



The Future of Analog IC Technology™

# MP8040

## High Current Power Half Bridge

### DESCRIPTION

The MP8040 is a general purpose, high frequency half bridge power driver capable of driving a 9A load. The device integrates both top and bottom N-Channel MOSFET power switches and is fully protected from both sourcing and sinking current by a preset cycle-by-cycle current limit. It has a wide input voltage range from 7.5V to 25V.

The MP8040 features a low-current shutdown mode, input under-voltage protection, thermal shutdown, and fault flag signal output. It interfaces with standard logic signals and is available in a small 8-pin SOIC with exposed pad package.

### EVALUATION BOARD REFERENCE

| Board Number | Dimensions            |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| EV0041       | 3.5"X x 3.5"Y x 1.2"Z |

### FEATURES

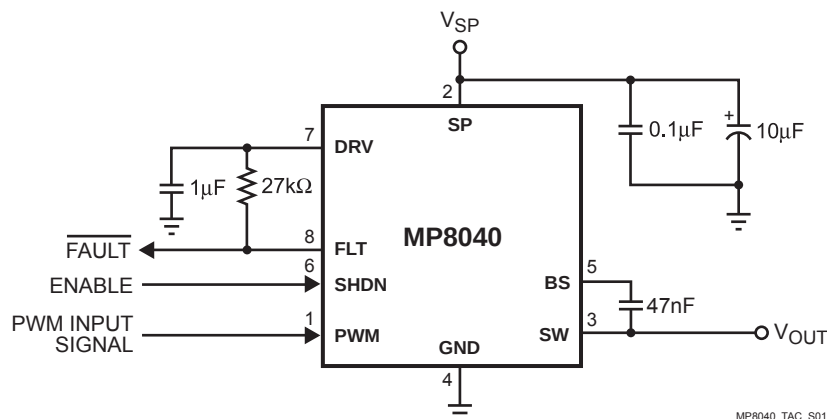
- $\pm 9\text{A}$  Peak Current Output
- $\pm 4.25\text{A}$  Continuous Current Output
- Up to 1.2MHz Switching Frequency
- Protected Integrated Power 100m $\Omega$  Switches
- All Switches Current Limited
- Integrated Under-Voltage Protection
- Integrated Thermal Protection
- 2.5 $\mu\text{A}$  Standby Mode
- True 2-Quadrant Operation
- Sources and Sinks Current
- Fault Indicator Output

### APPLICATIONS

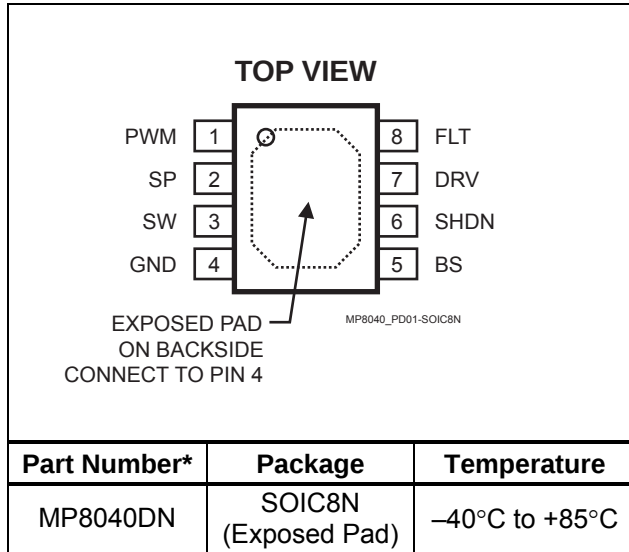
- Class D Audio Driver
  - 25W/4 $\Omega$ /10% Output Power Single Ended
  - 70W/4 $\Omega$ /10% Output Power Full Bridge
- Full or Half Bridge DC-DC Switching Regulator
- Motor Driver

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### TYPICAL APPLICATION



## PACKAGE REFERENCE



\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (eg. MP8040DN-Z)  
For Lead Free, add suffix -LF (eg. MP8040DN-LF-Z)

