## CD54/74AC/ACT Series

The Advanced High-Speed CMOS Logic product line represents the second generation of high-speed CMOS logic. Designated the CD54/74AC and CD54/74ACT families, these devices match Fairchild's bipolar FAST devices in speed, performance and logic/type output drive, but at CMOS power levels.

Featuring < 3ns gate propagation delays, Advanced CMOS Logic is the fastest CMOS logic yet available. (By contrast, the standard propagation delay for CMOS logic is 90ns, and for high-speed CMOS logic, 9ns.) ACL can operate at more than 150MHz. Output drive capability is 24mA, compared with 6mA for HC/HCT. This capability enables AC/ACT types to drive  $50\Omega$  transmission lines, yet still generate the voltages necessary to operate the receiving logic devices safely.

Benefits of the Advanced CMOS Logic family compared to other logic families include:

- Lower Power Dissipation
- Balanced Propagation Delay
- Superior Input Characteristics: Larger Noise Immunity and Noise Margin Input Switching Voltage Stability with Temperature Variation
- Lower Input Current
- Improved Output Source Current with Better Balance
- Wider Operating Supply Voltage Range
- Wider Commercial-Product Operating-Temperature Range
- Lower 3-State Output Leakage (High-Z-Mode)
- Improved Reliability in General, and Particulary in Surface-Mount (Small-Outline) Packages

.....-0.5 to 6V

• Rail-To-Rail Output Voltage Swing

	•
DC Supply-Voltage (VCC)	

Maximum Ratings. Absolute-Maximum Values:

\*\*Power Dissipation Per Package (PD):

Operating-Temperature Range (T<sub>A</sub>) .....-55°C to +125°C

Storage Temperature (TSTG) .....-65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature (During Soldering):

Unit inserted into PC board min. thickness 1/16 in.

(1.59mm) with solder contacting lead tips only ...... +300°C

### **Recommended Operating Conditions:**

For maximum reliability, normal operating conditions should be selected so that operation is always within the following ranges:

	Lin		
Characteristics	Min	Max	Units
Supply-Voltage Range, (For T <sub>A</sub> = Full Package-Temperature Range) V <sub>CC</sub> * AC Types ACT Types	1.5 4.5	5.5 5.5	V V
DC Input or Output Voltage, V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub>	0	VCC	V
Operating Temperature, TA	-55°C	+125°C	<b>°</b> C
Input Rise and Fall Slew Rate, dt/dv at 1.5V to 3V (AC Types) at 3.6V to 5.5V (AC Types) at 4.5V to 5.5V (ACT Types)	0 0 0	50 20 10	ns/V ns/V ns/V

<sup>\*</sup> Unless otherwise specified, all voltages are referenced to ground.

<sup>\*</sup> For up to 4 outputs per device; add ±25mA for each additional output.

\*\* See interpretation guide and packaging section

# **Advanced CMOS Logic ICs**

# CD54/74AC/ACT Series (Continued)

### **Product Classification Chart**

Gates								Mu	ıltivii	brators		
NOR/NAND	OR/AND/ NOR/NAND Inverters Exclusive-O			Buffers Line-Drivers			Decoders/	Schmitt		Flip-Flops/Latche		s/Latches
LACIUSITE-ON		-UK	Line-Drive	ers   B	us Drivers	Encoders	Tr	igger	Flip/Flops		Latches	
CD/54/74AC/ACT				CD54/74/AC/ACT					CD54/74		4AC/ACT	
AC/ACT00 AC/ACT02 AC/ACT10 AC/ACT20	AC/ACT04 AC/ACT05**	AC/ACTOS AC/ACT32 AC/ACT86	2	AC/ACT24 AC/ACT24 AC/ACT24 AC/ACT54 AC/ACT54	1 AC/ACT241 4 AC/ACT244 0 AC/ACT540		AC/ACT138 AC/ACT139 AC/ACT238	AC/ACT14		AC/ACT74 AC/ACT109 AC/ACT112 AC/ACT174 AC/ACT175 AC/ACT273 AC/ACT374 AC/ACT534 AC/ACT564 AC/ACT574		AC/ACT373 AC/ACT533 AC/ACT563 AC/ACT573
	Registers Co		Co	unters Multiplexers/		Interface		Arithmetic		Phase-Locked		
Shift	FIFO Buffer Syn		Sync	hronous	1	uitiplexers	Circuits		Circuits		Loop	
CD5	CD54/74AC/ACT CD54/		D54/7	74AC/ACT CD54/74		/74AC/ACT	CD54/74AC/ACT		CD54/74AC/ACT			
AC/ACT164 AC/ACT299 AC/ACT323	CT299 AC/ACT7202 AC/A		C/ACT C/ACT	163	AC/AC	AC/ACT138 Bus AC/ACT139 Transceive		ers	Adders/ Comparators		AC/ACT297	
		AC	C/ACT C/ACT C/ACT	7060	AC/AC AC/AC AC/AC AC/AC AC/AC	CT153 CT157 CT158 CT238 CT251 CT253	AC/ACT245 AC/ACT623 AC/ACT646 AC/ACT647† AC/ACT649† AC/ACT651		AC/ACT	283	-	
			•.		AC/AC		AC/ACT652 AC/ACT653** AC/ACT654** AC/ACT7623	٠	Gene	rity rator/ ecker		
		i					AC/ACT7651		AC/ACT2	280		

