

## 10-Bit Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs

### Features

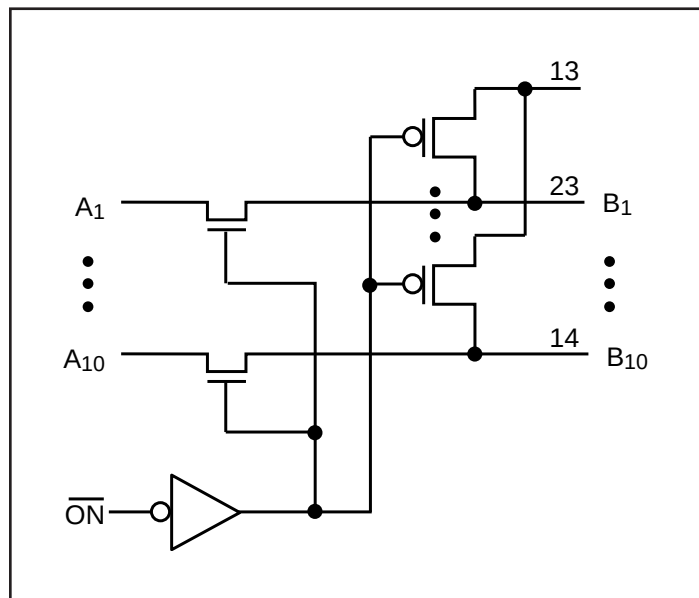
- Near-Zero propagation delay
- 5Ω switch connection between two ports
- Ultra low quiescent power (0.2μA typical)
- Ideally suited for Notebook Applications
- A port is hot swappable
- Packaging (Pb-free & Green available):
  - 24-pin 150-mil wide QSOP (Q)
  - 24-pin 173-mil wide TSSOP (L)

### Description

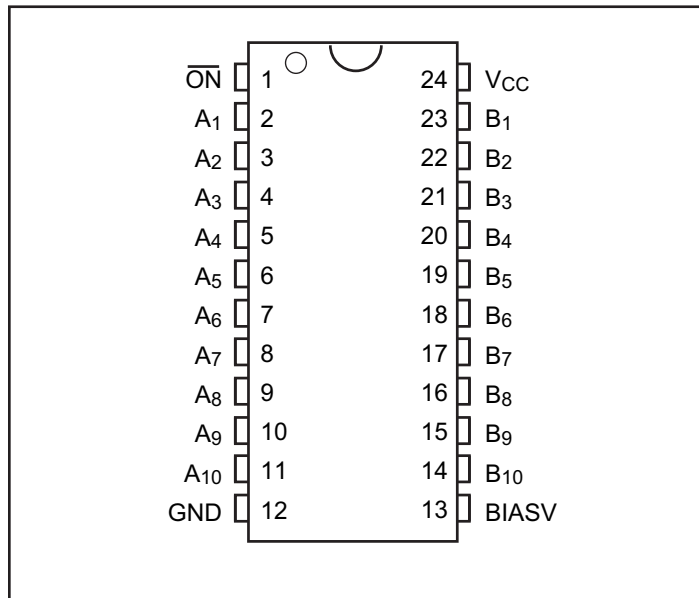
Pericom's Semiconductor's The PI5C6800C is a 10-bit bus switch with low On-State resistance. The bus switch creates no additional propagation delay.

The switch is turned on by a single enable ( $\overline{\text{ON}}$ ) input. When  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  is LOW, the switch is on and port A is connected to port B. When  $\overline{\text{ON}}$  is HIGH, the switch between port A and port B is open and the B port is precharged to BIASV through the equivalent of a 10k-ohm resistor.

### Block Diagram



### Pin Configuration



### Truth Table<sup>(1)</sup>

| Function  | $\overline{\text{ON}}$ | B <sub>1</sub> - B <sub>10</sub> |
|-----------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Connect   | L                      | A <sub>1</sub> - A <sub>10</sub> |
| Precharge | H                      | BIASV                            |

#### Note:

1. H = High Voltage Level, L = Low Voltage Level

## Absolute Maximum Ratings Over Free-Air Temperature Range<sup>(1)</sup>

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

|                                                   |                 |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Storage Temperature.....                          | –65°C to +150°C |
| Supply Voltage Range .....                        | –0.5V to +7V    |
| DC Input Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> .....             | –0.5V to +7V    |
| Input Clamp Current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ ) ..... | –50mA           |
| DC Output Current .....                           | 120mA           |
| Power Dissipation <sup>(3)</sup> .....            | 0.5W            |