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>(1)</sup>

SP Supply Voltage ( $V_{SP}$ ) ..... 28V  
SW Pin Voltage ..... -0.3V to  $V_{SP}$   
SW to BS ..... -0.3V to +6V  
Voltage at All Other Pins ..... -0.3V to +6V  
Storage Temperature ..... -55°C to +150°C

## Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(2)</sup>

SP Supply Voltage ( $V_{SP}$ ) ..... 7.5V to 24V  
Peak Output Current ..... 9A Maximum  
Operating Temperature ..... -40°C to +85°C

## Thermal Resistance <sup>(3)</sup>

$\theta_{JA}$   $\theta_{JC}$   
SOIC8N ..... 50 ..... 8.... °C/W

### Notes:

- Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{SP} = 12V$ ,  $V_{SHDN} = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter                                   | Symbol | Condition                                                               | Min | Typ  | Max | Units    |
|---------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|----------|
| SP Operating Current                        |        |                                                                         |     | 1.5  | 2.5 | mA       |
| SP Shutdown Current                         |        | $V_{SHDN} = 2V$                                                         |     | 2.5  | 10  | $\mu A$  |
| SHDN, SP Threshold Low                      |        |                                                                         |     |      | 1   | V        |
| SHDN, SP Threshold High                     |        |                                                                         | 2   |      |     | V        |
| SHDN, SP Input Bias Current                 |        |                                                                         |     | 1    |     | $\mu A$  |
| SW On Resistance                            |        | $V_{SP} = 7.5V$ , High-Side and Low-Side                                |     | 0.1  |     | $\Omega$ |
| SW Current Limit <sup>(4)</sup>             |        | $V_{PWM} = 5$ , (Sinking)                                               |     | 9    |     | A        |
|                                             |        | $V_{PWM} = 0$ , (Sourcing)                                              |     | 9    |     | A        |
| SW Switching Frequency                      |        | $V_{PWM} = 0$ to 2V, 50% Duty Cycle                                     |     |      | 1.2 | MHz      |
| SW Maximum Duty Cycle <sup>(5)</sup>        |        | $V_{SP} = 7.5V$ , $V_{PWM} = 2V$ , $C_{SW} = 100nF$ , $f_{SW} = 3.3kHz$ |     | 99.5 |     | %        |
| SW Rise/Fall Time                           |        | $V_{PWM} = 0$ to 5V                                                     |     | 20   |     | ns       |
| PWM Pulse Width                             |        | $V_{PWM} = 0$ to 2V, High or Low Pulse                                  | 200 |      |     | ns       |
| PWM to SW Delay Time Rising                 |        | $V_{PWM} = 0$ to 5V                                                     |     | 70   |     | ns       |
| PWM to SW Delay Time Falling                |        | $V_{PWM} = 5$ to 0V                                                     |     | 70   |     | ns       |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature <sup>(4)</sup> |        | $T_J$ Rising, Hysteresis = 20°C                                         |     | 160  |     | °C       |

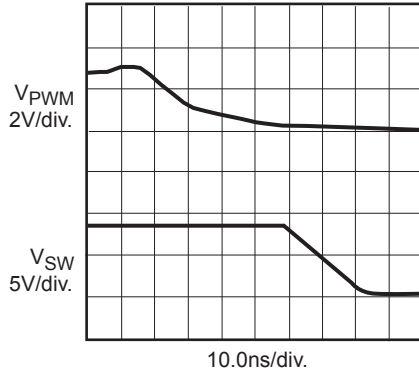
### Notes:

- Not production tested.
- SW drives low for 1.5 $\mu s$  every 300 $\mu s$  to charge the BS to SW capacitor.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

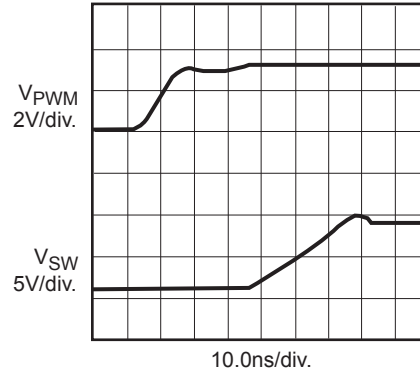
Circuit of Figure 4,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

