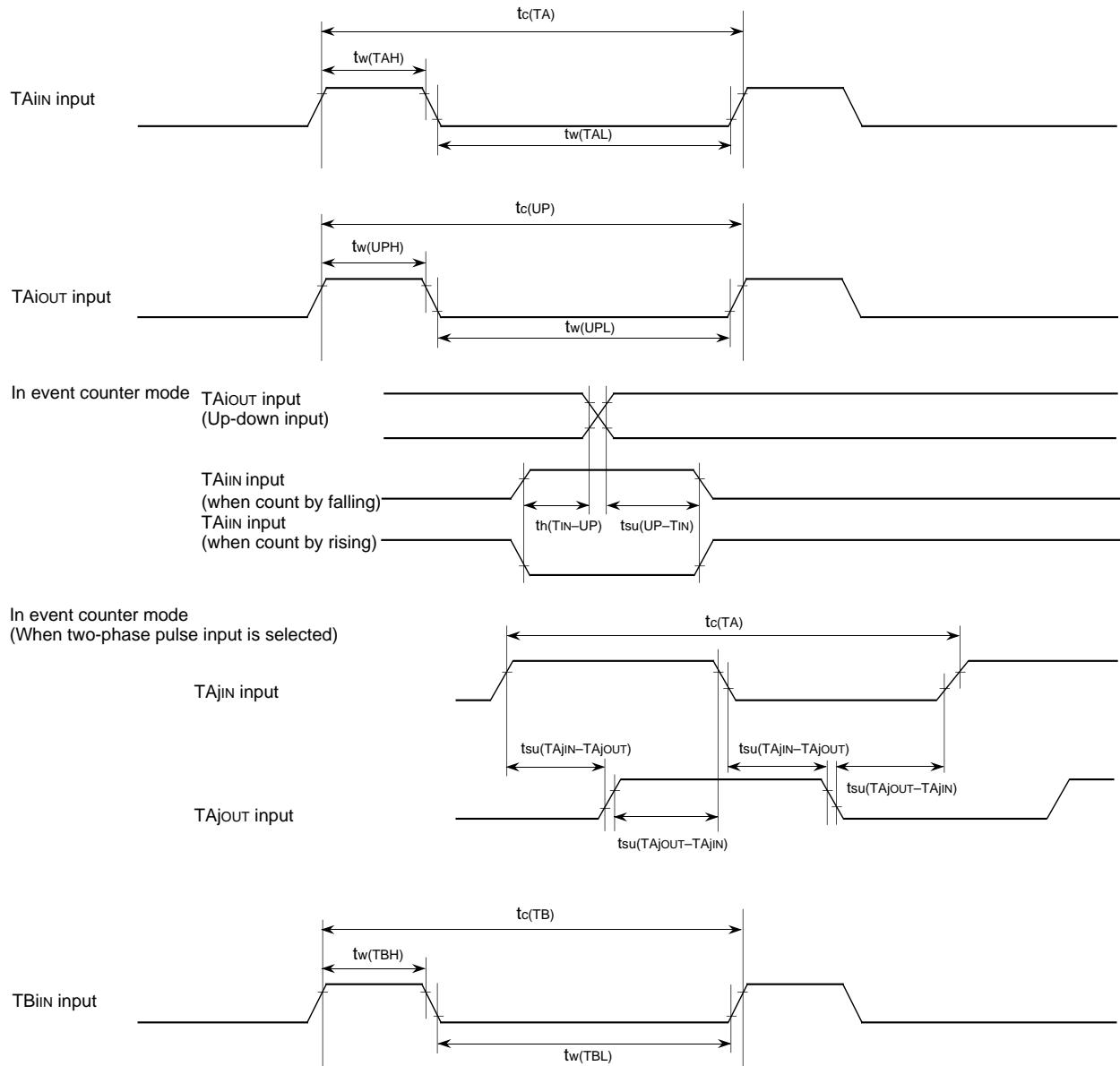
Notes 1. This applies when the main-clock division selection bit = "0".

2. $f(f_2)$ represents the clock f_2 frequency.

For the relation to the main clock and sub clock, refer to Table 10 in data sheet "M37735MHBXXXFP".