### Notes:

1. Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
2. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
3. The maximum package power dissipation is calculated using a junction temperature of 150°C and a board trace length of 750 mils.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameters | Description                | Min. | Typ.     | Units |
|------------|----------------------------|------|----------|-------|
| $V_{CC}$   | Supply Voltage             | 2.3  | 5.5      | V     |
| BIASV      | Supply Voltage             | 1.3  | $V_{CC}$ |       |
| $V_{IH}$   | High-level input voltage   | 2    |          |       |
| $V_{IL}$   | Low-level input voltage    |      | 0.8      |       |
| $T_A$      | Operating free-air voltage | –40  | 85       | °C    |

## Electrical Characteristics (Over Recommended Operating Free-air Temperature Range)

| Parameters            | Test Condition                                               |                             | Min.  | Typ. <sup>(3)</sup> | Max. | Units |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|---------------------|------|-------|
| $V_{IK}$              | $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ , $I_I = -18mA$                              |                             |       |                     | –1.8 | V     |
| $I_I$                 | $V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $V_I = 5.5V$ or GND                        |                             |       |                     | ±5   | μA    |
| $I_O$                 | $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ , BIASV = 2.4V, $V_O = 0$                    |                             | –0.20 |                     |      | mA    |
| $I_{CC}$              | $V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $I_O = 0$ , $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND          |                             |       |                     | 100  | μA    |
| $\Delta I_{CC}^{(2)}$ | $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ , One input at 2.7V Other at $V_{CC}$ or GND |                             |       |                     | 2.5  | mA    |
| $C_{IN}$              | $V_I = 3V$ or 0                                              |                             |       | 3.5                 |      | pF    |
| $C_{OFF}$             | $V_O = 3V$ or 0, Switch Off                                  |                             |       | 4.5                 |      |       |
| $R_{ON}^{(1)}$        | $V_{CC} = 4V$                                                | $V_I = 2.4V$ , $I_I = 15mA$ |       | 9                   | 28   | Ω     |
|                       | $V_{CC} = 4.5V$                                              | $V_I = 0V$ , $I_I = 64mA$   |       | 5.5                 | 8    |       |
|                       |                                                              | $V_I = 0V$ , $I_I = 30mA$   |       | 5                   | 8    |       |
|                       |                                                              | $V_I = 2.4V$ , $I_I = 15mA$ |       | 9                   | 16   |       |

### Notes:

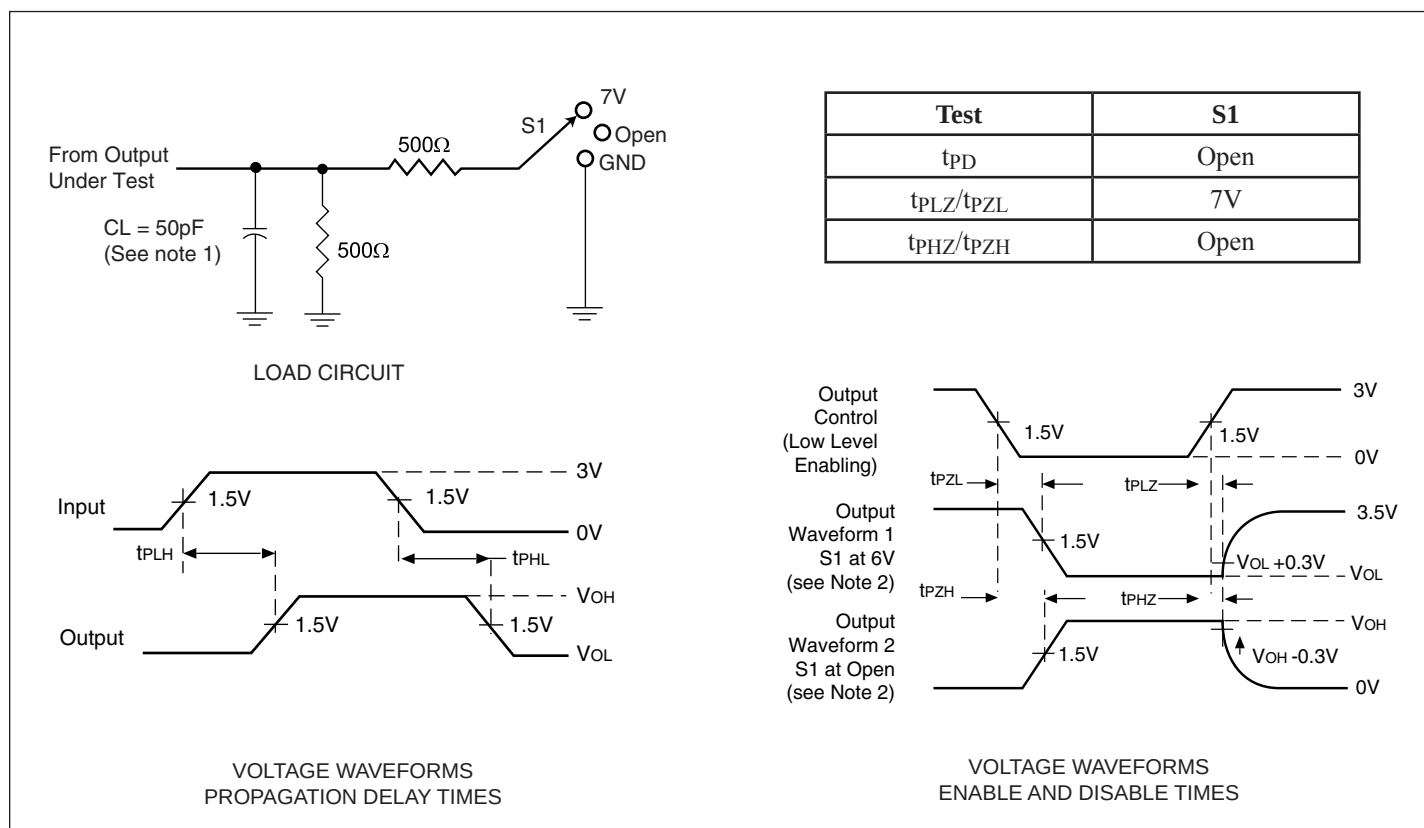
1. Measured by the voltage drop between the A and B terminals at the indicated current through the switch. On-State resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages of the two (A or B) terminals.
2. This is the increase in supply current for control input.
3. All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $T_A = 25°C$ .