**Delay Time  
SW Falling ( $V_{SP}=8\text{V}$ )**



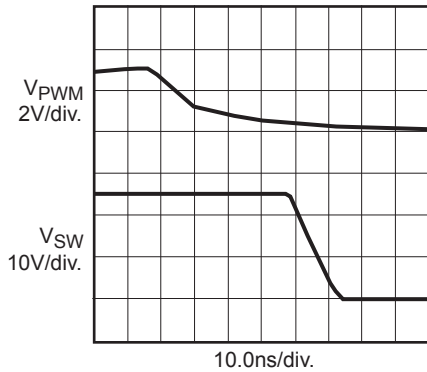
MP8040-TPC01

**Delay Time  
SW Rising ( $V_{SP}=8\text{V}$ )**



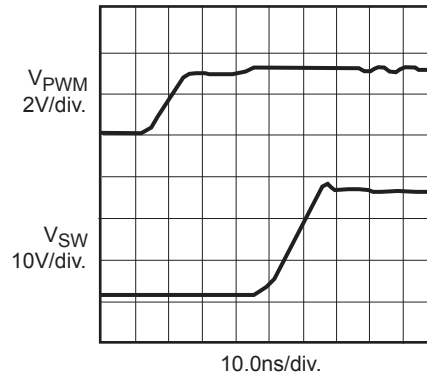
MP8040-TPC02

**Delay Time  
SW Falling ( $V_{SP}=25\text{V}$ )**



MP8040-TPC03

**Delay Time  
SW Rising ( $V_{SP}=25\text{V}$ )**

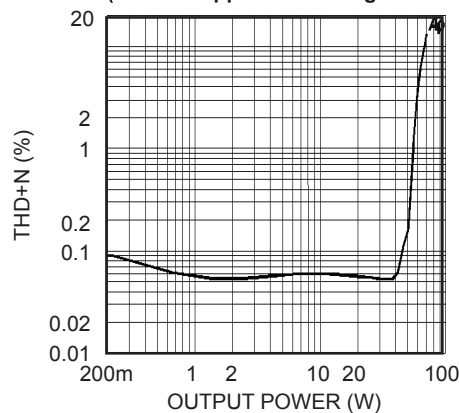


MP8040-TPC04

### THD+N vs Output Power

( $V_{SP}=24\text{V}$ ) Bridged Output into  $4\Omega$

(Class D Application using closed loop circuit)