TIMING DIAGRAM





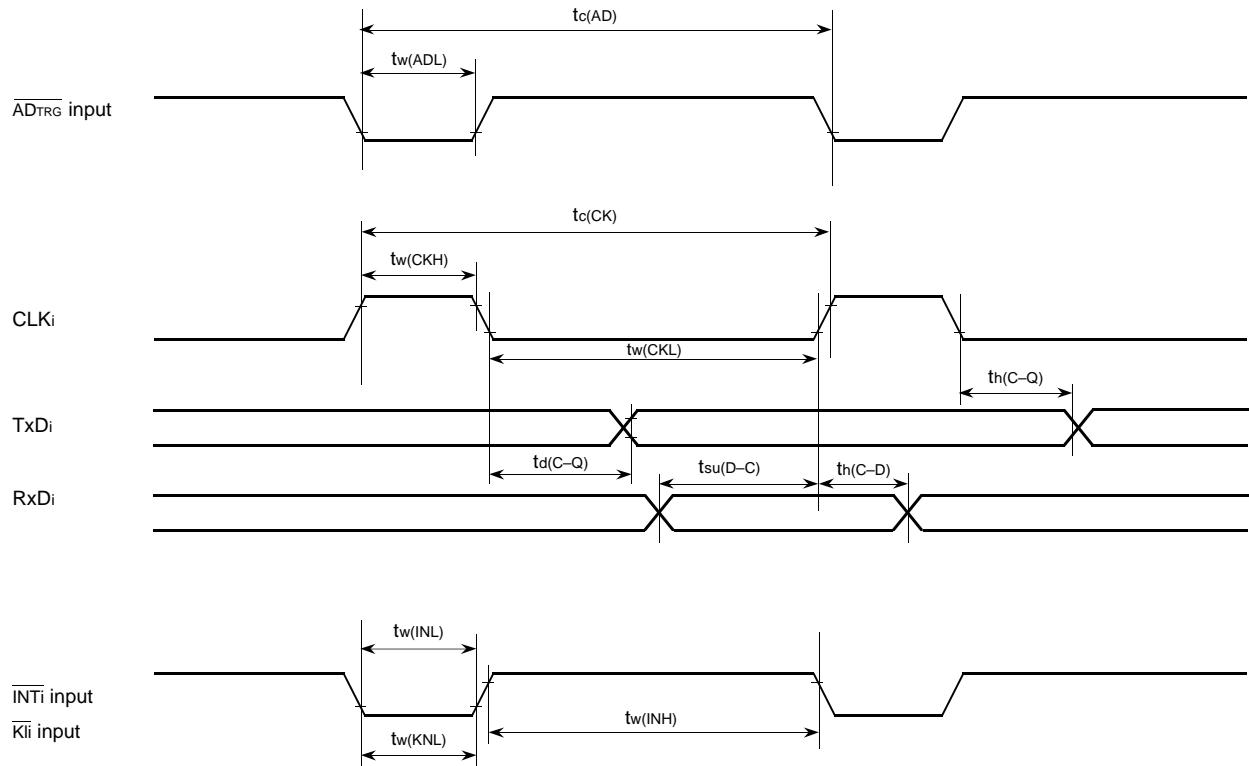
PRELIMINARY
Notice: This is not a final specification.
Some parametric limits are subject to change.

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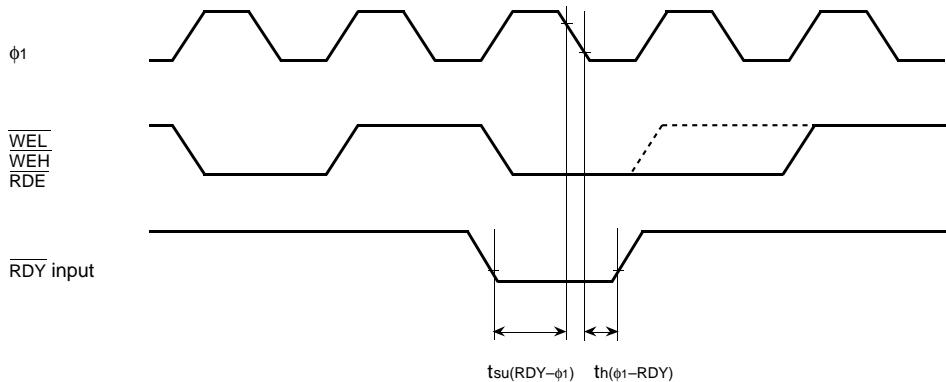
M37735EHBXXXFP