## **Function Selection Chart**

Type CD54/74	Function/Description	Classification	Number of Pins
	NAND/NOR Gates		
AC/ACTOO	Quad 2-Input NAND Gate	SSI	14
AC/ACT02	Quad 2-Input NOR Gate	SSI	14
AC/ACT10	Triple 3-Input NAND Gate	SSI	14
AC/ACT20	Dual 4-Input NAND Gate	SSI	14
	AND/OR/Exclusive-OR Gates	<u> </u>	
AC/ACT08	Quad 2-Input AND Gate	SSI	14
AC/ACT32	Quad 2-Input OR Gate	SSI	14
AC/ACT86	Quad 2-Input Exclusive-OR Gate	SSI	14
	Inverters/Buffers/Bus Drivers		
AC/ACT04	Hex Inverter/Buffer	SSI	14
AC/ACT05 `	Hex Inverter/Buffer with Open-Drain Outputs	SSI	14
AC/ACT240	Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State; Inverting	MSI	20
AC/ACT241	Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State	MSI	20
AC/ACT244	Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State	MSI	20
AC/ACT540	Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State; Inverting	MSI	20
AC/ACT541	Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State	MSI	20

# Advanced CMOS Logic ICs

# CD54/74AC/ACT Series (Continued)

Function Selection Chart (Continued)

Type CD54/74	Function/Description	Classification	No. of Pins
	Flip-Flops/Latches	. <u></u>	
C/ACT74	Dual D-Type Flip-Flop with SET and RESET; Positive-Edge Trigger	FF	14
C/ACT109	Dual JK Flip-Flop with SET and RESET; Positive-Edge Trigger	FF 	16
C/ACT112	Dual JK Flip-Flop with SET and RESET	FF	16
C/ACT174	Hex D-Type Flip-Flop with RESET	MSI	16
C/ACT175	Quad D-Type Flip-Flop with RESET	MSI	16
AC/ACT273	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with RESET	FF	20
AC/ACT374	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State; Non-Inverting	FF	20
	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State; Inverting	FF	20
AC/ACT534	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State; Inverting	FF	20
AC/ACT564	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State	FF	20
AC/ACT574			
	Shift/FIFÖ Buffer/Multiport Registers 8-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register	· MSI	14
AC/ACT164	8-Bit Seligi-III Paraisis-Out Stiff Register	MSI	20
AC/ACT299	8-Bit Universal Shift Register; 3-State	MSI	20
AC/ACT323	8-Bit Universal Shift Register; 3-State (w/Synchronous RESET)	MSI	28
AC/ACT7202	1024 x 9 Bit Parallel In-Out FIFO	MSI	28
AC/ACT7201	512 x 9 Bit Parallel FIFO	11101	
	Arithmetic Circuits	MSI	14
AC/ACT280	8-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker	MSI	16
AC/ACT283	4-Bit Full Adder with Fast Carry	INICI	<del>                                     </del>
	Counters Counter Asymptomic PESET	MSI	16
AC/ACT161	Presetable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Counter; Asynchronous RESET	MSI	16
AC/ACT163	Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Counter, Synchronous RESET	MSI	16
AC/ACT191	Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter		1
AC/ACT193	Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter	MSI	16
AC/ACT7060	14-Stage Binary Ripple Counter with Oscillator	MSI	20
AC/ACT7061	14-Stage Binary Ripple Counter with Oscillator	MSI	20
	Analog and Digital Multiplexers/Demuitiplexers	140	16
AC/ACT138	3-to-8-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer, Inverting	MSI	16
AC/ACT139	Dual 2-of-4-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer	MSI	16
AC/ACT151	8-Input Multiplexer	MSI	16
AC/ACT153	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer	MSI	16
AC/ACT157	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer	MSI	16
AC/ACT158	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer, Inverting	MSI	16
AC/ACT238	3-to-8-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer	MSI	16
•	8-Input Multiplexer, 3-State	MSI	16
AC/ACT251	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State	MSI	16
AC/ACT253	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; 3-State; Non-Inverting Outputs	MSI	16
AC/ACT257 AC/ACT258	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; 3-State; Inverting Outputs	MSI	16
AU/AU1230			
AC/ACT100	Decoders/Encoders 3-to-8-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer Inverting	MSI	16
AC/ACT138	Dual 2-of-4-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer	MSI	16
AC/ACT139 AC/ACT238	3-to-8-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer	· MSI	16
AO/AO1200	Bus Transceivers		
AC/ACT245	Bus Transceivers Octal Bus Transceiver; 3-State	MSI	20
	Octal Bus Transceiver; 3-State; Non-Inverting	MSI	20
AC/ACT623	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register, 3-State	MSI	24
AC/ACT646	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register, 3-State Octal Bus Transceiver/Register with Open Drain, Non-Inverting	MSI	24
AC/ACT647	Octat Due Transceiver/Degister With Open Drain, Not all and all and a series of the Control of t	MSI	24
AC/ACT648	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register, 3-State; Inverting	MSI	24
AC/ACT649	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register with Open Drain, Inverting	MSI	24
AC/ACT651	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register with Open Drain, Inverting	MSI	24
AC/ACT652	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register, 3-State; Non-Inverting	MSI	24
AC/ACT653	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register, 3-State (B Side), Open-Drain (A Side); Inverting	1	24
AC/ACT654	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register; 3-State (B-Side), Open-Drain (A-Side);	MSI	""
	Non-Inverting	MSI	20
AC/ACT7623	Octal Bus Transceiver; 3-State (B-Side), Open-Drain (A-Side); Non-Inverting	MSI	24
AC/ACT7651	Octal Bus Transceiver/Register; 3-State; Inverting	14101	