MP8040-TPC05

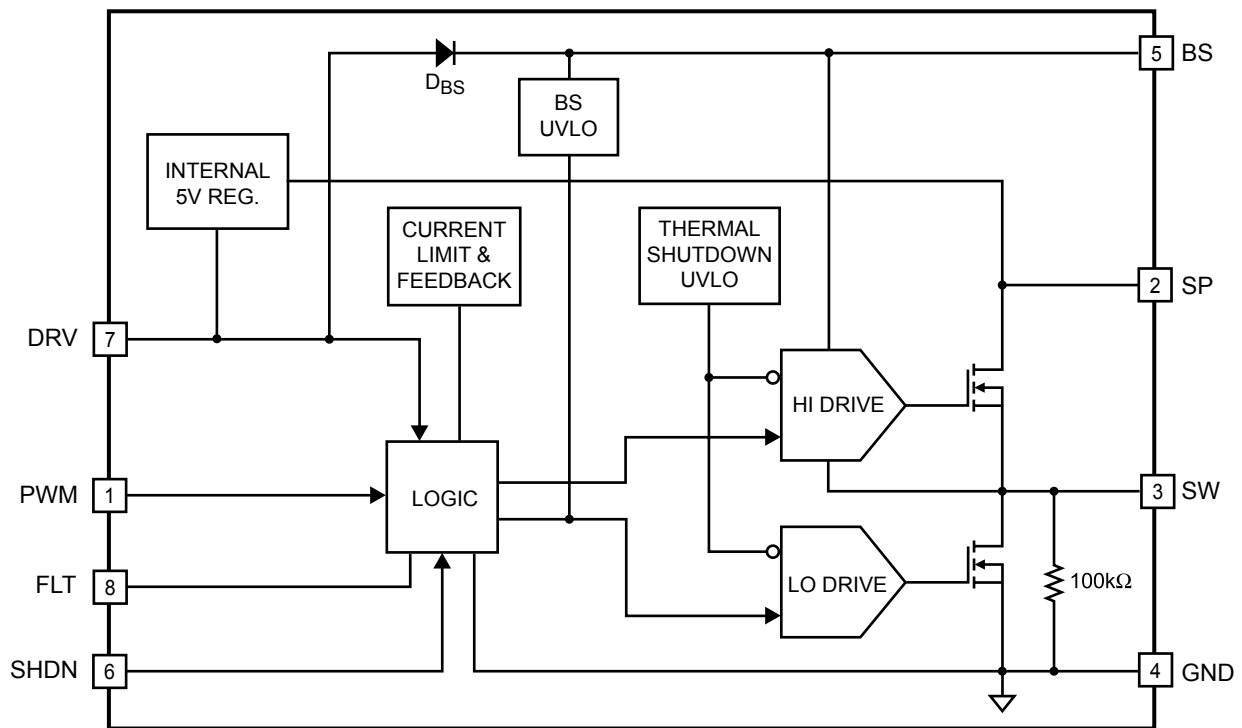
## PIN FUNCTIONS

| Pin # | Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1     | PWM  | Driver Logic Input. Drive PWM with the signal that controls the MP8040 output. Drive PWM high to turn on the high-side switch; drive PWM low to turn on the low-side switch.                                      |
| 2     | SP   | Power Supply Input. Connect SP to the positive side of the input power supply. Bypass SP to GND as close to the IC as possible.                                                                                   |
| 3     | SW   | Switched Output. SW is the power output of the MP8040. Connect the output LC filter to SW. SW is valid approximately 100µs after SP goes high.                                                                    |
| 4     | GND  | Ground. (Note: Connect the exposed pad on the bottom side to Pin 4).                                                                                                                                              |
| 5     | BS   | Bootstrap Supply. BS powers the high-side gate of the MP8040. Connect a 0.1µF or greater capacitor between BS and SW.                                                                                             |
| 6     | SHDN | Shutdown Input. SHDN enables/disables the MP8040. Drive SHDN low to turn on the MP8040, drive it high to turn it off. If not used, connect SHDN to GND.                                                           |
| 7     | DRV  | Gate Drive Supply Bypass. The voltage at DRV is supplied from an internal regulator from SP. DRV powers the internal circuitry and internal MOSFET gate drives. Bypass DRV to GND with a 0.1µF to 10µF capacitor. |
| 8     | FLT  | Fault Output. Active-low, open drain. A low output at FLT indicates that the MP8040 has detected a fault and has shutdown. Connect FLT to DRV through a 100kΩ resistor.                                           |

## OPERATION

The MP8040 is a general purpose, power driver. It takes a logic input and drives a half bridge comprised of 0.1Ω high-side and low-side N-Channel MOSFET switches.

It operates at frequencies up to 1.2MHz, can accept a DC supply voltage as high as 25V, and produce peak output current as high as 9A.



MP8040\_F02

**Figure 1—Function Block Diagram**

### SW Output

The SW output drives the load. It is controlled by the logic input signal at PWM. When the signal at PWM is high (above 2V), the high-side switch is turned on. When the signal at PWM is low (less than 0.4V), the low-side switch is turned on.

The MP8040 uses internal N-Channel MOSFETs for both the high-side and low-side switches. The high-side MOSFET gate drive is powered from the voltage between SW and BS, allowing BS to rise above the SP input voltage to power the high-side MOSFET. To do this a bootstrap capacitor is connected between SW and BS. When the low-side switch is on, the capacitor is internally charged from the voltage at DRV, which is also internally generated. There is a dead time region (typically 40ns) where both the upper and lower switches are off (see Figure 2).