**Switching Characteristics** (Over Recommended Operating Free-air Temperature Range,  $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ )

| Parameter      | Test Conditions | From (Input) | To (Input) | $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 0.5V$ |      | $V_{CC} = 4V$ |      | Units |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|------------------------|------|---------------|------|-------|
|                |                 |              |            | Min.                   | Max. | Min.          | Max. |       |
| $t_{PD}^{(1)}$ |                 | A or B       | B or A     |                        | 0.25 |               | 0.25 | ns    |
| $t_{PZH}$      | BIASV = GND     | ON           | A or B     | 3.1                    | 5    |               | 6    |       |
| $t_{PZL}$      | BIASV = 3V      |              |            | 3.6                    | 5    |               | 6    |       |
| $t_{PHZ}$      | BIAS = GND      | ON           | A or B     | 2.7                    | 5    |               | 5.5  |       |
| $t_{PLZ}$      | BIAS = 3V       |              |            | 3                      | 5    |               | 5.5  |       |

**Notes:**

- This parameter is warranted but not production tested. The propagation delay is based on the RC time constant of the typical On-State resistance of the switch and a load capacitance of 50pF, when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

**Parameter Measurements**

**Notes:**

- $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is LOW except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is HIGH except when disabled by the output control.
- All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR < 10\text{MHz}$ ,  $Z_o = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2.5\text{ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5\text{ns}$ .
  - The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