M37735EHBFs

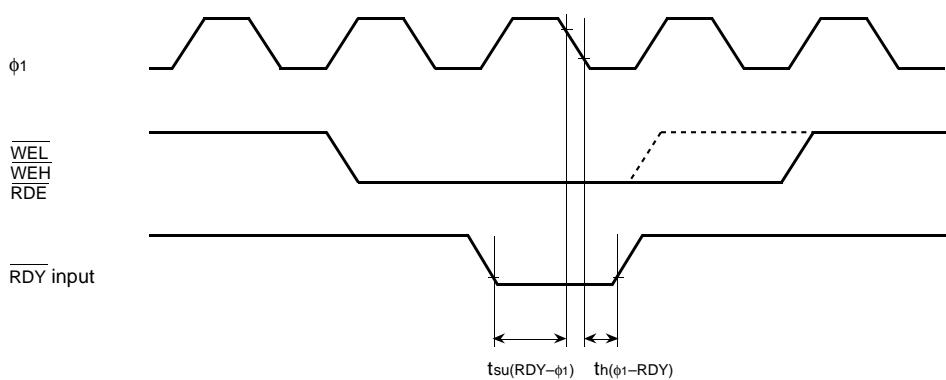
PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXXFP



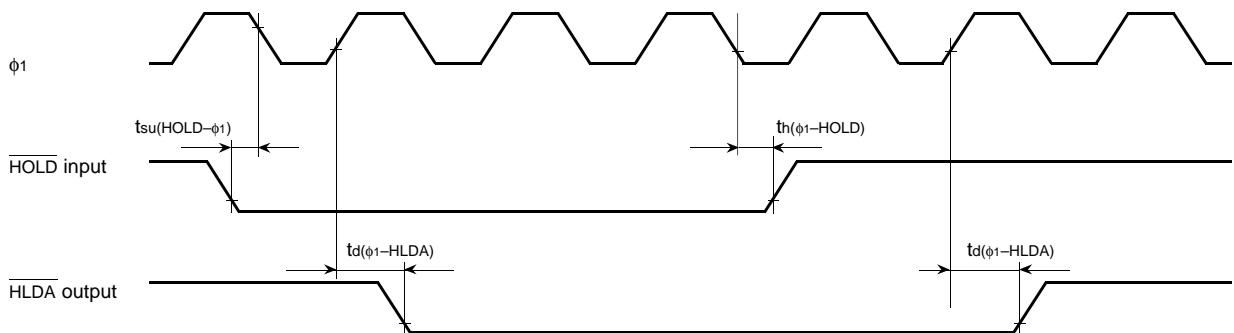
Memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode
 (When wait bit = "1")



(When wait bit = "0")