Both the high-side and low-side switches have internal current limits to prevent failure due to excessive load current. Once the current limit is reached, both output switches are turned off and the fault output is asserted (driven low).

### Shutdown

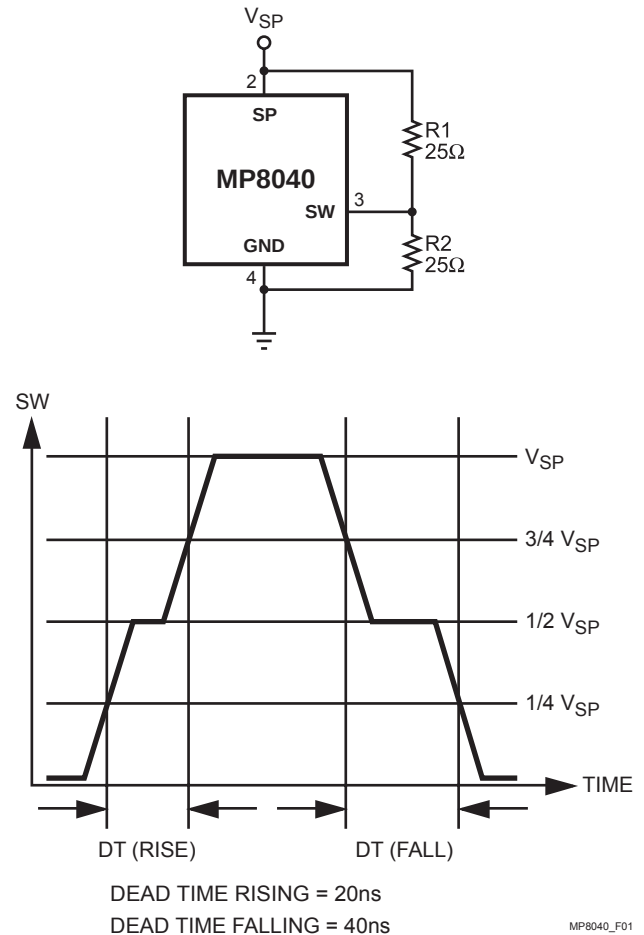
The MP8040 includes a 2.5 $\mu$ A shutdown mode. When SHDN is high, both output switches are turned off and the input current drops to 2.5 $\mu$ A. When the MP8040 is shutdown, the internally generated voltage at DRV drops to 0V, and the fault output (FLT) is asserted (driven low). If the shutdown mode is not used, connect SHDN directly to GND.

### Fault Output

The MP8040 includes a fault indicator output (FLT). This is an active-low open drain output. The MP8040 detects faults due to over-current (>9A), over-temperature (>160°C), under-voltage at SP (<6.5V), or if the part is disabled. Connect FLT to DRV or to an external voltage up to 6V through a 27k $\Omega$  or greater resistor. When any of the 3 fault conditions are detected, both output switches are turned off and the SW output is high-impedance.

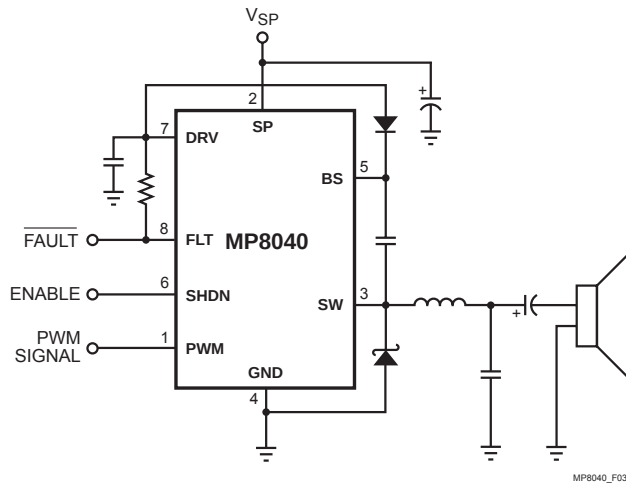
### Thermal Shutdown

The MP8040 includes a thermal overload protection circuit. If the die temperature rises above 160°C, the output switches are turned off and the fault output is asserted. Once the thermal overload circuit is tripped, the die temperature must drop below 140°C before automatically restarting.