## Advanced CMOS Logic ICs

## CD54/74AC/ACT Series (Continued)

**Function Selection Chart (Continued)** 

Type CD54/74	Function/Description	Classification	No. of Pins	
	Latches			
AC/ACT373	Octal Transparent Latch; 3-State	MSI	20	
AC/ACT533	Octal Transparent Latch; 3-State; Inverting	MSI	20	
AC/ACT563	Octal Transparent Latch; 3-State	MSI	20	
AC/ACT573	Octal Transparent Latch; 3-State	MSI	20	
	Schmitt Trigger			
AC/ACT14	Hex Inverting Schmitt Trigger	SSI	14	
	Phase-Locked Loop			
AC/ACT297	Digital Phase-Locked Loop	MSI	16	

# **BIMOS FCT Interface Logic ICs**

### CD54/74FCT Series

### FCT Products for Backplane-Interface Applications

Harris FCT products are developed to provide a reliable interface with modern high-speed backplanes. The FCT types vastly reduce power consumption, avoid bus contention, minimize switching noise, and provide outputs that are specifically tailored to interface with VME buses or their equivalents.

The speed of the FCT family is comparable to that of bipolar FAST types. Sink current ranges from 48 milliamperes to 64 milliamperes depending on product type.

### **FCT Features**

Speed Competitive with similar bipolar F/AS TTL functions. Typical delay is 3.5 nanoseconds. Sink/Source All types have sink and source currents Current

meeting VME, multibus, etc., standards. Output edges are monotonic through the TTL switch point with fully populated backplanes. A BiMOS output driver stage

is used.

**Simultaneous Switching Transient** 

(Ground bounce) Competitive with similar bipolar TTL and CMOS products. Output swing is 3.5 volts. Controlled output-edge

Operating and Standby Power Ultra-low pure CMOS operating power and

standby power of almost zero.

**Pinout** Standard Fully populated buses, such as the 21-slot VME can be reliably interfaced. Products are most economically packaged in plastic DIP and gull-wing surface-mount pinouts. As with the Harris AC/ACT family of logic devices, simultaneous switching transients are controlled to levels comparable to similar bipolar logic functions (1 volt peak area for octal ground bounce).

The two competitive bipolar families (FAST\* and BCT), compared with FCT products, are 150 times higher in quiescent power consumption and 10 times higher in operating power consumption at a continuous five megahertz operation.

### **FCT Benefits**

- · Swift delay requirements dictated by modern controlsystem backplane-interface logic present no problems.
- · Optimized output drives minimize backplane reflections in worst-case situations.
- EMI and RFI emissions minimized. Good signal-pulse integrity.
- Meets low-power needs of down-sized computers without fans, etc. Low battery drain.
- Provided in minimum and most economically sized DIP and SOP.
- Minimum CAD/CAM, burn-in board, and PC-board real estate costs with no performance sacrifice.