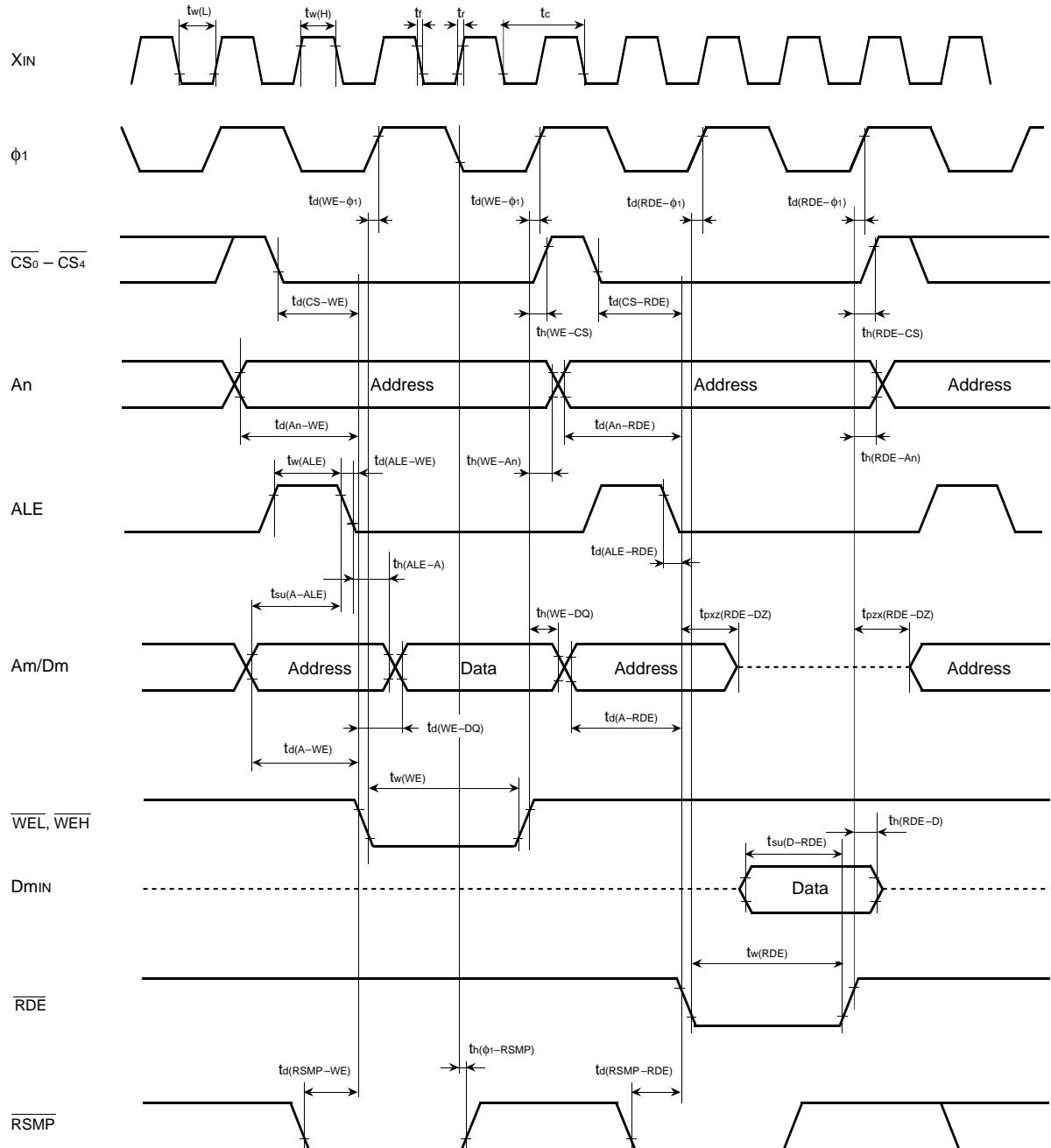
(When wait bit = "1" or "0" in common)



Test conditions

- $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10\%$
- Input timing voltage : $V_{IL} = 1.0 V$, $V_{IH} = 4.0 V$
- Output timing voltage : $V_{OL} = 0.8 V$, $V_{OH} = 2.0 V$

Memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode
(No wait : When wait bit = "1")



Test conditions

- $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$
- Output timing voltage : $V_{OL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
- Data input DMIN : $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