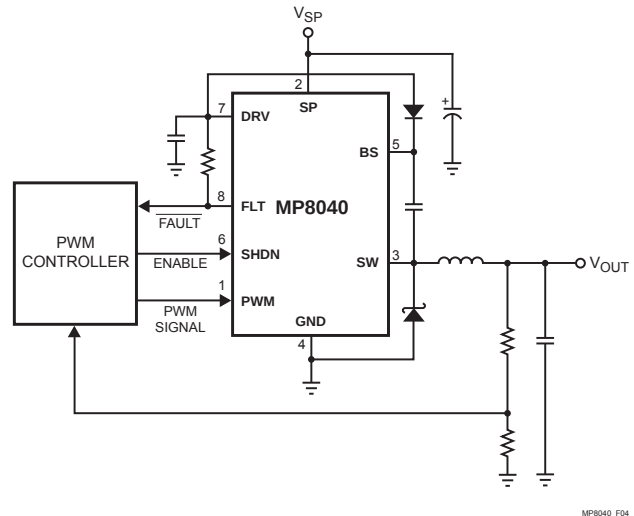


**Figure 2—Dead Time**

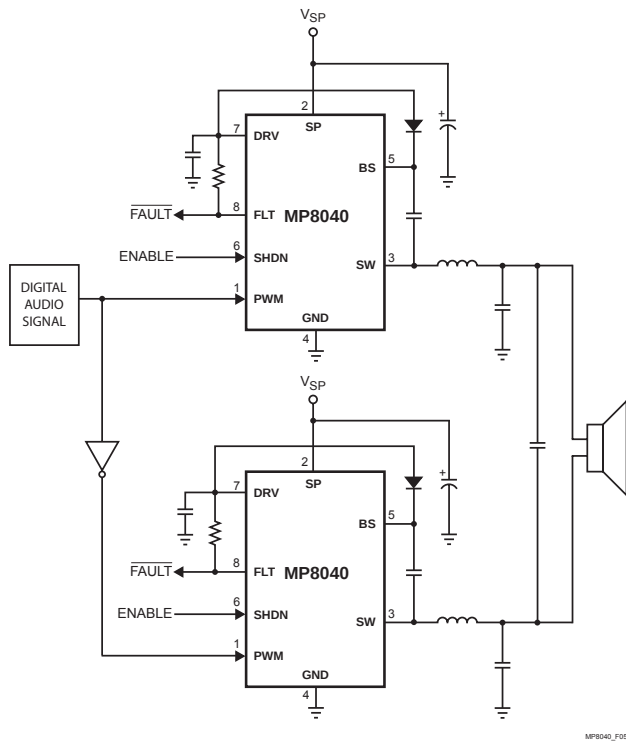
## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