## Applications Information

### Logic Inputs

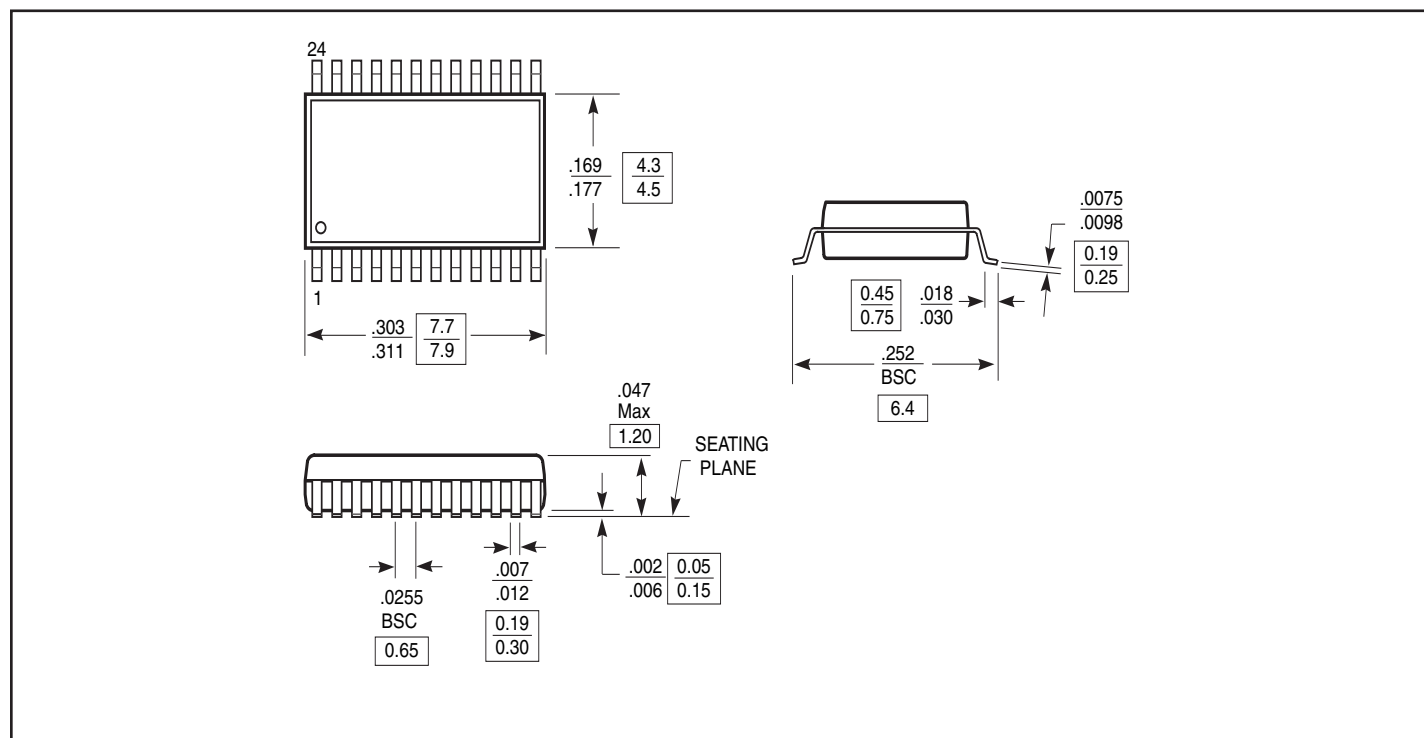
The logic control inputs can be driven up to +5.5V regardless of the supply voltage. For example, given a +5.0V supply, the control input(s) may be driven low to 0V and high to 5.5V. Driving the control input(s) Rail-to-Rail® minimizes power consumption.

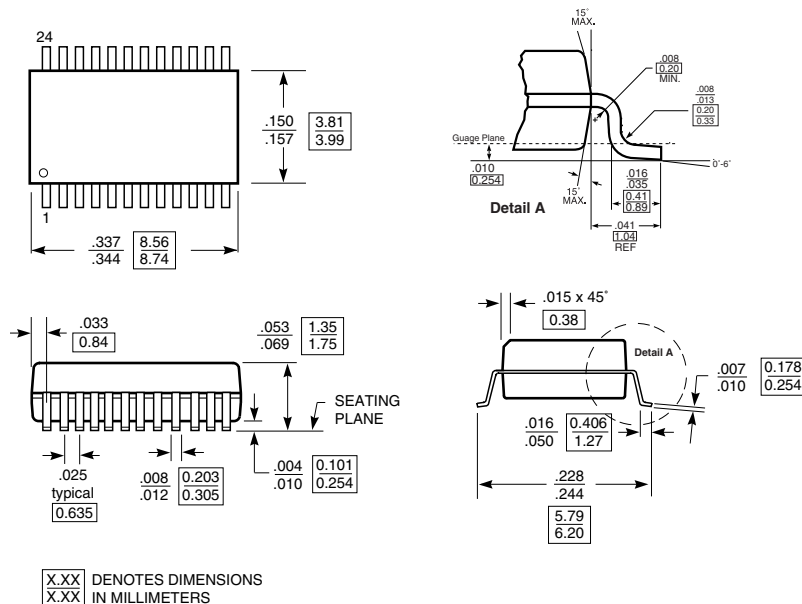
### Power-Supply Sequencing

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Always apply  $V_{CC}$  before applying  $V_{BIAS}$  and signals to the input/output or control pins.

*Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.*

## Packaging Mechanical: 24-pin TSSOP (L)



**Packaging Mechanical: 24-pin QSOP (Q)**

**Ordering Information**

| Ordering Code | Package Code | Package Description                   |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| PI5C6800CL    | L            | 24-Pin 173-mil TSSOP                  |
| PI5C6800CLE   | L            | Pb-free & Green, 24-Pin 173-mil TSSOP |
| PI5C6800CQ    | Q            | 24-Pin 150-mil QSOP                   |
| PI5C6800CQE   | Q            | Pb-free & Green, 24-Pin 150-mil QSOP  |

**Notes:**

- Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at [www.pericom.com/packaging/](http://www.pericom.com/packaging/)
- E = Pb-free & Green
- Adding an X suffix = Tape/Reel