PRELIMINARY

Notice: This is not a final specification.
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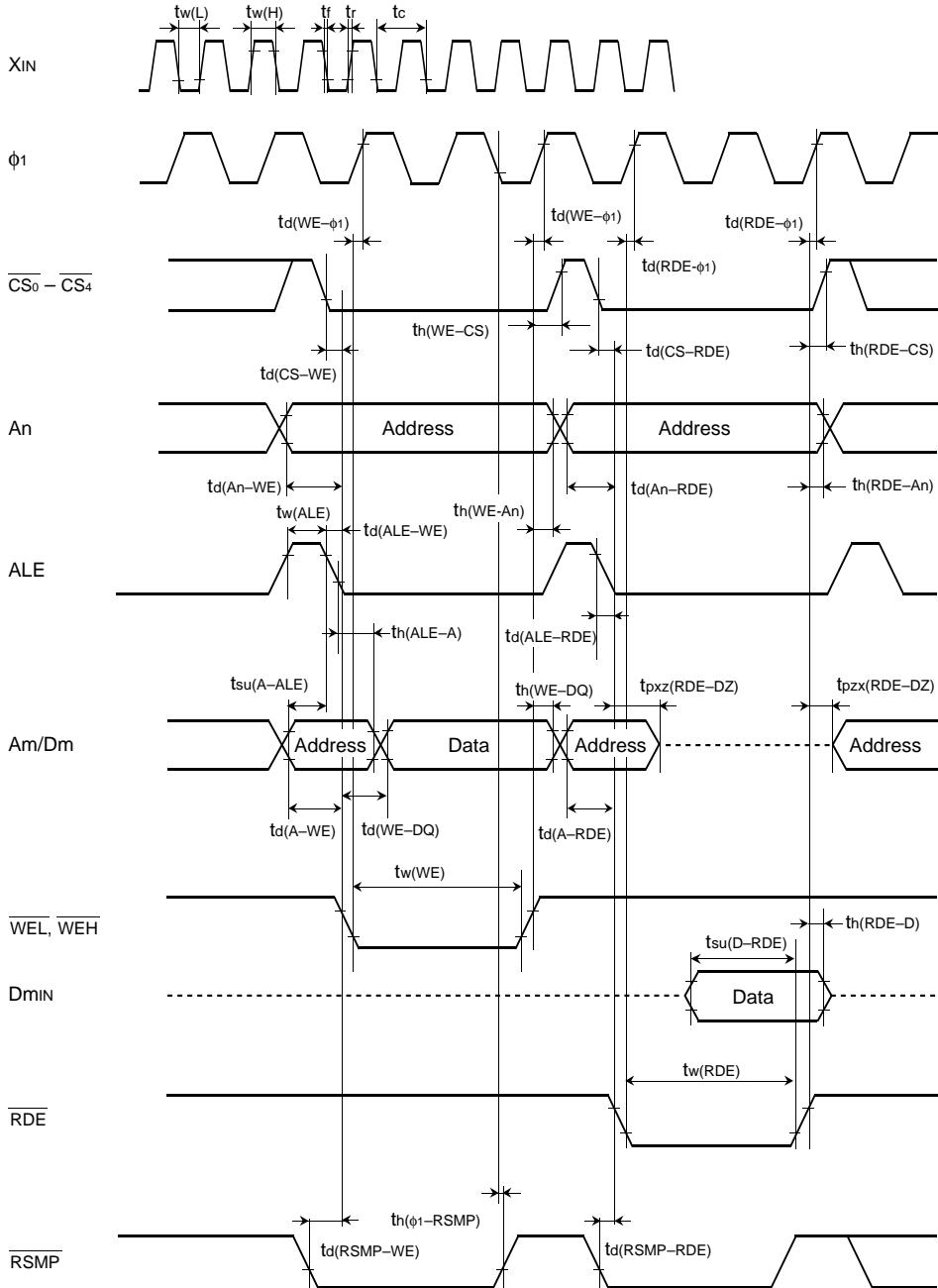
MITSUBISHI MICROCOMPUTERS