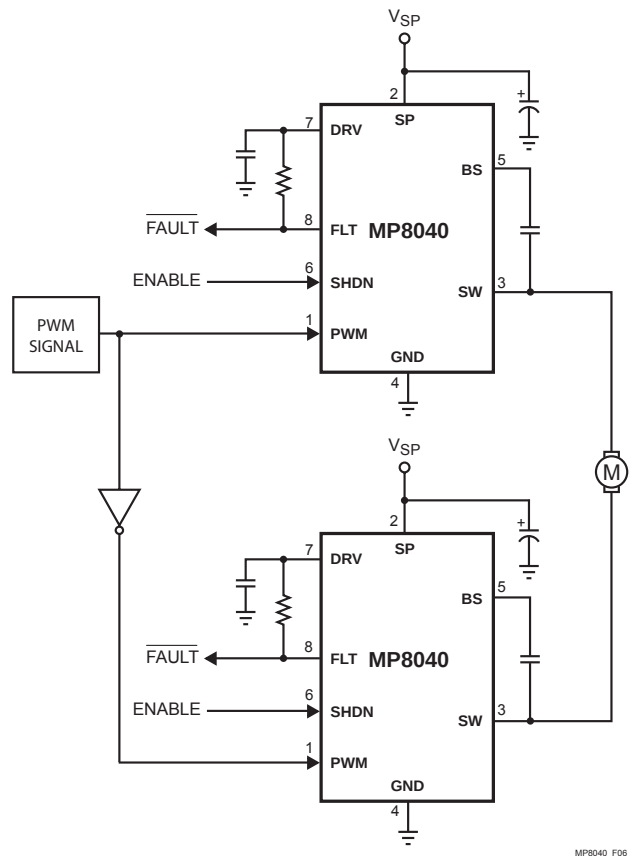
**Figure 3—Single Ended Audio Amplifier**



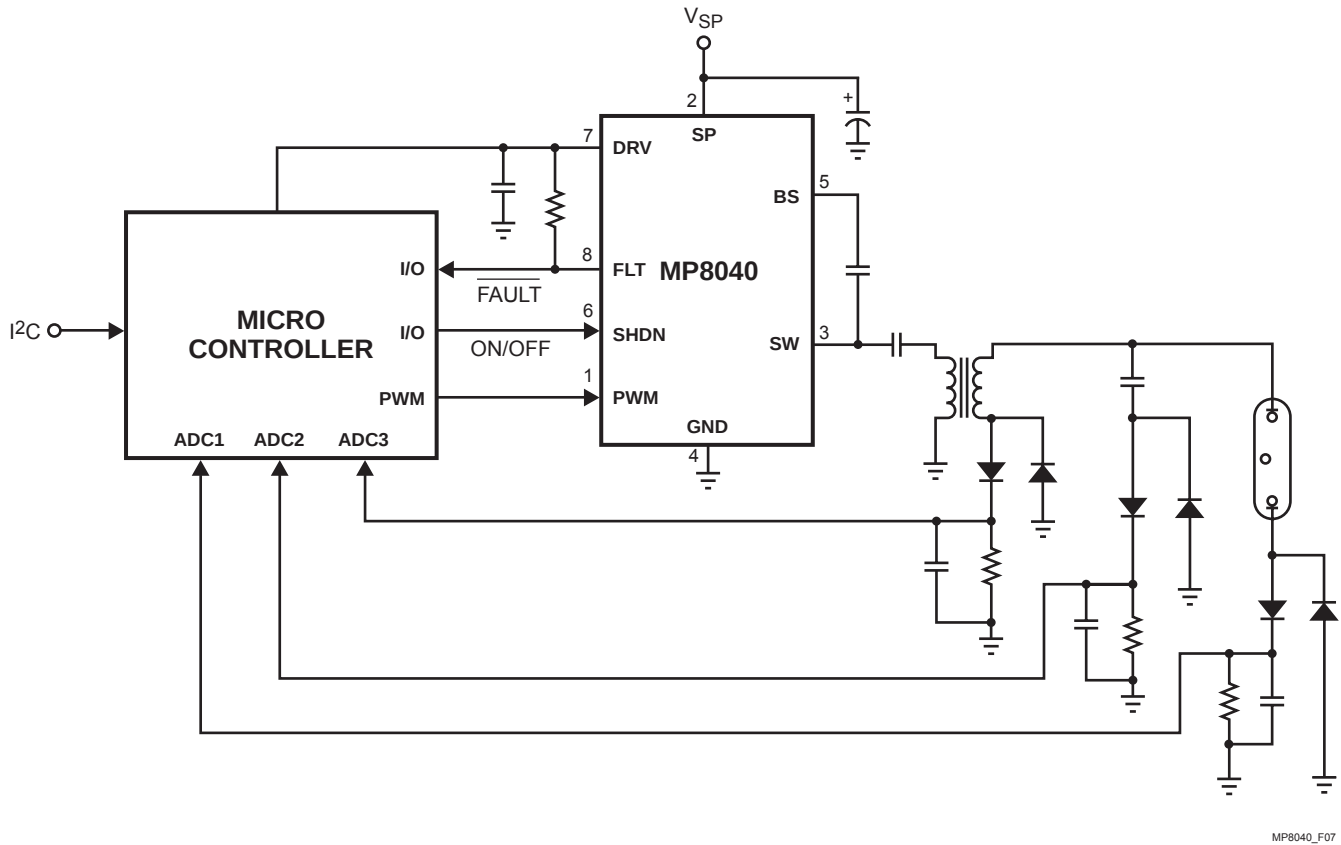
**Figure 4—General Purpose DC to DC Converter**



**Figure 5—80W Full Bridge Audio Amplifier**



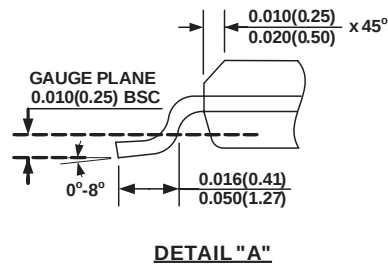
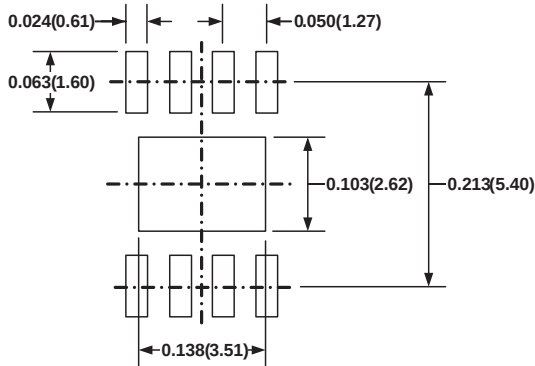
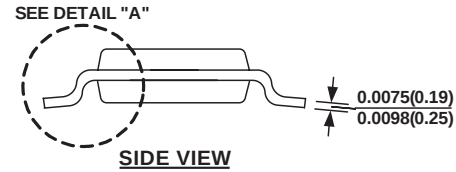
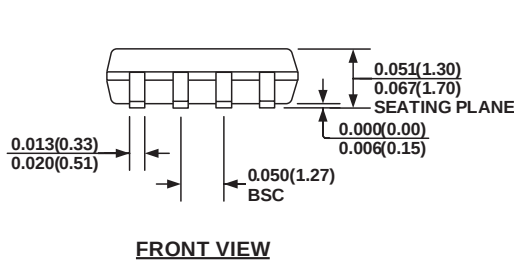
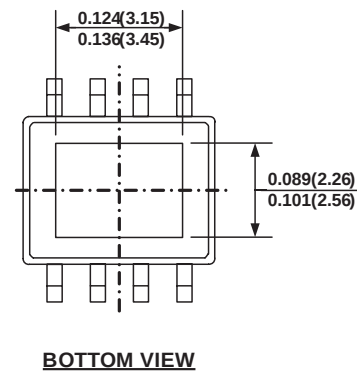
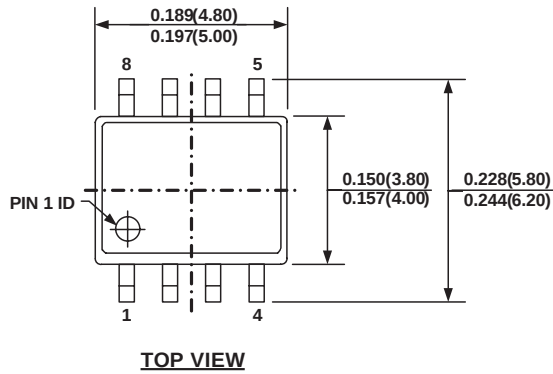
**Figure 6—Full Bridge Motor Driver**



**Figure 7—CCFL Driver Circuit**

# PACKAGE INFORMATION

## SOIC8N (EXPOSED PAD)



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