M37735EHBXXXFP

M37735EHBF

PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXXFP

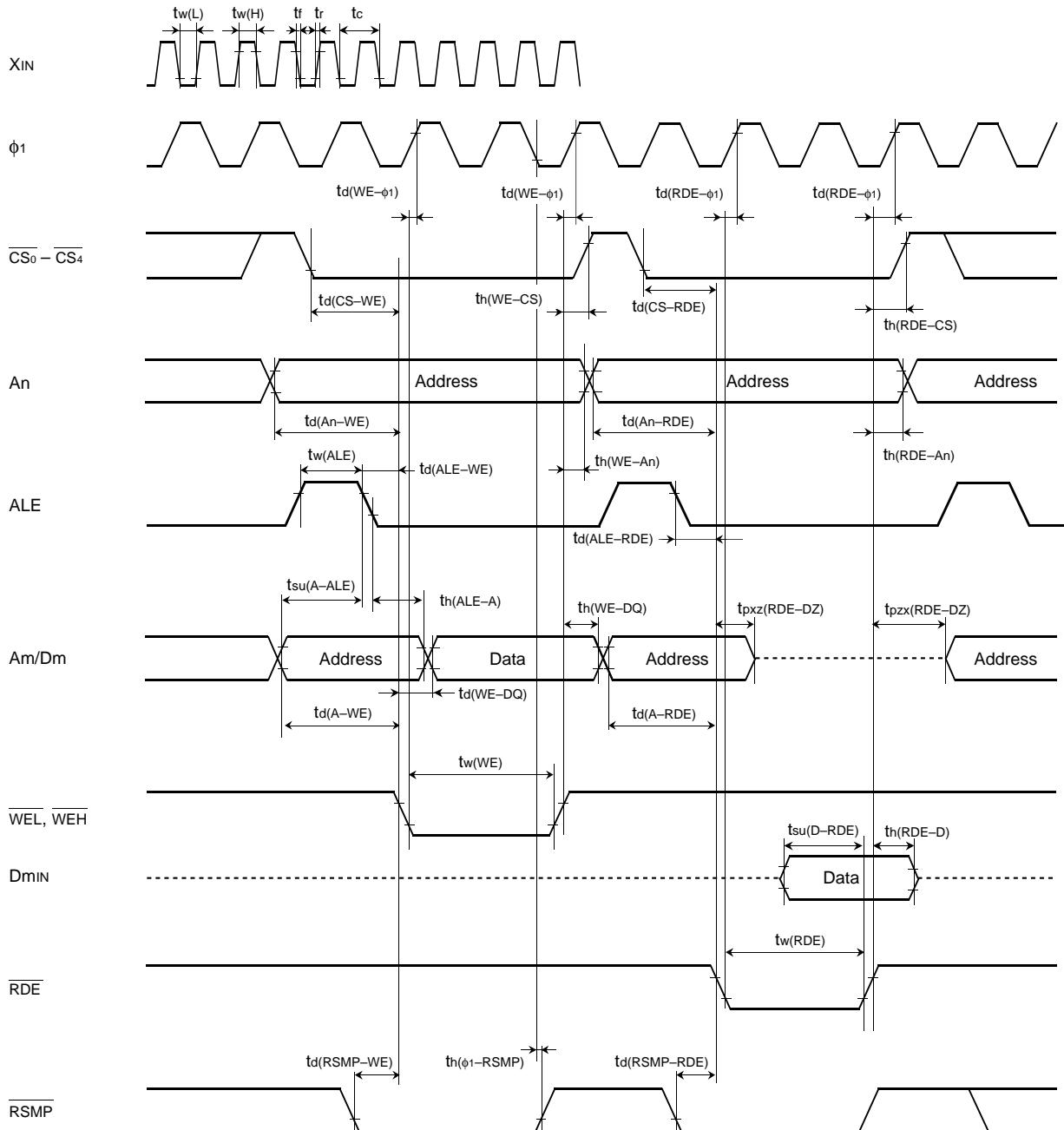
Memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode
(Wait 1 : The external memory area is accessed when wait bit = "0" and wait selection bit = "1".)



Test conditions

- $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$
- Output timing voltage : $V_{OL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
- Data input D_{MIN} : $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

Memory expansion mode and microprocessor mode
(Wait 0 : The external memory area is accessed when wait bit = "0" and wait selection bit = "0".)



Test conditions

- V_{CC} = 5 V ± 10%
- Output timing voltage : V_{OL} = 0.8 V, V_{OH} = 2.0 V
- Data input D_{MIN} : V_{IL} = 0.8 V, V_{IH} = 2.5 V

PRELIMINARY
Notice: This is not a final specification.
Some parametric limits are subject to change.

MITSUBISHI MICROCOMPUTERS

M37735EHBXXXFP

M37735EHBF

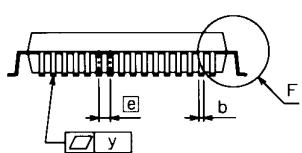
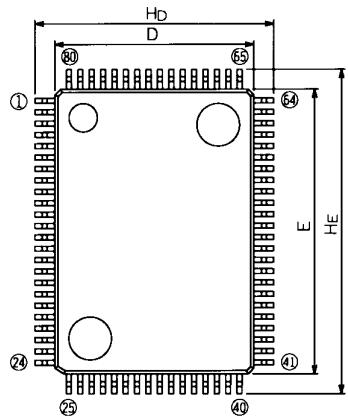
PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXXFP

PACKAGE OUTLINE

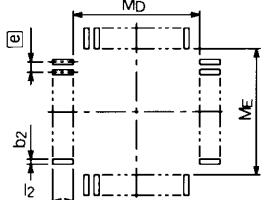
80P6N-A

EIAJ Package Code	JEDEC Code	Weight(g)	Lead Material
QFP80-P-1420-0.80	-	1.58	Alloy 42

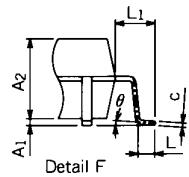
Scale : 2/1



Plastic 80Pin 14 x 20mm body QFP



Recommended Mount Pad



Symbol	Dimension in Millimeters		
	Min	Nom	Max
A	—	—	3.05
A ₁	0	0.1	0.2
A ₂	—	2.8	—
b	0.3	0.35	0.45
c	0.13	0.15	0.2
D	13.8	14.0	14.2
E	19.8	20.0	20.2
[e]	—	0.8	—
H _D	16.5	16.8	17.1
H _E	22.5	22.8	23.1
L	0.4	0.6	0.8
L ₁	—	1.4	—
y	—	—	0.1
θ	0°	—	10°
b ₂	—	0.5	—
l ₂	1.3	—	—
M _D	—	14.6	—
M _E	—	20.6	—

7700 FAMILY WRITING TO PROM ORDER CONFIRMATION FORM
SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT MICROCOMPUTER
M37735EHBXXXFP
mitsubishi electric

ROM number		
Receipt	Date:	
	Section head signature	Supervisor signature

Note : Please fill in all items marked **※**

※ Customer	Company name	TEL ()	Issuance signatures	Responsible officer	Supervisor
	Date issued	Date:			

※1. Confirmation

Specify the name of the product being ordered and the type of EPROMs submitted.

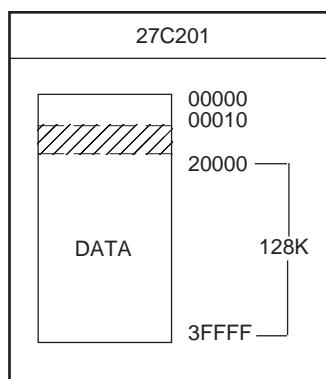
Three sets of EPROMs are required for each pattern.

If at least two of the three sets of EPROMs submitted contain the identical data, we will produce writing to PROM based on this data. We shall assume the responsibility for errors only if the written PROM data on the products we produce differ from this data. Thus, the customer must be especially careful in verifying the data contained in the EPROMs submitted.

Checksum code for entire EPROM areas

--	--	--	--

(hexadecimal notation)

EPROM Type :

Note : Make sure that address 01FFFF_{16} of the microcomputer's internal ROM corresponds to address 3FFFF_{16} of EPROM.

(1) Set "FF₁₆" in the shaded area.(2) Address 0₁₆ to 0F₁₆ are the area for storing the data on model designation. This area must be written with the data shown below.

Address and data are written in hexadecimal notation.

Address		Address	
4D	0	42	8
33	1	FF	9
37	2	FF	A
37	3	FF	B
33	4	FF	C
35	5	FF	D
45	6	FF	E
48	7	FF	F

※2. Mark specification

Mark specification must be submitted using the correct form for the type of package being ordered fill out the appropriate 80P6N Mark Specification Form (for M37735EHBXXXFP) and attach to the Writing to PROM Order Confirmation Form.

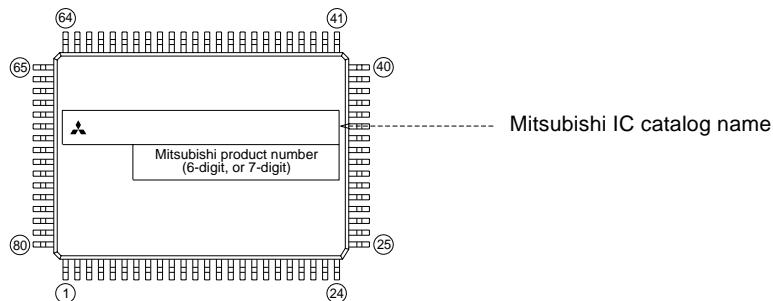
※3. Comments

80P6N (80-PIN QFP) MARK SPECIFICATION FORM

Mitsubishi IC catalog name

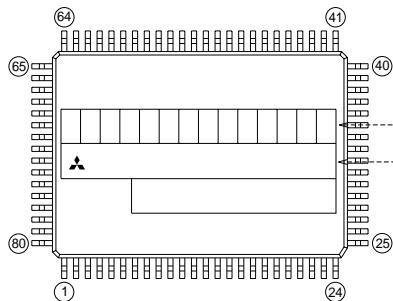
Please choose one of the marking types below (A, B, C), and enter the Mitsubishi IC catalog name and the special mark (if needed).

A. Standard Mitsubishi Mark



Mitsubishi IC catalog name

B. Customer's Parts Number + Mitsubishi IC Catalog Name



Customer's Parts Number

Note : The fonts and size of characters are standard Mitsubishi type.

Mitsubishi IC catalog name

Notes 1 : The mark field should be written right aligned.

2 : The fonts and size of characters are standard Mitsubishi type.

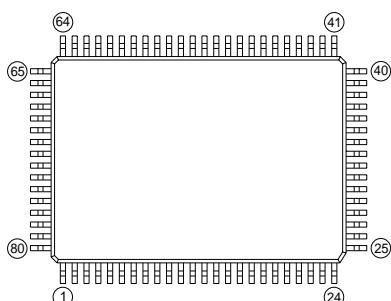
3 : Customer's parts number can be up to 14 alphanumeric characters for capital letters, hyphens, commas, periods and so on.

4 : If the Mitsubishi logo  is not required, check the box below.

Mitsubishi logo is not required



C. Special Mark Required



Notes1 : If special mark is to be printed, indicate the desired layout of the mark in the left figure. The layout will be duplicated technically as close as possible.

Mitsubishi product number (6-digit, or 7-digit) and Mask ROM number (3-digit) are always marked for sorting the products.

2 : If special character fonts (e.g., customer's trade mark logo) must be used in Special Mark, check the box below.

For the new special character fonts, a clean font original (ideally logo drawing) must be submitted.

Special character fonts required



PRELIMINARY
Notice: This is not a final specification.
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MITSUBISHI MICROCOMPUTERS

**M37735EHBXXFP
M37735EHBF**

PROM VERSION OF M37735MHBXXFP

Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

- Mitsubishi Electric Corporation puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of non-flammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

Notes regarding these materials

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REVISION DESCRIPTION LIST		M37735EHBXXXFP, M37735EHBFS Datasheet
Rev. No.	Revision Description	

1.00	First Edition		970604						
1.01	The following are added: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PROM ORDER CONFIRMATION FORM • MARK SPECIFICATION FORM 		980526						
2.00	The following are revised: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Page</th> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Previous Version</th> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Revised Version</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">P12 Right column Line 2</td> <td style="padding: 2px;"> <u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 28 powerful addressing modes. Refer to the MITSUBISHI SEMICONDUCTORS DATA BOOK SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT MICROCOMPUTERS for the details of each addressing mode.</u> MACHINE INSTRUCTION LIST <u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 103 machine instructions. Refer to the MITSUBISHI SEMICONDUCTORS DATA BOOK SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT MICROCOMPUTERS for details.</u> </td> <td style="padding: 2px;"> <u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 28 powerful addressing modes. Refer to the "7700 Family Software Manual" for the details.</u> MACHINE INSTRUCTION LIST <u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 103 machine instructions. Refer to the "7700 Family Software Manual" for the details.</u> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Page	Previous Version	Revised Version	P12 Right column Line 2	<u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 28 powerful addressing modes. Refer to the MITSUBISHI SEMICONDUCTORS DATA BOOK SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT MICROCOMPUTERS for the details of each addressing mode.</u> MACHINE INSTRUCTION LIST <u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 103 machine instructions. Refer to the MITSUBISHI SEMICONDUCTORS DATA BOOK SINGLE-CHIP 16-BIT MICROCOMPUTERS for details.</u>	<u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 28 powerful addressing modes. Refer to the "7700 Family Software Manual" for the details.</u> MACHINE INSTRUCTION LIST <u>The M37735EHBXXXFP has 103 machine instructions. Refer to the "7700 Family Software Manual" for the details.</u>	980731
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